

Vermillion School District Policy Manual

2023-24 Edition

Vermillion School District
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1001 GENERAL POLICY STATEMENT

The organization, management, and control of this school district is vested in its Board of Education ("board"). To guide the board and school district operations, and to assist it and its designees in carrying out duties, the board will establish, maintain, and amend a set of policies.

Written board policies serve the following purposes:

- A. Formally articulating the board's goals and long-term objectives.
- B. Providing district administrators and staff with guidance in making decisions that affect students, employees, and patrons of the district.
- C. Informing the public of the manner that the board and district will conduct its business and its relationships with staff, pupils, parents, and patrons.

To avoid unnecessary rigidity, these policies are stated in general terms. With the exception of statutory requirements or instances when the specific application of a policy is essential to the long-term welfare of the district, these policies are intended to provide administrators with the flexibility to apply them to a wide range of situations.

The policies are not the only guidelines for district operations. Specific regulations, procedures, and practices also help guide and govern actions and decisions. They must be consistent with policies but serve a different purpose.

Exceptional Circumstances

The board cannot foresee every situation that may arise, and circumstances will occur when these policies provide inadequate guidance. In such circumstances, the superintendent should use his or her best judgment, and communicate with the board about the situation as soon as is practicable.

Validity of Policies

Each policy and its provision should be interpreted so that it is valid under applicable law. If a court determines that a provision of a policy is invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of that policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

1002
CREATION, AMENDMENT, AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOARD OF
EDUCATION POLICIES

Each of these policies shall become the official policy of the school district when the board has approved it by majority vote of the members present at any lawfully convened meeting of the board.

It shall generally be the practice of the board to adopt or amend any policy after a single reading at any regular or special board meeting. However, any board member may request a second reading of any policy, upon which the board will honor such request and place that policy on a future agenda for a second reading.

Each policy shall bear the date when it was adopted, revised, or reviewed.

The superintendent shall distribute copies of these policies to all members of the board, maintain a master copy in the central office, and see to it that the policies are maintained on the school district's website.

The board may update or add policies as needed. The board shall determine the number of copies of policies to be made and their distribution. The superintendent shall maintain an up-to-date master copy of the policies in the main administrative office. Unless otherwise directed by the board, the master copy shall be considered the official district policy manual.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: September. 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

1003
MISSION AND VISION STATEMENT

Mission Statement: Together we connect, inspire, and achieve.

Vision Statement: The Vermillion School District will build relationships that empower students to learn and optimize their potential.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

2001 ROLE OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

The Board of Education (board) is charged by the Legislature with the duty of providing public elementary and secondary education to the citizens of the district. The Legislature has also created the State Board of Education and the State Department of Education and has delegated certain regulatory and advisory functions to them. The board is responsible to these agencies as specified by law.

The board's primary duties are: (1) to establish a mission, goals, and policies; (2) to establish and maintain school facilities; (3) to select a superintendent; (4) to adopt a fiscally responsible budget; and (5) to evaluate programs.

Establishment of Mission, Goals, and Policies

The board shall concern itself with broad questions of mission, goals, and policy, rather than administrative details. The application of policies is an administrative task to be performed by the superintendent of schools and administrative staff, who shall be held responsible for the effective administration and supervision of the entire school district.

Establishment and Maintenance of School Facilities and Other Resources

The board is the legal agency through which the community works to provide the physical facilities, curriculum, instructional supplies, and staff to enable the district's mission and objectives to be carried out. The board will establish and maintain school facilities necessary to educate the students of the district.

Selection of the Superintendent of Schools

The board will employ a superintendent of schools as the chief executive to whom it will delegate the administration of the school program. As the chief administrator for the board, the superintendent will implement board policies and supervise the day-to-day operation of the school system. The superintendent will keep the board informed of the implementation of the plans and policies and will recommend changes to policies as necessary. The superintendent will furnish educational leadership to the board, the school staff, and the community.

Fiscally Responsible Budget

The board will annually adopt a fiscally responsible budget that will permit the district to accomplish its goals and objectives. The management of the financial program and the development of the proposed budget for the district is delegated to the superintendent.

The board will work for adequate and dependable financial support of the public schools, promotion of effective and efficient organization, and administration of the district.

Evaluation of Program

The board will evaluate, or cause to be evaluated, the progress and results of the educational program on a continuous basis. In making these evaluations, the board will seek and give appropriate weight to the superintendent's analysis and recommendations.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2002 ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD, BOARD OFFICERS, CHECK SIGNING, AND COMMITTEES

Membership, Term, and Election

A person may become a member of the school board if:

- A. is at least 18 years of age;
- B. the person is a United States citizen;
- C. complies with state and federal law regarding the election of public officials.

A person may not be elected to the school board if they are an elected office holder whose duties are incompatible or inconsistent with the duties of a school board member. Such offices include state legislator, county commissioner, or the State Education Board.

The Board of Education shall be comprised of five members who will be elected at large. Those who wish to serve on the board shall file, be elected, and serve terms of office on the board according to law.

Board Organization and Officers

The board will meet annually on the second Monday of July to elect a president and a vice president to serve in their respective capacities for one year. At this meeting, the board may also:

- A. designate an official depository;
- B. designate custodians for all accounts;
- C. designate a legal newspaper for publication of all official notices.

Signing and Authorizing Checks, Warrants, and other Instruments

The president shall sign checks, warrants, and other instruments of the district. The board may delegate another person to sign and validate any checks, warrants, and other instruments.

Board Officer Voting and Tie Breakers

The vote to elect board officers may be taken by secret ballot, but the total number of votes for each candidate shall be recorded in the minutes.

In the event any officer cannot be elected by a majority after 10 votes; no votes occur after ten motions fail for lack of a "second,"; or no member volunteers to serve as an officer for a particular position, the tie will be broken by the applicable method:

- A. If the board is split between more than two members who wish to serve as the officer, any member wanting to serve as the officer will put his or her name into a drawing. The name drawn out will be the officer for the upcoming year unless the position changes by action of the board.

- B. If no member is willing to serve as an officer, all non-officers' names will be put into a drawing. The name drawn out will be the officer for the upcoming year unless the position changes by action of the board.

Committees

The board president may authorize such special committees as he or she deems necessary. The board president shall appoint members to the committee, and designate its function, tasks it is to perform, and a completion date for its work.

Vacancies

Vacancies shall be filled in the manner set forth by law. A vacancy on the Board of Education shall exist when a board member:

- A. Dies;
- B. Is removed from the board;
- C. Fails to qualify as a board member as provided by law;
- D. Ceases to be a resident of the school district or representation area where elected;
- E. Is convicted of an infamous crime or of any offense involving a violation of the member's official oath;
- F. Has a judgment obtained against the member for breach of the member's official bond;
- G. Is incapacitated and is unable to attend to the duties of the position;
- H. Assumes the duties of an office incompatible with the duties of a school board member;
- I. Submits a formal resignation from position on the board.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2003

DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION OF BOARD MEMBERS

New Board Member Orientation

All new board members are strongly encouraged to attend new board member training and workshops. Sitting board members and the superintendent will assist each new member-elect to understand the board's functions, policies, and procedures before he or she takes office.

Ongoing Development and Education

Board members provide the most effective service to the district when they are continuously updated on educational and legal issues. Attendance at meetings directly or indirectly related to education or school matters is encouraged for the value they have to the school system and the professional growth of board members.

Board members are encouraged to engage in continuing education such as:

- A. Participation in local, regional, and state conferences and workshops such as meetings of the Association of South Dakota School Boards.
- B. Participation in legislative sessions and related activities.
- C. Participation in national conventions such as the National School Boards Association and/or the American Association of School Administrators on a rotating basis among the members.
- D. Examination of other school facilities and their programs.

The superintendent shall notify board members of all relevant conferences and workshops, other local and regional meetings, and/or in-service activities.

The school district will reimburse board members for the costs of attendance at continuing education and training.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2004
OATH OF OFFICE

Before taking office, all board members will take an oath of office as required by law. Newly elected members will take and subscribe to the oath at the annual meeting in July. Appointed members will take and subscribe to the oath at the meeting following their appointment. All oaths will be filed in the office of the business manager.

I, _____, do solemnly swear to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of South Dakota; I swear to faithfully and impartially perform my duties as a member of the School Board of Vermillion School District #13-1, residing in Clay and Union counties in South Dakota to the best of my ability, and in accordance with the laws now in effect and hereafter to be enacted, during my continuance in said office until my successor is elected and qualified.

Board members may affirm the oath orally or in writing. Copies of written oaths will be retained as official records of the school district in the main administrative office and such other places as may be required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

2006 COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

Good communication helps to resolve many misunderstandings and disagreements. This complaint procedure applies to board members, patrons, students, and school staff, unless the staff member is subject to a different grievance procedure pursuant to policy or contract. Individuals who have a complaint should discuss their concerns with appropriate school personnel in an effort to resolve problems. When such efforts do not resolve matters satisfactorily, including matters involving discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, marital status, disability, or age, a complainant should follow the procedures set forth below. Students and employees who believe they have been subjected to sex harassment in violation of Title IX should refer to the board's policy titled "Title IX."

A preponderance of the evidence will be required to discipline a party accused of misconduct. This means that the investigator must conclude that it is more likely than not that misconduct occurred.

Complaint and Appeal Process

- A. The first step is for the complainant to speak directly to the person(s) with whom the complainant has a concern. For example, a parent who is unhappy with a classroom teacher should initially discuss the matter with the teacher. However, the complainant should skip the first step if complainant believes speaking directly to the person would subject complainant to discrimination or harassment.
- B. The second step is for the complainant to speak to the building principal, Title IX/504 coordinator, superintendent of schools, or president of the Board of Education, as set forth below.
 1. Complaints about the operation, decisions, or personnel within a building should be submitted to the principal of the building.
 2. Complaints about the operations of the school district or a building principal should be submitted in writing to the superintendent of schools.
 3. Complaints about the superintendent of schools should be submitted in writing to the president of the Board of Education.
 4. Complaints involving discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, marital status, disability, or age may also be submitted, at any time during the complaint procedure to the school district's Title IX/504 coordinator. Complaints involving discrimination or harassment may also be submitted at any time to the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education: by email at OCR.KansasCity@ed.gov; by telephone at (816) 268-0550; or by fax at (816) 268-0599.

- C. When a complainant submits a complaint to an administrator or to the Title IX/504 coordinator, the administrator or Title IX/504 coordinator shall promptly and thoroughly investigate the complaint, and shall:
 - 1. Determine whether the complainant has discussed the matter with the staff member involved.
 - a. If the complainant has not, the administrator or Title IX/504 coordinator will urge the complainant to discuss the matter directly with that staff member, if appropriate.
 - b. If the complainant refuses to discuss the matter with the staff member, the administrator or Title IX/504 coordinator shall, in his or her sole discretion, determine whether the complaint should be pursued further.
 - 2. Strongly encourage the complainant to submit his or her concerns to writing.
 - 3. Interview the complainant to determine:
 - a. All relevant details of the complaint;
 - b. All witnesses and documents which the complainant believes support the complaint;
 - c. The action or solution which the complainant seeks.
 - 4. Respond to the complainant. If the complaint involved discrimination or harassment, the response shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 180 calendar days after the administrator or Title IX/504 coordinator received the complaint.
- D. If either the complainant or the accused party is not satisfied with the administrator's or the Title IX/504 coordinator's decision regarding a complaint, he or she may appeal the decision to the superintendent.
 - 1. This appeal must be in writing.
 - 2. This appeal must be received by the superintendent no later than ten (10) calendar days from the date the administrator or Title IX/504 coordinator communicated his/her decision to the complainant.
 - 3. The superintendent will investigate as he or she deems appropriate. However, all matters involving discrimination or harassment shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.
 - 4. Upon completion of this investigation, the superintendent will inform the complainant in writing of his or her decision. If the complaint involved discrimination or harassment, the superintendent shall submit the decision within 180 calendar days after the superintendent receives the complainant's written appeal.
- E. If either the complainant or the accused party is not satisfied with the superintendent's decision regarding a complaint, he or she may appeal the decision to the board.
 - 1. This appeal must be in writing.

2. This appeal must be received by the board president no later than ten (10) calendar days from the date the superintendent communicated his/her decision to the complainant.
 3. This policy allows but does not require the board to receive statements from interested parties and witnesses relevant to the complaint appeal. However, all matters involving discrimination or harassment shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.
 4. The board will notify the complainant in writing of its decision. If the complaint involved discrimination or harassment, the board shall submit its decision within 180 calendar days after it receives the complainant's written appeal.
 5. There is no appeal from a decision of the board.
- F. When a formal complaint about the superintendent of schools has been filed with the president of the board, the president or his or her designee shall promptly and thoroughly investigate the complaint, and shall:
1. Determine whether the complainant has discussed the matter with the superintendent.
 - a. If the complainant has not, the board president or designee will urge the complainant to discuss the matter directly with the superintendent, if appropriate.
 - b. If the complainant refuses to discuss the matter with the superintendent, the board president shall, require the complainant to submit his or her concerns in writing.
 2. Determine, in his or her sole discretion, whether to place the matter on the board agenda for consideration at a regular or special meeting.
 3. Respond to the complainant. If the complaint involved discrimination or harassment, the response shall be in writing and shall be submitted within 180 calendar days after the president received the complaint.

No Retaliation

The school district prohibits retaliation against any person for filing a complaint or for participating in the complaint procedure in good faith.

Special Rules Regarding Educational Services and Related Services to Students with Disabilities

Students with disabilities and their families have specific rights outlined in state and federal law, including administrative processes by which they may challenge the educational services being provided by the school district. Therefore, the appeal process contained in this policy may not be used to challenge decisions made by a student's individualized education plan (IEP) team or 504 team.

Complaints about the educational services provided to a student with a disability, including but not limited to services provided to a student with an

IEP, access to curricular and extracurricular activities, and educational placement must be submitted to the school district's Director of Special Education. The Director of Special Education will address the complaint in a manner that he/she deems appropriate and will provide the complainant with a copy of the Notice of IDEA Parental Rights promulgated by the South Dakota Department of Education.

Complaints about the educational services provided to a student with a disability pursuant to a Section 504 plan must be submitted to the school district's 504 Coordinator. The 504 Coordinator will address the complaint in a manner that he/she deems appropriate and will provide the complainant with a copy of the Notice of Section 504 Parental Rights adopted by the Board of Education.

Complaints about the educational services provided to a student who is suspected of having a disability must be submitted in writing to the school district's Director of Special Education or to the district's 504 Coordinator. The Director of Special Education or 504 Coordinator will either refer the student for possible verification as a student with a disability or will provide prior written notice of the district's refusal to do so.

Bad Faith or Serial Filings

The purpose of the complaint procedure is to resolve complaints at the lowest level possible within the chain of command. Individuals who file complaints (a) without a good faith intention to attempt to resolve the issues raised; (b) for the purpose of adding administrative burden; (c) at a volume unreasonable to expect satisfactory resolution; or (d) for purposes inconsistent with the efficient operations of the district may be dismissed by the superintendent without providing final resolution other than noting the dismissal. There is no appeal from dismissals made pursuant to this section.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: October 10, 2023

Reviewed on: _____

2007
REIMBURSEMENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURES

Board members, employees, and volunteers of the school district are expected to maintain and enhance their effectiveness by being well-informed on issues affecting education. They are encouraged to attend education workshops, conferences, training programs, official functions, hearings, and meetings sponsored by the school district or state and national educational organizations which are helpful to them in performing their duties or which are in the best interests of the school district.

Reimbursement for Board Member Education

Upon approval by the board president, or the superintendent or designee when the board president is unavailable, such board members may attend authorized meetings without further action or approval by the board, and shall be paid or reimbursed for registration costs, tuition costs, fees or charges, travel expenses, and costs of meals and lodging as permitted by law.

Approval and Reimbursement of Employee Education

The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may authorize employees and volunteers to attend meetings described in the first paragraph and may authorize the payment of such registration costs, tuition costs, fees, charges, travel expenses, costs of meals, and/or costs of lodging as he or she deems appropriate and as permitted by law.

Expenses for attendance at any of the above activities shall be paid by the school district as allowed by law. The board shall pay or reimburse attendees for expenses that are, necessarily, and reasonably incurred in attending educational seminars, conventions, and workshops; conferences; training programs; official school functions, hearings, or meetings, provided that such reimbursement is permitted by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: September 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

2008 MEETINGS

The formation of policy is public business and will be conducted openly in accordance with South Dakota law. A majority of the board constitutes a quorum to form such a policy.

Types of Meetings

The board shall hold its regular meetings on the second Monday of each month, with occasional scheduling exceptions for holidays. Special and emergency meetings may be called as provided by law. The board may schedule work sessions and retreats in order to provide board members and administrators with the opportunity to plan, research, and engage in discussion.

Notice

Public notice of the regular meeting will be given by posting the proposed agenda in the business office and on the school website at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to any meeting. The agenda for the meeting shall also be posted with the notice for the same period.

Notice of Special Meetings

Special meetings may be held by:

- A. upon call of the president;
- B. in the president's absence by the vice-president, or
- C. a majority of the board members.

Notice of a special meeting shall be given by the business manager to the board members either orally or in writing in sufficient time to permit their presence. Any local news media who have requested notice will be notified of the date, time, and place of a meeting in person, by mail or telephone prior to the meeting.

Remote Meetings

Any meeting of the board may be held remotely in accordance with South Dakota law. For any remote meeting, a board member's presence is determined whether he or she answers "present" to the roll call. Voting may occur by voice vote unless any member votes no, in which the vote must occur by roll call. The board will provide at least one place where the public can listen and participate in remote meetings. If less than a quorum of the board is physically present at a meeting, the board will arrange for the public to listen to the meeting via phone or internet.

Minutes

The board shall keep minutes of all meetings showing the time, place, members present and absent, and the substance of all matters discussed.

The record shall state how each member voted on a vote by roll call, or if the member was absent or not voting.

The minutes of all meetings and evidence and documentation received or disclosed in open session shall be public records. The minutes must be made available to the public within ten business days of the meeting unless the board makes available either a video or audio recording of the meeting within five days of the meeting. The minutes will be published within 20 days of the meeting and will be approved by the board within 45 days, with any changes noted in the minutes for the meeting being held.

The published minutes will include, at either the top or the bottom and in the same type size as the rest of the notice:

- A. the approximate cost of the publication; and
- B. that the notice may be viewed free of charge on a statewide public notice website.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2009
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AT BOARD MEETINGS

The Board of Education shall conduct its meetings in accordance with state law.

The board shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the public's right to hear the discussions and testimony presented at its meetings.

The board shall permit public comment at meetings as required by law, subject to lawful limitations at the discretion of the board. The board may make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations regarding the conduct of persons attending, speaking at, videotaping, photographing, or recording its meetings.

The board may, at its discretion, enter into executive session in accordance with state law. The public will not be able to view or participate in the meeting while the board is in executive session, and will be required to leave the meeting during the pendency of executive session. The board may enter into executive session in accordance with state law for the following reasons:

- A. Discussing personnel issues, including but not limited to hiring or discipline;
- B. Discussing student discipline or placement;
- C. Consulting with legal counsel or reviewing communications from legal counsel;
- D. Preparing for negotiations with collective bargaining associations;
- E. Discussing marketing or pricing strategies by a board or commission of a business owned by the state or any of its political subdivisions, when public discussion may be harmful to the competitive position of the business; or
- F. Discussing school safety information as described in 1-27-1.5(8) and 1-27-1.5(17).

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: November 13, 2023

Reviewed on: _____

2010
PREPARATION FOR BOARD MEETINGS

The superintendent will create the agenda and board packet in consultation with the board president. The materials will be sent or delivered to each board member in advance of the meeting. Members of the public have no entitlement to place an item on the board's agenda but may address the board during the next meeting at which the board receives public comment.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

2011
MEMBERSHIP IN ORGANIZATIONS

The board may hold membership in organizations approved by the board.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

2012 BOARD CODE OF ETHICS

The board recognizes that collectively and individually, all members of the board must adhere to an accepted code of ethics in order to improve public education. Board members must conduct themselves professionally and, in a manner, fitting of their position.

Each board member shall:

- A. Attend all regularly scheduled board meetings insofar as possible, and become informed concerning the issues to be considered at those meetings;
- B. Endeavor to make policy decisions only after full discussion at publicly held board meetings;
- C. Render all decisions based on the available facts and his or her independent judgment, and refuse to surrender that judgment to individuals or special interest groups;
- D. Encourage the free expression of opinion by all board members, and seek systematic communication between the board and students, staff and all elements of the community;
- E. Work with other board members to establish effective board policies and to delegate authority to the superintendent to administer the school district;
- F. Communicate expressions of public reaction to the board policies and school program to other board members and the superintendent;
- G. Learn about current educational issues by individual study and through participation in seminars and programs, such as those sponsored by the State and National School Board Associations;
- H. Support the employment of those persons best qualified to serve as school staff, and insist on a regular and impartial evaluation of all staff;
- I. Avoid being placed in a position of conflict of interest, and refrain from using the board member's position on the board for personal or political gain;
- J. Refrain from discussing the confidential business of the board in any setting except a board meeting;
- K. Refrain from micro-managing the affairs of the school district;
- L. Recognize the superintendent as the executive officer of the board;
- M. Work constructively and collegially with the other members of the board, students, staff and patrons;
- N. Refer complaints to the superintendent or building principal, as appropriate;
- O. Always be mindful of his/her fiduciary obligation to the school district, including duties of loyalty and care, by placing the interests of the district above the board member's personal interests.

- P. Remember that a board member's first and greatest concern must be the educational welfare of the students attending this district's schools.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

2013 VIOLATION OF BOARD ETHICS

The Board of Education is responsible for enforcing the code of ethics of its members. If any member of the board commits a serious or repeated violation of the code, the board may take any of the following steps:

- A. The board president may confer with the board member who has violated the code of ethics in order to:
 - 1. Identify the provision of the code that the member has violated;
 - 2. Propose how the member can remedy the violation;
 - 3. If the board member who violated the code is the board president, the vice president is empowered to confer with the president about the violation.
- B. The board may discuss the violation as an agenda item at a meeting to confront the offending board member. However, the board will not enter closed session to hold the discussion of the ethics violation unless state law permits a closed session.
- C. The board may vote to publicly censure any board member who commits a serious or repeated violation of the code. The board will pass a censure motion to inform the community that an individual member of the board is not fulfilling the responsibilities for which he or she was elected.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2014
RELATIONSHIP WITH DISTRICT LEGAL COUNSEL

The board will engage legal counsel to assist it and the administration in dealing with legal issues. When the district faces circumstances in which legal counsel may be needed between board meetings, the board president or superintendent may engage legal counsel on the board's behalf.

The superintendent and the board president shall have the authority to contact the school's legal counsel on behalf of the district. The superintendent may give other members of the administration permission to contact the district's legal counsel on an as-needed basis. Individual board members other than the president may not contact the district's legal counsel on behalf of the board without the approval of the board president or a majority of the board.

Any board member who contacts the district's legal counsel without board approval may be personally responsible for any legal fees incurred as a result of the unapproved contact.

The superintendent will, to the extent permitted by law, keep the board informed of matters in which the district's legal counsel is involved.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

2017 INDEMNIFICATION AND LIABILITY INSURANCE

In addition to circumstances where it is obligated to provide indemnity or procure insurance, the school board has broad authority to purchase insurance or otherwise indemnify school board members, officers, employees, or agents of the school district. The school board will purchase liability insurance and provide indemnification at its discretion and review its current coverage and indemnification obligations when it deems appropriate.

In the event the school district's current insurance, indemnification agreements, contract obligations, or other promises to indemnify do not cover a situation which the school board can agree to cover, the school board may authorize indemnification. The school board may elect to indemnify any board member, officer, agent, or employee if he or she is a party or is threatened to be made a party in any pending or completed suit, proceeding, or any other action, whether criminal, civil, administrative, or investigative, if the individual is involved because of current or past service on the board, employment, or agency relationship with the school district. However, the indemnification and defense will only be considered if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in the best interests or not opposed to the best interests of the school district, including in a criminal proceeding if he or she had no reasonable cause to believe the conduct was unlawful.

In circumstances involving employees, the board delegates to the superintendent the authority to provide the indemnification to the extent the superintendent is authorized to procure legal services, as long as the indemnification is otherwise consistent with the authority granted under the law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3001 BUDGET

The Board of Education shall adopt a budget each year to support the school district's programs and services for the ensuing fiscal year. The superintendent of schools shall be responsible for developing the budget subject to the direction and decisions of the board. The budget document shall be under continuous development, based upon the requirements of the adopted educational program.

The superintendent, in conjunction with the business manager, shall prepare the proposed budget for the board to consider. The following apply to the budget process:

- A. The board must prepare a proposed budget according to the auditor general's standards before its regular meeting in May.
- B. The proposed budget and notice of budget hearing must be published in the designated newspaper before July 15.
- C. The budget hearing must occur before August 1.
- D. The board must approve the budget for the fiscal year of all funds except trust and agency funds before October 1.
- E. The board must publish in its meeting minutes any changes from the proposed budget within 30 days of the adoption of the final budget.

As the district's spending plan, the budget will be based on up-to-date revenue estimates, and will reflect the assessed needs and programs approved by the board.

Except for bids required under the section "Bid Letting and Contracts," the board's adoption of the budget shall authorize the purchases without further board action.

At each monthly board meeting, the business manager will provide a report on the current status of the major sections of the budget.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: November 13, 2023

Reviewed on: _____

3002 DEPOSITS

The Board of Education shall designate the depository or depositories for all school funds. All funds received by the district shall be deposited promptly in the proper account of each such depository. All funds shall be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or a surety bond approved by the board on securities of the United States government pledged by joint custody receipt.

Funds collected by district representatives shall be receipted, accounted for, and directed without delay to the proper depository. Funds exceeding \$10,000 shall not be left overnight in school buildings, except in safes provided for the safekeeping of valuables.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3003

BIDDING FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

Applicability of this policy

Construction and contracts undertaken with federal funds, whether those funds are derived directly from the federal government (e.g., award of a federal grant) or are derived bypass-through awards from the South Dakota Department of Education (e.g., special education funds, school lunch funds, Title I funds) are subject to the policy on construction with federal funds, which is found elsewhere in this section.

This policy applies to all other purchases and contracts made by the school district for public improvements.

When Formal Bidding is Required

The district will use the bidding process in this policy when the public improvement involves the expenditure of \$100,000 or more.

Advertising for Bids

The superintendent or designee will arrange to advertise the invitation for bids in the legal newspaper designated at the annual meeting. The advertisement must appear at least twice, and the district will accept submissions until at least ten days have passed since the first appearance. Nothing in this policy shall prevent the superintendent or designee from advertising in additional media outlets or for a longer period of time.

Bid Invitation

The invitation for bids must include:

- A. A description of the work to be performed, including objectively measurable criteria which will affect the bid price. The description may also include criteria to determine acceptability of the work such as inspection, testing, quality, workmanship, delivery, and suitability for a particular purpose.
- B. all contractual terms and conditions applicable to the procurement;
- C. deadline for bid withdrawals;
- D. when and where the bids will be opened;
- E. If the bid is for supplies, the invitation must also include the length of time between bid opening and the award of the bid (which will not exceed 45 days); and
- F. An assertion of the district's right to reject any or all bids.
 - 1. the approximate cost of the publication; and
 - 2. that the notice may be viewed free of charge on a statewide public notice website.

Bid Documents

The bid documents will identify:

- A. the time and place of the opening of the bids;
- B. the time between bid opening and when the bid will be awarded;
- C. where potential bidders may examine the plans and specifications.

Bid Modification

Bidders may withdraw or modify bids by letter, electronically, or in person prior to the time specified in the bid advertisement. Bids cannot be modified or withdrawn by telephone. The district will support any decision to allow bid modifications or withdrawals with a written determination explaining the decision which will be included in the bid file.

Bid Opening

The district will open bids publicly with at least one witness at the time and place stated in the bid advertisement. The district will record the name of each bidder and the amount of each bid. The district may waive technical irregularities in the low bid if the irregularities do not alter the price, quality, or quantity of the services.

Bid Award

The district will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder within 30 days of opening for construction projects and 45 days for supplies or services. The district will award the bid to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with state law and may give preference to a resident bidder in accordance with state and federal law. The district may reject any and all bids if none are satisfactory but will document the reasons for the rejection.

Negotiate with Lowest Bidder

If the lowest responsible bid exceeds the district's final estimated project cost, the district may negotiate with that lowest bidder for the construction of the project at the most advantageous price.

Bid Bond Requirements

Each bid must include a certified or cashier's check for five percent of the bid, made payable to the district. Alternatively, a bid may include a bid bond for ten percent of the bid amount issued by a surety authorized to do business in South Dakota. The district can waive this requirement if the bid does not exceed \$50,000. The district will return all checks and destroy all bonds of unsuccessful bidders after bid opening.

Performance Bond Required

After awarding a contract, the successful bidder will furnish a performance bond for not less than the amount of the contract price. The district can waive

this requirement if the improvement does not require the formal bidding process.

No Bids Received

If the district receives no firm bids, it may negotiate a contract at the most advantageous price. The district may negotiate such a contract with a construction manager pursuant to state law.

Emergency Procurement

The district may bypass the procedures in this policy if there is a threat to public health, welfare, or safety or for other urgent and compelling reasons. For every contract awarded under emergency conditions and for a period of five years, the district will maintain documentation of:

- A. the contractor's name;
- B. the amount of and type of contract; and
- C. a listing of service for each contract made under these conditions.

Local Preference

The district may, in accordance with South Dakota law, give preference to South Dakota bidders over nonresident bidders to the same extent resident bidders receive preferential treatment in the nonresident bidder's state of residence.

Change Orders

Changes to an existing contract do not need to use the formal bidding process if:

- A. The contract and proposed change both contain unit prices for the same type or class of work;
- B. The change is related to soils, utilities, or unknown conditions directly affecting the performance of the work not reasonably foreseeable at the time the contract was executed and the project cannot be completed without the change; or
- C. The total of the proposed change order plus the total of all other prior unbid change orders does not exceed the following (not including changes under the other subsections of this paragraph):
 - 1. For contracts not more than \$500,000, \$25,000 or 15% of the base contract; whichever is greater;
 - 2. For contracts exceeding \$500,000 but not more than \$2,500,000, \$75,000 or 10% of the base contract; whichever is greater; and
 - 3. For contracts exceeding \$2,500,000, the greater of \$250,000 or 5% of the base contract.

Final Payment Conditions

Before the district makes a final payment on a contract for a public improvement, it will require the contractor to provide a certificate from the South Dakota Department of Labor stating that all contributions and interest due to the Department in the performance of the contract have been paid.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3003.1

BIDDING FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS FINANCED WITH FEDERAL FUNDS

Applicability of the Policy

This policy applies only to construction and contracts undertaken with federal funds which are subject to the federal Uniform Grant Guidance (UGG) and other applicable federal law, including but not limited to the Education Department and General Administration Regulations (EDGAR) and the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) regulations governing school food service programs. In the event this policy conflicts or is otherwise inconsistent with mandatory provisions of the UGG, EDGAR or other applicable federal law, the mandatory provisions of the laws shall control. The district will also comply with the requirements of South Dakota public bidding law. In addition, all procurement and construction shall comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR part 200.317 through 200.326 and 34 CFR sections 75.601 through 75.615. In the event of a conflict between state and federal law, the more stringent requirement shall apply.

All projects undertaken pursuant to this policy will be subject to the following bond requirements:

- A. A bid guarantee from each bidder is equivalent to five percent of the bid price. The "bid guarantee" must consist of a firm commitment such as a bid bond, certified check, or other negotiable instrument accompanying a bid as assurance that the bidder will, upon acceptance of the bid, execute such contractual documents as may be required within the time specified.
- B. A performance bond on the part of the contractor for 100 percent of the contract price. A "performance bond" is one executed in connection with a contract to secure fulfillment of all the contractor's obligations under such contract.
- C. A payment bond on the part of the contractor for 100 percent of the contract price. A "payment bond" is one executed in connection with a contract to assure payment as required by law of all persons supplying labor and material in the execution of the work provided for in the contract.

Construction Projects with an Anticipated Cost of Under \$250,000

A. Methods of Bidding/Soliciting Quotations or Estimates

The type of procedures required depends on the anticipated cost of the project.

1. Construction with an Anticipated Cost of up to \$10,000 (Micro-Purchases)

- a. Micro-purchase means a purchase of supplies or services using simplified acquisition procedures, the annual aggregate amount of which does not exceed \$10,000. Micro-purchases may be made or awarded without soliciting competitive quotations, to the extent district staff determine that the cost of the purchase is reasonable. For purposes of this policy "reasonable" means the purchase is comparable to market prices for the geographic area.
 - b. To the extent practicable, the district distributes micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers. The district will follow its standard policy on purchasing.
2. Construction with an Anticipated Cost of between \$10,000 and \$250,000 (Small Purchase Procedures)
 - a. For construction projects subject to this policy, small purchases are purchases that, in the aggregate amount, are more than \$10,000 and less than \$250,000 annually. For small purchases, price or rate quotes shall be obtained in advance from a reasonable number of qualified sources as detailed in the district's standard policies on purchasing and on bid letting and contracts.
- B. Construction Projects with an estimated cost of between \$100,000 and \$249,999 will be made pursuant to the District's Policy on Bid Letting and Contracts.
 1. Pursuant to South Dakota law, construction projects which have an anticipated aggregate cost of \$100,000 or more are subject to state public bidding requirements. The board will follow its standard policy on bidding and contracts for construction projects financed with federal funds which have an anticipated aggregate cost of between \$100,000 and \$250,000.

Construction Projects with an Anticipated Cost Over \$250,000

A. Sealed Bids

All constructions projects subject to this policy with an anticipated cost of \$250,000 or more will be publicly solicited using the sealed bid method.

1. Bids must be solicited from an adequate number of known suppliers, providing them sufficient response time prior to the date set for opening the bids, for state, local, and tribal governments, the invitation for bids must be publicly advertised;
2. The invitation for bids, which will include any specifications and pertinent attachments, must define the items or services in order for the bidder to properly respond;
3. Sealed bids will be publicly opened in a place and at the specific time stated in the bid solicitation. Bidders shall be notified of the opening and invited to be present.

4. The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - a. Where specified in bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation cost, and life cycle costs must be considered in determining which bid is lowest.
 - b. Payment discounts will only be used to determine the low bid when prior experience indicates that such discounts are usually taken advantage of.
 - c. Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound documented reason.
 5. The board shall have discretion in determining which bidders are responsible and responsive and shall award the contract to the lowest, responsible, and responsive bidder whose bid meets the bid specifications. This means that the board will select the bid that offers the best value and award a contract based upon the amount of the bid and the bidder's ability and capacity to carry on the work, its equipment and facilities, honesty, integrity, skills, business judgment, experience, equipment, facilities, financial stability, past performance, and other relevant factors.
 6. The board will generally complete its review of bids and select a vendor within 30 days of bid submission.
- B. Advertising for Bids
1. The superintendent or designee will arrange to advertise for bids by publishing a notice in any newspaper of general circulation within the school district at least ten calendar days prior to the date on which bids are due. The advertisement must include the approximate cost of the publication and the notice may be viewed free of charge on a statewide public notice website.
 2. Nothing shall prevent the superintendent or designee from advertising in additional media outlets or for a longer period of time.
- C. Bid Documents
1. The bid documents shall identify the day upon which the bids shall be returned, received, or opened and shall identify the hour at which the bids will close or be received or opened.
 2. The bid documents shall also provide that such bids shall be opened simultaneously in the presence of the bidders or their representatives.
 3. Bids received after the date and time specified in the bid documents shall be returned to the bidder unopened.
 4. If bids are being opened on more than one contract, the board, in its discretion, may award each contract as the bids are opened.
 5. Sealed bids will be opened in a place and at the specific time stated in the bid solicitation. Bidders shall be notified of the opening and invited to be present.

6. Bids will be reviewed by the superintendent and/or designee and submitted to the board for approval.
 7. The board shall have discretion in determining which bidders are responsible and responsive and shall award the contract to the lowest, responsible, and responsive bidder whose bid meets the bid specifications. This means that the board will select the bid that offers the best value and award a contract based upon the amount of the bid and the bidder's ability and capacity to carry on the work, its equipment and facilities, honesty, integrity, skills, business judgment, experience, equipment, facilities, financial stability, past performance, and other relevant factors.
 8. The board will generally complete its review of bids and select a vendor within 30 days of bid submission.
- D. The terms of any construction project undertaken pursuant to this policy will be memorialized in a written contract which has been reviewed by the district's legal counsel and approved by the board.

Other Contract Matters

A. Required Terms

The non-federal entity's contracts must contain the applicable provisions required by section 200.326 and described in appendix II to part 200—contract provisions for non-federal entity contracts under federal awards. This includes a "Buy American" provision that provides that as appropriate and to the extent consistent with law, the district and contractor should, to the greatest extent practicable under a federal award, provide a preference for the purchase, acquisition, or use of goods, products, or materials produced in the United States (including but not limited to iron, aluminum, steel, cement, and other manufactured products). The requirements of the Buy American provision must be included in all subawards including all contracts and purchase orders for work or products under this award.

B. Contracting with Certain Vendors

Pursuant to the standards contained in 2 C.F.R. § 200.321, the district will take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible consistent with state law.

To the maximum extent practicable, the school food program shall purchase domestic commodities or products produced in the US or processed in the US substantially using agricultural commodities produced in the US.

C. Full and Open Competition

The district's procurement transactions will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with 2 C.F.R §200.319.

D. Debarment and Suspension

The district awards contracts only to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration will be given to such matters as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.

The district may not subcontract with or award subgrants to any person or company who is debarred or suspended. For all contracts over \$25,000 the district verifies that the vendor with whom the district intends to do business with is not excluded or disqualified. 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Appendix II (1) and 2 C.F.R. §§ 180.220 and 180.300.

The district will verify debarment or suspension by revising the excluded parties list on SAM.gov, collecting a certification through the bidding process, and/or by including a debarment and suspension provision in the bid and contract documents. The superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for such verification.

E. Settlements of Issues Arising Out of Contract

The district alone is responsible, in accordance with good administrative practice and sound business judgment, for the settlement of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of procurements. These issues include, but are not limited to, source evaluation, protests, disputes, and claims. These standards do not relieve the district of any contractual responsibilities under its contracts. Violations of law will be referred to the local, state, or federal authority having proper jurisdiction.

F. Record Keeping

1. Record Retention

- a. The district maintains all records that fully show (1) the amount of funds under the grant or subgrant; (2) how the subgrantee uses those funds; (3) the total cost of each project; (4) the share of the total cost of each project provided from other sources; (5) other records to facilitate an effective audit; and (6) other records to show compliance with federal program requirements. 34 C.F.R. §§ 76.730-.731 and §§ 75.730-.731. The district also maintains records of significant project experiences and results. 34 C.F.R. § 75.732. These records and accounts must be retained and made available for programmatic or financial audit.
- b. The U.S. Department of Education is authorized to recover any federal funds misspent within 5 years before the receipt of a program determination letter. 34 C.F.R. § 81.31(c). South Dakota law requires retention of successful bids for five years past the expiration of the contract's term. However, if any litigation, claim, or audit is started before the expiration of the record retention period, the records will be retained until all litigation,

- claims, or audit findings involving the records have been resolved and final action taken. 2 C.F.R. § 200.333.
- c. Records will be destroyed in compliance with the state law and the South Dakota Local School Records Retention and Destruction Schedule.
2. Maintenance of Construction Records for Projects Financed with Federal Funds
 - a. The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of all construction projects financed with federal funds. These records will include but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of construction, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, the basis for the contract price (including a cost or price analysis), and verification that the contractor is not suspended or debarred.
 - b. Retention of construction records shall be in accordance with applicable law and board policy.

Conflict of Interest and Code of Conduct

- A. Board and staff member conflicts of interest are governed by the district's conflict of interest policies.
- B. Contracts covered by this policy are subject to the following additional provisions:
 1. Employees, officers, and agents engaged in the selection, award, and/or administration of district contracts which are prohibited from engaging in such actions if a real or apparent conflict of interest is present.
 2. Such a conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization which employs or is about to employ any of the parties indicated herein, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract.
 3. The board may determine at its discretion that a financial interest is not substantial enough to give rise to a conflict of interest.
- C. Favors and Gifts

The officers, employees, and agents of the district may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts, except that this provision does not prohibit the receipt of unsolicited items of nominal value. For purposes of this policy, "nominal value" means a fair market value of \$25 or less.
- D. Enforcement

Disciplinary Actions including, but not limited to, counseling, oral reprimand, written reprimand, suspensions without pay, or termination

of employment, will be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the district.

Financial Management

A. Identification

The district will identify, in its accounts, all federal awards received and expended and the federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, federal award identification number and year, name of the federal agency, and, if applicable, name of the pass-through entity.

B. Financial Reporting

The district will make an accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each federal award or program in accordance with the financial reporting requirements set forth in the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR).

C. Accounting Records

The district maintains records which adequately identify the source and application of funds provided for federally assisted activities. These records must contain information pertaining to grant or subgrant awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, expenditures, income, and interest and be supported by source documentation.

D. Internal Controls

The superintendent or his/her designee must maintain effective control and accountability for all funds, real and personal property, and other assets through board review and approval of claims, an annual audit of the district's finances pursuant to the applicable federal rules and regulations, and comparison of expenditures and outlays to budgeted amounts. The district adequately safeguards all such property and assures that it is used solely for authorized purposes.

E. Budget Control

Actual expenditures or outlays will be compared with budgeted amounts for each federal award at least annually and more often as required by law or deemed prudent by the board or administrative staff.

F. Payment Methods

The district will comply with applicable methods and procedures for payment that minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and disbursement by the district, in accordance with the Cash Management Improvement Act at 31 CFR Part 205. Generally, the district receives payment from the South Dakota Department of Education on a reimbursement basis. 2 CFR § 200.305. However, if the district receives an advance in federal grant funds, the district will remit

interest earned on the advanced payment quarterly to the federal agency. The district may retain interest amounts up to \$500 per year for administrative expenses. 2 CFR § 200.305(b)(9).

Consistent with state and federal requirements, the district will maintain source documentation supporting the federal expenditures (invoices, time sheets, payroll stubs, etc.) and will make such documentation available for the South Dakota Department of Education to review upon request.

G. Allowability of Costs

Expenditures must be aligned with approved budgeted items. Any changes or variations from the state-approved budget and grant application need prior approval.

When determining how the district will spend its grant funds, the superintendent or his/her designee will review the proposed cost to determine whether it is an allowable use of federal grant funds before obligating and spending those funds on the proposed good or service. All costs supported by federal education funds must meet the standards outlined in EDGAR, 2 CFR Part 3474 and 2 CFR Part. The superintendent or his/her designee must consider these factors when making an allowability determination.

The superintendent or his/her designee will consider Part 200's cost guidelines when federal grant funds are expended. The superintendent or his/her designee will also consider whether all state - and district-level requirements and policies regarding expenditures have been followed.

H. Use of Program Income - Deduction, Addition, or Cost Sharing or Matching

The default method for the use of program income for the district is the deduction method. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e). Under the deduction method, program income is deducted from total allowable costs to determine the net allowable costs. Program income will only be used for current costs unless the district is otherwise directed by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e)(1). The district may also request prior approval from the federal awarding agency to use the addition method. Under the addition method, program income may be added to the federal award by the federal agency and the non-federal entity. The program income must then be used for the purposes and under the conditions of the federal award. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e)(2). The district may also request prior approval from the federal awarding agency to use the cost sharing or matching method.

While the deduction method is the default method, the district always refers to the grant award notice prior to determining the appropriate use of program income.

I. Cost Sharing or Matching

For all federal awards, any shared costs or matching funds and all contributions, including cash and third-party in-kind contributions, must be accepted as part of the non-federal entity's cost sharing, or matching when such contributions meet all of the following criteria:

1. Are verifiable from the non-federal entity's records;
2. Are not included as contributions for any other federal award;
3. Are necessary and reasonable for accomplishment of project or program objectives;
4. Are allowable under [subpart E \(Cost Principles\) of this part](#);
5. Are not paid by the federal government under another federal award, except where the federal statute authorizing a program specifically provides that federal funds made available for such program can be applied to matching or cost sharing requirements of other federal programs;
6. Are provided for in the approved budget when required by the federal awarding agency; and
7. Conform to other provisions of this part, as applicable.

J. Documentation of Personnel Expenses

Records that reflect charges to federal awards for salaries and wages will comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR 200.430.

Privacy

The district has protections in place to ensure that the personal information of both students and employees is protected. These include the use of passwords that are changed on a regular basis; staff training on the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and State confidentiality requirements; and training on identifying whether an individual requesting access to records has the right to the documentation.

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Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3003.2 CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

The board may use the services of a construction manager or a construction manager at risk in accordance with South Dakota law if it is in the public interest to do so and if such services will not be unnecessarily duplicative of the normal scope of architectural or engineering contracts.

Contracting Directly with Subcontractors and Suppliers

A construction manager as an Agent engaged by the district will not contract directly with subcontractors and suppliers, whereas a construction manager at risk engaged by the district will contract directly with subcontractors and suppliers.

Performing Actual Construction

The district may engage a construction manager to perform actual construction on a project only if:

- A. the work performed consists of the general conditions of the contract;
- B. the construction manager is at risk and submits a proposal in accordance with this policy;
- C. on an emergency basis in accordance with state law; or
- D. the district engages the construction manager after undergoing a public bidding process and it received no firm bids in accordance with state law.

Qualifying Construction Managers at Risk

The district shall prepare a request for qualifications and advertise it in accordance with state law as it would a public bid. Potential offerors will submit letters of qualifications to the district, who will evaluate and rank each offeror on the basis of best meeting the following criteria, which will be included in the request for qualifications:

- A. the financial resources of the offeror to complete the project;
- B. the ability of the proposed personnel of the construction manager to perform;
- C. the character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience, and efficiency of the construction manager;
- D. the quality of performance on previous projects;
- E. the ability of the construction manager to perform within the time specified;
- F. the previous and existing compliance of the construction manager with laws relating to the contract; and
- G. such other information as may be secured having a bearing on the selection.

Each offeror who qualifies under these criteria will receive a request for proposal in accordance with this policy.

Requests for Proposals

The district will prepare a request for proposals and advertise it in accordance with state law as it would for a public improvement project. The request for proposals will include:

- A. the district's name;
- B. a description of the project;
- C. a description of the qualifications the construction manager must have;
- D. procedures for submitting proposals;
- E. the criteria for evaluation of a proposal and the relative weight of each;
- F. procedures for making awards;
- G. the proposed terms and conditions for the construction management services contract, including a description of the scope of services to be provided;
- H. the budget for the project and the importance of budget in relation to other evaluation factors; and
- I. a statement that the district may discuss with any responsible offeror clarifications regarding the solicitation requirements.
- J. the approximate cost of the publication; and
- K. that the notice may be viewed free of charge on a statewide public notice website.

The district shall evaluate and rank each proposal on the basis of best meeting the criteria in the request for qualifications and determine which proposals qualify. Each qualifying proposal will receive a request for proposal in accordance with this policy.

Preparing and Submitting Construction Manager at Risk Proposals

Proposals may be submitted by mail or e-mail to the district office, or by any other manner the district may choose in the Request for Proposal. When received, the district may not disclose a proposal's contents to competing offerors. The district will maintain a register of proposals containing the name and address of each offeror and which offerors receive awards.

The superintendent or other board designee may add additional requirements for submitting proposals on a project-by-project basis. All requirements for proposals will be described in the Request for Proposal. The district may permit revisions to proposals after submission but prior to awarding the contract for the purpose of obtaining the best and final offer.

Evaluating Proposals for Construction Managers at Risk

The Board of Education will refer proposals to a selection committee composed of the superintendent and two members of the Board of Education. The selection committee will evaluate proposals taking into

consideration the criteria below. The following criteria shall be evaluated, when applicable:

1. The financial resources of the construction manager to complete the project;
2. The ability of the proposed personnel of the construction manager to perform;
3. The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience, and efficiency of the construction manager;
4. The quality of performance on previous projects;
5. The ability of the construction manager to perform within the time specified;
6. The previous and existing compliance of the construction manager with laws relating to the contract; and
7. Such other information as may be secured having a bearing on the selection.

Bond Required

Any construction manager at risk will provide a payment and performance bond and will competitively bid on the work as required by state law.

Negotiations between District and Proposers

The school district may negotiate with those submitting proposals prior to accepting a proposal. These negotiations may encompass any terms provided for in the proposals and may take place amongst multiple offerors simultaneously. The district will make efforts to ensure the negotiation process remains confidential and will not share proprietary information between the offerors.

Awarding Construction Manager at Risk Contracts

The district will award the contract to an offeror whose proposal conforms to the Request for Proposal. This decision will be made in writing and will state why it is most advantageous for the district to award the contract to the offeror, using price and the other factors set forth in the Request for Proposals to justify the decision. The decision cannot be based on any factor not included in the Request for Proposal.

The district will give written notice of the award to each offeror. If the district is unsatisfied with all proposals or if it believes any offerors have made an agreement to prevent competition, it may reject all proposals and re-advertise for additional proposals.

Changes to Project

A construction management at risk contract may be conditioned upon later refinements in scope and price and may permit the district, in agreement with the construction manager, to make changes to the project without invalidating

the contract. Later refinements shall not exceed the scope of the project statement contained in the request for proposals.

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3003.3 DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTS

The board may enter design-build contracts in accordance with state law if doing so is in the best interest of the public in order to complete the public improvement.

Requirements to Use Process

This decision will be included on the agenda of a regular meeting and the meeting minutes will describe the rationale for using this process. The project must meet one of the following conditions for the district to utilize it:

- A. The project requires a design and construction timeline faster than the traditional bid process would allow;
- B. The complexity of the project requires close coordination of design and construction expertise or an extreme amount of coordination;
- C. The purchasing agency requires early cost commitments; or
- D. The project can be defined at an early stage and the purchasing agency is able to specify all requirements.

Definitions

For purposes of this policy:

- A. Design-Build Contract (DB Contract) means any contract between the district and a design-builder to furnish the architecture, engineering, and related services as required, and the labor, materials, and other construction services for a public improvement. A design-build contract may be conditioned upon future refinements in scope and price, and may permit the purchasing agency to make changes in the scope of the project without invalidating the design-build contract;
- B. Design-Builder means any person that proposes to design and construct a public improvement under state law;
- C. Performance-Criteria Developer (PCD) means any person and the person's subcontractors retained by the purchasing agency to develop performance criteria;
- D. Performance criteria means requirements for the public improvement, including as appropriate, capacity, durability, production standards, ingress and egress requirements, building code requirements, or other criteria for the intended use of the public improvement, expressed in performance-oriented specifications or drawings suitable to allow the design-builder to make a proposal;
- E. Proposal means any offer to enter into contract in response to a request for proposals;
- F. Request for Proposals (RFP) means any document, whether attached or incorporated by reference, utilized by the district when soliciting

proposals for contracts for the procurement of supplies, services, or construction.

- G. Request for qualifications (RFQ) means the document or publication whereby a purchasing agency solicits interested design-builders to pre-qualify for a design-build contract.

Qualifications for a PCD

In order to certify an applicant, the superintendent shall make a finding that a PCD is fully qualified to render the required service. Factors to be considered in making this finding may include:

- A. capabilities to perform,
- B. adequacy of personnel,
- C. past record and performance, and experience; and
- D. consideration of recent, current, and projected workloads;
- E. experience;
- F. equipment and facilities;
- G. promptness, and the quality of work previously done by applicant;
- H. suitability to the particular task;
- I. willingness to meet time and budget requirements;
- J. and such other qualities as are found necessary to consider in order to determine whether or not, if awarded the contract, the applicant could perform it strictly in accordance with its terms capabilities to perform.

Procedure to select a PCD

The district will employ a licensed engineer or architect as PCD when the project is over 5,000 square feet. The PCD will not submit a proposal to enter the DB Contract, and the DB may not delegate or contract services to the PCD.

To apply to be the district's PCD, applicants must submit a current statement of qualifications and performance data to the district. The statement of qualifications must include evidence that the applicant is licensed or certified to practice architecture or engineering pursuant to state law. Applicants must update any information provided to the district to reflect any changed conditions of the applicant.

Rules and Procedures for Selecting and Hiring a PCD

The board shall evaluate each qualified applicant's current statement of qualifications and performance data. The board shall conduct discussions with and may require public presentations by applicants regarding their qualifications, approach to the project, ability to furnish the required service, and other factors identified above.

The board shall negotiate a contract with the most qualified applicant for compensation which the board determines is fair and reasonable. The board

shall conduct a detailed analysis of the cost of the professional services required in addition to considering their scope and complexity.

If the board is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with any applicants, it may select another applicant and continue negotiations until an agreement is reached or review the agreement under negotiation to determine the possible cause for failure to achieve a negotiated agreement.

Prequalification of Design Builders

The district, with the help of the PCD, shall prepare a request for qualifications and advertise it in accordance with state law as it would a public bid. The request for qualifications will include:

- A. The district's name;
- B. a description of the project;
- C. budget limits for the project;
- D. the requirements the DB must have; and
- E. the criteria and their relative weight for prequalification.
- F. the approximate cost of the publication; and
- G. that the notice may be viewed free of charge on a statewide public notice website.

Letters of qualifications shall be reviewed by the district in consultation with the PCD. The district and the PCD will evaluate prospective Design-Builders based on the information submitted to the district in response to the request for qualifications.

The district shall evaluate and rank each proposal on the basis of best meeting the criteria in the request for qualifications and determine which proposals prequalify. Each prequalifying proposal will receive a request for proposal in accordance with this policy.

Contents of RFPs

The district, with the help of the PCD, shall prepare the RFP, which shall contain:

- A. The district's name and the identity of the performance criteria developer;
- B. the procedures to be followed for submitting proposals;
- C. the criteria for evaluation of a proposal and its relative weight;
- D. the procedures for making awards;
- E. the proposed terms and conditions for the design-build contract;
- F. the performance criteria, which shall include the following:
 - 1. the district's preliminary program of space needs and special requirements;
 - 2. performance standards for materials and equipment; and
 - 3. minimum system requirements and efficiencies;
- G. a description of the drawings, specifications, or other submittals to be submitted with the proposal, with guidance as to the form and level of

- completeness of the drawings, specifications, or submittals that is acceptable;
- H. a schedule for planned commencement and completion;
- I. budget limits;
- J. affirmative action, disadvantaged business, or set-aside goals or requirements for the design-build contract, if any;
- K. requirements for performance and payment bonds, and insurance;
- L. the compensation, if any, to be given to design-builders submitting proposals who are not awarded the project;
- M. whether project financing is in place;
- N. a schedule for payments to the design-builder;
- O. site identification and geotechnical information if the site is district provided;
- P. location of existing utilities and their capacity if the site is district provided;
- Q. warranty and guarantee requirements; and
- R. other information the district chooses to require.

Preparing and Submitting Proposals

Prequalified Design-Builders shall prepare and submit Proposals as required by the RFP. All Proposals shall be sealed. Proposals shall not be opened until expiration of the time established for making Proposals as set forth in the RFP. Proposals may be withdrawn at any time prior to acceptance. The district has the right to reject any and all Proposals except for the purpose of evading the law. The district may thereafter solicit new Proposals using the same or a different Project Performance Criteria.

Evaluation of Proposals

The district may proceed to enter into a DB contract in accordance with state law. The PCD will review the proposals in accordance with the performance criteria. The PCD will determine whether a proposal is consistent with the performance criteria and issue a written decision to the board if the proposal conforms to the performance criteria. The board will evaluate the following factors when evaluating the proposals:

- A. The financial resources of the design-builder to complete the project;
- B. The ability of the proposed personnel of the design-builder to perform;
- C. The character, integrity, reputation, judgment, experience, and efficiency of the design-builder;
- D. The quality of performance on previous projects;
- E. The ability of the design-builder to perform within the time specified;
- F. The previous and existing compliance of the design-builder with laws relating to the contract; and
- G. Such other information as may be secured having a bearing on the selection.

The board will assign a relative weight of each of these factors, which must match those as described in the RFP.

Negotiations between the District and Design-Builders Submitting Proposals Prior to the District's Acceptance of a Proposal

The board may negotiate with those submitting proposals prior to accepting a proposal. These negotiations may encompass any terms provided for in the proposals and may take place amongst multiple offerors simultaneously. The district will make efforts to ensure the negotiation process remains confidential and will not share proprietary information between the offerors.

Awarding DB Contracts

The board will determine there was adequate competition in the proposal process prior to awarding a contract. After this determination, the board may accept in writing the proposal it considers most advantageous to the district. The board will then give written notice to those who submitted rejected proposals of its decision and will make available to the public the criteria scores for each proposal received. The PCD contract will terminate upon the award of the DB contract.

Awarding Emergency DB Contracts

The board may award a DB contract without following the terms of this policy in accordance with state law in the event of an emergency.

Protests Relating to the Solicitation or Execution of DB Contracts

As it pertains to protests of board action under this policy, the following definitions apply:

- A. Interested party shall mean an actual or prospective bidder whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of a contract by the district to another party or by the failure of the district to award a contract to such actual or prospective bidder.
- B. Protest shall mean a written objection by an interested party on any phase of the bidding process, including specification, preparation, bid solicitation, and intent to award.

Right to Protest

An interested party may protest to the superintendent. The protest shall be submitted in writing on company letterhead within five working days after public notice of the bid. Protests based on alleged apparent improprieties in a solicitation or other request for proposals must be filed before bid opening or the closing date for receipt of proposals. In all other cases, the protest must be filed within five working days following the selection of the design-builder. To expedite handling of protests, the envelope containing the protest

should be clearly labeled "Protest". The written protest shall include as a minimum the following:

- A. The name and address of the interested party;
- B. Appropriate identification of the relevant solicitation, and if a bid has been opened, its number, and date of opening;
- C. A detailed statement of reasons for the protest;
- D. Supporting, exhibits, evidence, or documents to substantiate any claims unless not available within the filing time, in which case the expected availability date shall be indicated; and a list of all persons who have knowledge of facts relevant to the protest; and
- E. The action(s) the protestor desires the school district to take to resolve the protest.

The superintendent will immediately decide upon receipt of the protest whether or not the award of a contract shall be delayed, or if the protest is timely received after the award, whether the performance of the contract should be suspended. The district will proceed with the solicitation or with the award of the contract, unless the superintendent determines that the protest is clearly meritorious or that delaying award of the contract will not prejudice the interests of the district.

Resolving Protests

Prior to the commencement of an administrative review by the board concerning any protest, the superintendent shall attempt to resolve any protest filed by an interested party concerning any solicitation. If the protest is not resolved by mutual agreement, the superintendent shall create and deliver a decision to the protestor within a reasonable time after the written protest was received. If not satisfied with the decision of the superintendent, any interested party protester may appeal to the board, but the decision shall be final unless the interested party protester files a timely appeal with the board as allowed by district policy.

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3004

GENERAL PURCHASING AND PROCUREMENT

Applicability of this policy

Purchases made with federal funds, whether those funds are derived directly from the federal government (e.g., award of a federal grant) or are derived bypass-through awards from the South Dakota Department of Education (e.g., special education funds, school lunch funds, Title I funds) are subject to the policy on purchasing and procurement with federal funds.

This policy applies to all other purchases made by the school district other than construction, remodeling, repair, and site improvements.

General Purchasing Policy

The school district's budget will be the guide for all purchases. No employee of the district may make a purchase that is not provided for in the budget without board or administrative approval. The board intends to purchase competitively, whenever possible, without prejudice and to seek maximum educational value for every dollar expended. The acquisition of services, equipment and supplies will be centralized in the administration office under the supervision of the business manager who will be responsible for developing and administering the purchasing program of the school district. Purchases or commitments of district funds that are not authorized by this policy will be the responsibility of the person making the commitment.

Building-Specific Purchasing

School buildings are operationally under the control of the building principals. Principals have control and responsibility for the building and grounds, for all supplies and equipment housed at the building, for all school-related activities in the building, and for all pupils, teachers, and other employees assigned to the building.

The superintendent of schools or his or her designee is responsible for the requisitioning, managing, distributing, and utilizing of supplies for maintenance and transportation.

Purchasing Procedures

School personnel must secure the approval of an authorized administrator before making any purchases. Employees seeking reimbursement for a purchase made with their personal funds must:

- A. have a requisition which was approved prior to purchasing;
- B. attach an itemized receipt or invoice to all requests for reimbursement;
- C. submit itemized receipts and any purchasing card or credit card receipts to the office of the superintendent no later than the 5th of every month. A non-itemized credit card receipt is not sufficient.

Employees making purchases with a school district credit card or purchasing program must comply with the steps set forth in the district's Credit Card Use Policy.

Purchase Orders Required

All purchases of goods and services made with district funds must be made on a properly executed purchase order or in accordance with other district policy. All purchases shall be initiated with a purchase order. Purchase orders are signed by either the superintendent or business manager.

Large Purchases

For purchases of supplies of more than \$50,000, the district will utilize the formal bidding process described in Policy 3003.

Relations with Vendors

All vendors will report to the district office or a building principal before contacting any staff member. Vendors may only contact staff members with permission from the building principal. The school shall not extend favoritism to any vendors.

No district employee may:

- A. make a purchase which violates state law, federal law, or district policy; or
- B. endorse any product of any type or kind in such a manner as will identify him/her in any way as an employee of the school district.

Supporting Local Vendors

The board believes in patronizing local businesses. Consequently, when proposals are judged to be equal in terms of quality, price, and/or service, the contract or purchase will be awarded to the firm that is located within the district. However, the board will not sacrifice either quality or economy to patronize local businesses.

Milk Processors

The district will award milk purchasing contracts to state-licensed processors if the state-licensed bid is equal to or within five percent or less of any other bidder who is not state-licensed.

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3004.1

FISCAL MANAGEMENT FOR PURCHASING AND PROCUREMENT USING FEDERAL FUNDS

Applicability of Policy

This policy applies only to non-construction related purchases undertaken with federal funds which are subject to the Federal Uniform Grant Guidance (UGG) and other applicable federal law, including but not limited to the Education Department and General Administration Regulations (EDGAR) and the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) regulations governing school food service programs. In the event this policy conflicts or is otherwise inconsistent with mandatory provisions of the UGG, EDGAR or other applicable federal law, the mandatory provisions of the laws shall control.

All other non-construction purchases will be governed by the board's general purchasing policy, which can be found earlier in this subsection. In the event of a conflict between state and federal law, the more stringent requirement shall apply.

This procurement policy shall govern all purchasing activities that relate to any aspect of the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs. The district's goal is to fully implement all required procurement rules, regulations and policies set forth in 2 CFR 200, 7 CFR parts 210, 3016 and 3019, and by the South Dakota Department of Education.

Procurement System

The district maintains the following purchasing procedures.

A. Responsibility for Purchasing

The authority to make purchases shall be governed by the district's purchasing policy, which can be found elsewhere in this section. Except as otherwise provided in the district's purchasing policy, the acquisition of services, equipment, and supplies shall be centralized in the administration office under the supervision of the superintendent of schools, who shall be responsible for developing and administering the purchasing program of the school district. Purchases or commitments of district funds that are not authorized by this policy will be the responsibility of the person making the commitment.

B. Methods of Purchasing

The type of purchase procedures required depends on the cost of the item(s) being purchased.

1. Purchases up to \$10,000 (Micro-Purchases)

Micro-purchase means a purchase of supplies or services using simplified acquisition procedures, the annual aggregate amount of which does not exceed \$10,000. Micro-purchases may be made or awarded without soliciting competitive quotations, to the extent district staff determine that the cost of the purchase is

reasonable. For purposes of this policy “reasonable” means the purchase is comparable to market prices for the geographic area.

To the extent practicable, the district distributes micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers. The district will follow its standard policy on purchasing, which can be found earlier in this subsection.

2. Purchases between \$10,000 and \$250,000 (Small Purchase Procedures)

Small purchases are purchases that, in the aggregate amount, are more than \$10,000 and less than \$250,000 annually. For small purchases, price or rate quotes shall be obtained in advance from a reasonable number of qualified sources as detailed in the district’s standard policies on purchasing and on bid letting and contracts, which can be found earlier in this subsection.

3. Purchases Over \$250,000

a. Sealed Bids (Formal Advertising)

For purchases over \$250,000, the district will generally follow the bidding process outlined in the board’s policy on Bidding for Construction, Remodeling, Repair or Site Improvement.

b. Contract/Price Analysis

The district performs a cost or price analysis in connection with every procurement action in excess of \$250,000, including contract modifications. The district will make an independent estimate of costs prior to receiving bids or proposals.

4. Noncompetitive Proposals (Sole Sourcing)

a. Procurement by noncompetitive proposals is procurement through solicitation of a proposal from only one source and may be used only when one or more of the following circumstances apply:

- i. The item is available only from a single source;
- ii. The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation;
- iii. The federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes noncompetitive proposals in response to a written request from the district; or
- iv. After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined inadequate.

b. Noncompetitive proposals may only be solicited with the approval of the superintendent or the board. Sufficient and appropriate documentation that justifies the sole sourcing decision must be maintained by the superintendent or designee.

c. A cost or price analysis will be performed for noncompetitive proposals when the price exceeds \$250,000.

5. Competitive Proposals

- a. The technique of competitive proposals is normally conducted with more than one source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price or cost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. It is generally used when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids. If this method is used, the following requirements apply:
 - i. Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Any response to publicized requests for proposals must be considered to the maximum extent practical;
 - ii. Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources; and
 - iii. Contracts must be awarded to the responsible firm whose proposal is most advantageous to the program, with price and other factors considered.
- b. The district may use competitive proposal procedures for qualifications-based procurement of architectural/engineering (A/E) professional services whereby competitors' qualifications are evaluated, and the most qualified competitor is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. The method, where price is not used as a selection factor, can only be used in procurement of A/E professional services. It cannot be used to purchase other types of services though A/E firms are a potential source to perform the proposed effort.
- c. The district may select a proposal that offers the best value and that is based upon the proposer's responsiveness to the proposal, experience, reputation, staff qualifications, ability, and capacity to carry on the work, price, honesty, integrity, skills, business judgment, financial stability, past performance, and other relevant factors. The evaluation may be conducted by the school board, a designated committee, or another designee of the school board.

C. Use of Purchase (Debit & Credit) Cards

District use of purchase cards is subject to the policy on purchase cards which can be found elsewhere in this subsection.

D. Federal Procurement System Standards

The district's procurement transactions will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with 2 C.F.R §200.319.

The district will maintain and follow general procurement standards consistent with 2 C.F.R. §200.318.

E. Debarment and Suspension

The district awards contracts only to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration will be given to

such matters as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.

The district may not subcontract with or award subgrants to any person or company who is debarred or suspended. For all contracts over \$25,000 the district verifies that the vendor with whom the district intends to do business with is not excluded or disqualified. 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Appendix II (1) and 2 C.F.R. §§ 180.220 and 180.300.

The district will verify debarment or suspension by revising the excluded parties list on SAM.gov, collecting a certification through the bidding process, and/or by including a debarment and suspension provision in the bid and contract documents. The superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for such verification.

F. Settlements of Issues Arising Out of Procurements

The district alone is responsible, in accordance with good administrative practice and sound business judgment, for the settlement of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of procurements. These issues include, but are not limited to, source evaluation, protests, disputes, and claims. These standards do not relieve the district of any contractual responsibilities under its contracts. Violations of law will be referred to the local, state, or federal authority having proper jurisdiction.

Conflict of Interest and Code of Conduct

A. Board and staff member conflicts of interest are governed by the district's conflict of interest policies.

B. Purchases covered by this policy are subject to the following additional provisions.

1. Employees, officers, and agents engaged in the selection, award, and/or administration of district contracts which are prohibited from engaging in such actions if a real or apparent conflict of interest is present.
2. Such a conflict of interest would arise when the employee, officer, or agent, any member of his or her immediate family, his or her partner, or an organization which employs or is about to employ any of the parties indicated herein, has a financial or other interest in or a tangible personal benefit from a firm considered for a contract.
3. The board may determine at its discretion that a financial interest is not substantial enough to give rise to a conflict of interest.

C. Favors and Gifts

The officers, employees, and agents of the district may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontracts, except that this provision does not prohibit the receipt of unsolicited items of nominal value. For

purposes of this policy, "nominal value" means a fair market value of \$25 or less.

D. Enforcement

Disciplinary Actions including, but not limited to, counseling, oral reprimand, written reprimand, suspensions without pay, or termination of employment, will be applied for violations of such standards by officers, employees, or agents of the district.

Property Management Systems

A. Property Classifications

1. Equipment means tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the district for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000.
2. Supplies means all tangible personal property other than those described in §200.33 Equipment. A computing device is a supply if the acquisition cost is less than the lesser of the capitalization level established by the district for financial statement purposes or \$5,000, regardless of the length of its useful life. 2 C.F.R. §200.94.
3. Computing Devices means machines used to acquire, store, analyze, process, and publish data and other information electronically, including accessories (or "peripherals") for printing, transmitting, and receiving, or storing electronic information. 2 C.F.R. §200.20.
4. Capital Assets means tangible or intangible assets used in operations having a useful life of more than one year which are capitalized in accordance with GAAP. Capital assets include:
 - a. Land, buildings (facilities), equipment, and intellectual property (including software) whether acquired by purchase, construction, manufacture, lease-purchase, exchange, or through capital leases; and
 - b. Additions, improvements, modifications, replacements, rearrangements, reinstallations, renovations, or alterations to capital assets that materially increase their value or useful life (not ordinary repairs and maintenance). 2 C.F.R. §200.12.

B. Inventory Procedure

Newly purchased property shall be received and inspected by the staff member who ordered it to ensure that it matches the purchase order, invoice, or contract and that it is in acceptable condition.

Equipment, Computing Devices, and Capital Assets must be tagged with an identification number, manufacturer, model, name of individual who tagged the item, and date tagged).

C. Inventory Records

For equipment, computing devices, and capital assets purchased with federal funds, the following information is maintained in the property management system:

1. Serial number;
2. District identification number;
3. Manufacturer;
4. Model;
5. Date tagged and individual who tagged it;
6. Source of funding for the property;
7. Who holds title;
8. Acquisition date and cost of the property;
9. Percentage of federal participation in the project costs for the federal award under which the property was acquired;
10. Location, use and condition of the property; and
11. Any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property.

The inventory list shall be adjusted by the superintendent of schools or his/her designee for property that is sold, lost, stolen, cannot be repaired, or that cannot be located.

D. Physical Inventory

1. A physical inventory of the property must be taken, and the results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years.
2. The superintendent or his/her designee will ensure that the physical inventory is performed. The physical inventory will generally occur during the months of June or July but may be conducted during other time periods with the approval of the superintendent.

E. Maintenance

In accordance with 2 C.F.R. 313(d)(4), the district maintains adequate maintenance procedures to ensure that property is kept in good condition.

F. Lost or Stolen Items

The district maintains a control system that ensures adequate safeguards are in place to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property.

G. Use of Equipment

Equipment must be used in the program or project for which it was acquired as long as needed, whether or not the project or program continues to be supported by the federal award, and the district will not encumber the property for any non-federal program use without prior approval of the federal awarding agency and the pass-through entity.

H. Disposal of Equipment

When it is determined that original or replacement equipment acquired under a federal award is no longer needed for the original

project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal awarding agency, the superintendent or his/her designee will contact the awarding agency (or pass-through for a state-administered grant) for disposition instructions.

If the item has a current FMV of \$5,000 or less, it may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further obligation to the federal awarding agency.

I. Equipment and Capital Expenditures

All equipment and capital expenditures shall comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR 200.439.

J. Depreciation

All depreciation shall comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR 200.436.

Financial Management

A. Identification

The district will identify, in its accounts, all federal awards received and expended and the federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, federal award identification number and year, name of the federal agency, and, if applicable, name of the pass-through entity.

B. Financial Reporting

The district will make an accurate, current, and complete disclosure of the financial results of each federal award or program in accordance with the financial reporting requirements set forth in the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR).

C. Accounting Records

The district maintains records which adequately identify the source and application of funds provided for federally assisted activities. These records must contain information pertaining to grant or subgrant awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, expenditures, income, and interest and be supported by source documentation.

D. Internal Controls

The superintendent or his/her designee must maintain effective control and accountability for all funds, real and personal property, and other assets through board review and approval of claims, an annual audit of the district's finances pursuant to the applicable South Dakota Department of Education and federal rules and regulations, and comparison of expenditures and outlays to budgeted amounts. The district adequately safeguards all such property and assures that it is used solely for authorized purposes.

E. Budget Control

Actual expenditures or outlays will be compared with budgeted amounts for each federal award at least annually and more often as required by law or deemed prudent by the board or administrative staff.

F. Payment Methods

The district will comply with applicable methods and procedures for payment that minimize the time elapsing between the transfer of funds and disbursement by the district, in accordance with the Cash Management Improvement Act at 31 CFR Part 205. Generally, the district receives payment from the South Dakota Department of Education on a reimbursement basis. 2 CFR § 200.305. However, if the district receives an advance in federal grant funds, the district will remit interest earned on the advanced payment quarterly to the federal agency. The district may retain interest amounts up to \$500 per year for administrative expenses. 2 CFR § 200.305(b)(9).

Consistent with state and federal requirements, the district will maintain source documentation supporting the federal expenditures (invoices, time sheets, payroll stubs, etc.) and will make such documentation available for the South Dakota Department of Education to review upon request.

G. Allowability of Costs

Expenditures must be aligned with approved budgeted items. Any changes or variations from the state-approved budget and grant application need prior approval.

When determining how the district will spend its grant funds, the superintendent or his/her designee will review the proposed cost to determine whether it is an allowable use of federal grant funds before obligating and spending those funds on the proposed good or service. All costs supported by federal education funds must meet the standards outlined in EDGAR, 2 CFR Part 3474 and 2 CFR Part. The superintendent or his/her designee must consider these factors when making an allowability determination.

The superintendent or his/her designee will consider Part 200's cost guidelines when federal grant funds are expended. The superintendent or his/her designee will also consider whether all state - and district-level requirements and policies regarding expenditures have been followed.

H. Use of Program Income – Deduction, Addition, or Cost Sharing or Matching

The default method for the use of program income for the district is the deduction method. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e). Under the deduction method, program income is deducted from total allowable costs to determine the net allowable costs. Program income will only be used

for current costs unless the district is otherwise directed by the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e)(1). The district may also request prior approval from the federal awarding agency to use the addition method. Under the addition method, program income may be added to the federal award by the federal agency and the non-federal entity. The program income must then be used for the purposes and under the conditions of the federal award. 2 C.F.R. § 200.307(e)(2). The district may also request prior approval from the federal awarding agency to use the cost sharing or matching method.

While the deduction method is the default method, the district always refers to the grant award notice prior to determining the appropriate use of program income.

I. Cost Sharing or Matching

For all federal awards, any shared costs or matching funds and all contributions, including cash and third-party in-kind contributions, must be accepted as part of the non-federal entity's cost sharing, or matching when such contributions meet all of the following criteria:

- A. Are verifiable from the non-federal entity's records;
- B. Are not included as contributions for any other federal award;
- C. Are necessary and reasonable for accomplishment of project or program objectives;
- D. Are allowable under [subpart E \(Cost Principles\) of this part](#);
- E. Are not paid by the federal government under another federal award, except where the federal statute authorizing a program specifically provides that federal funds made available for such program can be applied to matching or cost sharing requirements of other federal programs;
- F. Are provided for in the approved budget when required by the federal awarding agency; and
- G. Conform to other provisions of this part, as applicable.

J. Documentation of Personnel Expenses

Records that reflect charges to federal awards for salaries and wages will comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR 200.430.

Written Compensation Policies

A. Time and Effort Standards

All employees who are paid in full or in part with federal funds must keep specific documents to demonstrate the amount of time they spent on grant activities. This includes an employee whose salary is paid with state or local funds but is used to meet a required "match" in a federal program. These documents, known as time and effort records, are maintained in order to charge the costs of personnel compensation to federal grants. Charges to federal awards for salaries and wages must

be based on records that accurately reflect the work performed. These records must:

1. Be supported by a system of internal controls which provides reasonable assurance that the charges are accurate, allowable, and properly allocated;
2. Be incorporated into official records;
3. Reasonably reflect total activity for which the employee is compensated, not exceeding 100% of compensated activities;
4. Encompass both federally assisted, and all other activities compensated by the district on an integrated basis;
5. Comply with the established accounting policies and practices of the district and
6. Support the distribution of the employee's salary or wages among specific activities or cost objectives.

B. Time and Effort Procedures

Time and effort procedures will follow and comply with 2 CFR 200.430(i).

C. Fringe Benefits

Except as provided otherwise by federal law, the costs of fringe benefits will be allowable provided that the benefits are reasonable and required by law, a district-employee agreement, or another policy of the district.

D. Leave

The cost of fringe benefits in the form of regular compensation paid to employees during periods of authorized absences from the job, such as for annual leave, family-related leave, sick leave, holidays, court leave, military leave, administrative leave, and other similar benefits, are allowable if they are provided under established written district leave policies.

E. Unexpected or Extraordinary Circumstances

In the event of a pandemic or other unexpected or extraordinary circumstance, the district may close schools or individual buildings. In such case, the district may compensate federally funded or other employees during such closure to ensure the return of staff to employment after the closure as allowed by state or federal law.

F. Documentation for Personnel Expenses

Records that reflect charges to federal awards for salaries and wages will comply with the rules and requirements of 2 CFR 200.430.

Other Contract Matters

A. Required Terms

The non-federal entity's contracts must contain the applicable provisions required by section 200.326 and described in appendix II to

part 200—contract provisions for non-federal entity contracts under federal awards.

B. Contracting with Certain Vendors and Buy American

Pursuant to the standards contained in 2 C.F.R. § 200.321, the district will take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible consistent with state law.

1. Buy American

The district participates in the National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program and is required to use the nonprofit food service funds, to the maximum extent practicable, to buy domestic commodities or products for Program meals. A "domestic commodity or product" is defined as one that is either produced in the U.S. or is processed in the U.S. substantially using agricultural commodities that are produced in the U.S. as provided in 7 CFR 210.21(d).

The district may deviate from this general requirement only if:

- a. The product is not produced or manufactured in the U.S. in sufficient and reasonably available quantities of a satisfactory quality; or
- b. Competitive bids reveal the costs of a U.S. product are significantly higher than the non-domestic product.

C. Record Keeping

1. Record Retention

- a. The district maintains all records that fully show (1) the amount of funds under the grant or subgrant; (2) how the subgrantee uses those funds; (3) the total cost of each project; (4) the share of the total cost of each project provided from other sources; (5) other records to facilitate an effective audit; and (6) other records to show compliance with federal program requirements. 34 C.F.R. §§ 76.730-.731 and §§ 75.730-.731. The district also maintains records of significant project experiences and results. 34 C.F.R. § 75.732. These records and accounts must be retained and made available for programmatic or financial audit.
- b. The U.S. Department of Education is authorized to recover any federal funds misspent within 5 years before the receipt of a program determination letter. 34 C.F.R. § 81.31(c). The South Dakota Local Schools Records Retention and Destruction Schedule as approved by the South Dakota Bureau of Administration requires the district to maintain records regarding federal awards for a minimum of six (6) years. Consequently, the district shall retain records for a minimum of six (6) years from the date on which the final Financial Status Report is submitted, unless otherwise notified in writing to extend the retention period by the awarding agency, cognizant agency for audit, oversight agency for

audit, or cognizant agency for indirect costs. However, if any litigation, claim, or audit is started before the expiration of the record retention period, the records will be retained until all litigation, claims, or audit findings involving the records have been resolved and final action taken. 2 C.F.R. § 200.333.

- c. Records will be destroyed in compliance with Schedule 10, Schedule 24, and State law. This includes the completion of a Records Disposition Report.

2. Maintenance of Procurement Records

- a. The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of all procurements. These records will include but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, the basis for the contract price (including a cost or price analysis), and verification that the contractor is not suspended or debarred.
- b. Retention of procurement records shall be in accordance with applicable law and board policy.

D. **Privacy**

The district has protections in place to ensure that the personal information of both students and employees is protected. These include the use of passwords that are changed on a regular basis; staff training on the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and State confidentiality requirements; and training on identifying whether an individual requesting access to records has the right to the documentation.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3004.2

REVERSE AUCTIONS FOR PROCURING SUPPLIES

The district may conduct online reverse auctions to procure supplies or nonprofessional services.

Invitation to Qualify

Prior to the auction, the district will pre-qualify bidders by inviting them to qualify for the auction. The factors the district will use to determine if a bidder is qualified will be stated in the invitation, and the district will not use any other factors to qualify bidders. The district will advertise the invitation to qualify as it would advertise for public improvements.

After receiving responses from potential bidders, the district will notify each bidder whether it qualifies for the auction. The district will not disclose the identities of bidders until after the reverse auction.

The district must clarify, negotiate, and accept all specifications and terms and conditions before inviting vendors to the auction.

Auction Process

Bidders will enter bids on the internet, and the district will not accept bids by any other method. The online auction may not disclose to the bidders who has placed a particular bid but may only show the amount.

The district may suspend or terminate the auction for any reason. The district may establish an extension activation period, during which the district will extend the auction a certain number of minutes if a bid is received. This period must be at least ten minutes.

Technical Issues

If a bidder is unable to place bids during an auction for any reason, the district will suspend the auction until all bidders regain the ability to place bids via the internet auction site. The district may reschedule the auction if the problem cannot be resolved quickly. When the auction resumes, the time remaining will be the same as when the auction was suspended or ten minutes, whichever is greater.

After the Auction

The district may change specifications or terms and conditions after the auction only if the changes do not affect the reason a vendor was denied qualification. Once the auction is complete, the award will be made in accordance with district policy on public improvement contracts.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3005 CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The board authorizes the establishment of a custodial fund account to be used to finance the operations of student organizations, inter-school athletics, and other school activities that are not a part of any other fund. All transactions related to the activities fund shall be conducted through an account at a board-approved depository.

Custodial Funds

All funds of student organizations will be treated as custodial funds by the district. The business manager will supervise and assist in the execution of all disbursements made under these funds, but such supervision will not extend to administrative control over how funds are spent. The district will not maintain separate bank accounts for each custodial fund.

Student Group Responsibility

The student organization will be responsible for generating money for their respective funds. No district generated funds will be held in any custodial fund.

Fund Expenditure Procedures

All expenditures of custodial funds will be for the benefit of students. Each fund will follow these procedures:

- A. Each fund must have a written statement as to its purpose and allowable expenditures of funds as chosen by the student representatives.
- B. All expenditures must be documented in the student group's meeting minutes.
- C. Each fund will have a staff advisor, who will be the point of contact between the business office and the student representatives.
- D. The staff advisor will review and approve only to ensure funds are not spent illegally.
- E. After advisor approval, each expenditure under a custodial fund must be submitted to the business manager with an itemization.

Business Manager Procedures

The business manager or designee will receipt and deposit all money received by the activity into the custodial bank account. The business manager or designee will disburse funds by check or ACH only. Disbursement will not be made without sufficient money in the account.

Dormant Funds

Funds in an activity's account after the activity ceases to exist shall be transferred to the general fund or such other fund as the school organization

may choose. Funds left in a graduating class's account may be transferred into any other school account at any time after graduation upon board approval.

Deficits

Any deficit in the activity fund shall be paid from the general fund.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: November 13, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3006

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Conflicts

No school official may have an interest in a contract nor receive a direct benefit from a contract in amount greater than five thousand dollars or multiple contracts in an amount greater than five thousand dollars with the same party within a twelve-month period to which school district is a party except as provided in this policy.

No school official may have an interest in the sale, proceeds, or profits of any book, apparatus, or furniture to be used in the district.

No teacher may serve as a board member.

Definition

A school official is any board member, employee, or authorized agent of the school district.

A school official has interest in a contract when the person, his or her spouse, or anyone the person lives with and shares assets:

- A. is employed by a party to any contract with the school district;
- B. receives more than nominal compensation or reimbursement for actual expenses for serving on the board of directors of an entity deriving income or commission directly from the contract or acquires property under the contract.

A school official receives a direct benefit from a contract when the person, his or her spouse, or anyone the person lives with and shares assets:

- A. is a party to or intended beneficiary of any contract held by the district;
- B. has more than a five percent ownership interest in an entity party to any contract held by the district;
- C. acquires property under the contract; or
- D. will receive compensation, commission, promotion, or other monetary benefit directly attributable to any contract with the district.

Exceptions

A school official does not derive a direct benefit from or have interest in a contract:

- A. based solely on the value associated with the person's publicly traded investments or holdings, or the investments or holdings of any other person with whom the school official lives or commingles assets;
- B. by participating in a vote or a decision in which the person's only interest arises from an act of general application;
- C. based on the person receiving income as an employee or independent contractor of a party with whom the local service agency, school

- district, or cooperative education service unit has a contract, unless the person receives compensation or a promotion directly attributable to the contract, or unless the person is employed by the party as a board member, executive officer, or other person working for the party in an area related to the contract;
- D. if the contract is for the sale of goods or services, or for maintenance or repair services, in the regular course of business at a price at or below a price offered to all customers;
 - E. if the contract is subject to a public bidding process;
 - F. if the contract is with the official depository as set forth in South Dakota law;
 - G. based solely on the person receiving nominal income or compensation, a per diem authorized by law or reimbursement for actual expenses incurred;
 - H. if the contract or multiple contracts with the same party within a twelve-month period with whom the local service agency, school district, or cooperative education service unit contracts in an amount less than five thousand dollars.

Authorization by Board

The district may authorize a school official to derive a direct benefit from a contract if it finds the terms of the contract are fair, reasonable, and not contrary to public interest, and the school official has provided full written disclosure to the district of:

- A. the person's role in the contract;
- B. the purpose or objective of the contract;
- C. the consideration or benefit conferred or agreed to be conferred upon each party; and
- D. the duration of the contract.

Any request for authorization under this policy and subsequent board action regarding the request are public records and must be recorded in the minutes of the board meeting. Reauthorization of contracts extending into multiple fiscal years is not required.

No board member may vote upon or participate in a decision whether to authorize a contract in which the member derives a direct benefit.

Disclosure of Interests

A school official who has an interest in a contract under this policy for less than \$5,000 shall still disclose the existence of a contract but board authorization is not required for the person to have an interest in the contract.

Disclosure of the interest shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. Disclosure shall also be made at the annual meeting if the contract extends into consecutive fiscal years.

A school official must make this disclosure before entering into the contract or within 45 days after entering into the contract.

Conflict disclosures must be submitted to the board president, superintendent, or business manager prior to the next scheduled meeting to be added to the agenda.

Consequences for Violations of Policy

Pursuant to South Dakota law, any contract made which violates this policy is voidable by the school board, and any benefit a school official gains from such a contract is subject to forfeiture. Further, the violation of this policy may result in adverse employment action.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3006.1
CONFLICTS DISCLOSURE

Name of the school official submitting the waiver: _____

The disclosure is for the purpose of notifying the school board of (please circle one):

An interest in a contract OR A direct benefit from a contract:

Identify the following:

- A. All parties to the contract

- B. The person's role in the contract

- C. The purpose(s)/objective(s) of the contract

- D. The consideration or benefit conferred or agreed to be conferred upon each party

- E. The length of time of the contract

- F. Any other relevant information

If the disclosure relates to the school official deriving a direct benefit from a contract, explain how the terms of the contract are fair, reasonable, and not contrary to the public interest such that authorization should be granted by the school board.

Signature of School Official: _____

3006.2
BOARD ACTION ON CONFLICTS DISCLOSURE

Conflict of interest disclosure of a direct benefit, dated _____,
was received from _____. This disclosure was considered by
the Vermillion School Board during a meeting held on _____.

The request for authorization was denied because the terms of the
contract were determined to not be fair and reasonable, and/or
were contrary to the public interest.

The direct benefit from the contract was authorized because the
terms of the contract are fair and reasonable, and not contrary to
the public interest.

The direct benefit was authorized because the terms of the
contract are fair and reasonable, and not contrary to the public
interest such that a waiver should be granted, subject to the
following conditions:

Signature of School Board President: _____

Printed Name: _____ Date: _____

Upon school board approval of the official minutes of the meeting when
the school board acted upon the above conflict of interest disclosure, a copy
of the official minutes will be emailed to the auditor general and mailed to the
attorney general.

3007 GRANT APPLICATION PROCESS

The school district encourages teachers to apply for educational grants which benefit the students of the district. A teacher or staff member is required to receive authorization from the district's business manager prior to applying for any grant which:

- A. requires the use of the district's federal tax identification number;
- B. requires use of the school district's name;
- C. will be processed through the district's accounting system; or
- D. will result in the district receiving funds directly as a recipient of the grant.

If the grant application or award is subject to any of the above factors, the grant award will be under the complete control of the school district. Any property purchased with the grant award will remain the property of the school district and will not personally belong to the teacher who applied for the grant.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3008
GIFTS, GRANTS, AND BEQUESTS

The school district encourages those who wish to make gifts, grants, bequests, or devices of property, real or personal, to the school district to make such donations through the district's foundation. The superintendent or business manager or his or her designee is authorized to accept on behalf of the school district gifts of personal property that are consistent with the district's mission and objectives and which the superintendent reasonably believes has a fair market value of \$15,000 or less. In its sole discretion, the Board of Education may accept all other donations when they are consistent with the district's mission and objectives. Upon acceptance, donations shall become the sole property of the district. The donation will be under the complete control of the board or school district which will not have any obligation to replace it if it is destroyed or becomes obsolete.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

**3009
AUDIT**

The Board of Education shall cause an audit of all school accounts to be undertaken annually or as otherwise required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3010 INSURANCE

The board or education shall purchase such insurance as it deems appropriate to protect the district, the board as a corporate body, individual board members, appointed officers, employees, and volunteers from financial loss arising from any claim, demand, suit, or judgment. The district may, but is not required to, solicit bids or quotes for insurance coverage.

The board shall review its insurance coverage before its expiration date, or as need dictates.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3011 TRANSPORTATION

The school district will provide transportation to eligible students of the district consistent with state law. Eligible students of the district include:

- A. Students who live within the district;
- B. Students who live outside the district, at the discretion of the Director of Transportation and the superintendent; and
- C. Students who require transportation in order to receive a free, appropriate public education as required by state and federal law.

When a student who has been attending the district is placed into foster care, school district staff will collaborate with state and local child welfare agencies to determine whether transportation is required under state law when it is in the child's best interest that their school of origin be maintained. The district will only provide transportation to students placed in foster care when the responsible child welfare agency agrees to reimburse the school district for the cost of transportation or when transportation is otherwise required by law. The board designates the superintendent of Schools as the initial point of contact for child welfare agency representatives to discuss transportation issues related to children in foster care.

Students who are homeless will be provided with transportation pursuant to board policy.

The district will provide transportation to tuition or out of state students in accordance with the contractual and tuition provisions, if any.

The use of buses for class parties, field trips, and similar purposes shall require the prior approval of the superintendent or appropriate principal.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3012

SCHOOL MEAL PROGRAM AND MEAL CHARGES

Meal Program

The school district will make a school meal program available to students. The cost of the program will be determined by the Board of Education so as to make the program as nearly self-supporting as possible. With board approval, the district may contract with a private company or corporation for the management and/or provision of the program.

The district will notify the families with children attending school of the current guidelines for free or reduced-price school meals. Families may apply for free or reduced-price school meals any time during the school year by submitting an application to the school district. A copy of the complete regulations and procedures regarding reduced-price and free meals shall be available in the office of the superintendent.

Meal Charge Policy

The district will notify students and their families of the policy for *Charged Meals*, meaning meals received by a student when the student does not have money in hand or in his or her food account. This policy applies to students who receive meals at the free, reduced, or full rates.

Notice of this policy must be provided in writing to all households at the start of each school year and to households that transfer to the school during the school year. Notice may be provided through the student handbook, student registration materials, online portal used to access student accounts, direct mailing or e-mail, newsletter, the district website, and/or any other appropriate means. Notice of this policy will also be provided all school staff responsible for the enforcement of it, including food service professionals responsible for collecting payment for meals at the point of service, staff involved in notifying families of low or negative balances, and other staff involved in enforcing any aspect of this policy.

The district's policy on charged meals is:

- A. If a student has no funds available to pay for a meal, the student will be provided and charged for up to five limited "courtesy meals," such as a plain sandwich. Thereafter, if a student has no funds available to pay for a meal, no food will be provided.
- B. A student may charge meals on account until the account balance reaches negative \$25.00. At that point, the student will be provided and charged up to five limited "courtesy meals" such as a plain sandwich, salad bar, and milk. Thereafter, if a student has no funds available to pay for a meal, no food will be provided. The school district may use outside funds donated from other organizations or individuals to help offset negative account balances.

- C. Students who qualify for free or reduced meals will not be denied a reimbursable meal, even if they have accrued a negative balance from other food purchases. School staff or food service staff may prohibit any students from charging a la carte or extra items if they do not have cash in hand or their account has a negative balance.
- D. If a student repeatedly lacks funds to purchase a meal, has not brought a meal from home, and is not enrolled in a free meal program, the district will use its resources and contacts to protect the health and safety of the student. Failure or refusal of parents or guardians to provide meals for students may require mandatory reporting to child protection agencies as required by law.

Collection of Delinquent Meal Charge Debt

The school district is required to make reasonable efforts to collect unpaid meal charges. The building principal or his or her designee will contact households about unpaid meal charges and notify them again of the availability of the free and reduced meal program and/or establish payment plans and due dates by telephone, e-mail, or other written or oral communication. If these collection efforts are unsuccessful, the school district may pursue any other methods to collect delinquent debt as allowed by law.

Collection efforts may continue into the new school year.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: August 14, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3013
EMERGENCY CLOSING

School shall be held on the dates set forth on the official calendar and shall not be closed or dismissed except when the superintendent or his or her designee determines that it is impossible or impracticable to hold school. When school is closed there will be no school-sponsored activities held without the permission of the superintendent or building administrator.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3014 USE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY

General Facilities Use Guidelines

- A. School facilities may be used by various education and community organizations and individuals when it is in the interest of the general public.
- B. School facilities may not be used for personal profit and other commercial purposes. The district opens its facilities to district patrons for the benefit of the public, not commercial uses. Due to the complications created by groups or individuals using district facilities for commercial purposes, these uses are prohibited. Booster clubs and other organizations raising money purely for the support of student groups, as defined below, and not for personal profit are not considered commercial uses but must comply with the district's policies which apply to these groups.
- C. Any person or group using school facilities must be assured that it will be responsible for maintaining order, protecting property, and providing security and safety.
- D. Only those organizations and persons who are known to school officials, who have financial resources sufficient to cover all rentals and possible damages, and who are willing to discharge such obligations shall be permitted to use the school facilities and equipment.
- E. The rental fees for school facilities shall be set by the board.
- F. Non-curricular student groups or non-student groups (as those terms are defined below) that wish to use the facility must submit a facility use application which may be obtained from the district's central office. The application must be received by the superintendent prior to the approval of any facility use.
- G. The shop and weight room may not be used by students when school is not in session, unless supervised by a district staff member or a responsible adult upon approval of the superintendent. Use of the shop and weight room in violation of this provision may lead to the students being denied access to these facilities or other consequences permitted by board policy and South Dakota law.
- H. Any person or group using the school facilities, for any purpose, must comply with all the district's policies, rules, and regulations.

Definitions

- A. "Curriculum-related student groups" shall mean students participating in school-sponsored activities, supervised by district staff, related to the curriculum, and recognized by the board.

- B. "Extracurricular student groups" shall mean students participating in an extracurricular activity, sponsored by the district, supervised by district staff, and recognized by the board, such as athletic teams and academic teams which are not otherwise categorized as "curriculum-related student groups."
- C. "Non-curriculum related student groups" shall mean all other groups comprised primarily of students who attend the district participating in activities such as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, 4-H, political groups, religious groups, and other similar youth groups.
- D. "Non-student group" shall mean all other groups or individuals who apply to use district facilities.
- E. "Superintendent" shall mean the superintendent of schools or his/her designee.

Use of School Property by Student Groups

- A. Curriculum-related and Extracurricular student groups:
 - 1. Curriculum-related and Extracurricular student groups may use school facilities at no cost to the group, if they restore the facilities to their prior state after using them.
 - 2. The district shall bear any costs associated with use by these groups (*e.g.*, the fee paid to a cook, or a custodian required to be in attendance).
 - 3. Curriculum-related and Extracurricular student groups have priority over non-curriculum related student groups and non-student groups.
- B. Non-curriculum related student groups:
 - 1. Non-curriculum related student groups may use the school building during non-instructional time. Such use shall be without charge.
 - 2. Such uses shall occur while the building is normally open and there is a minimum of interference with custodians or other student and staff facility use.
 - 3. These groups may use the school buildings in the evening for meetings if the group is sponsored by an adult and the adult (1) files the application to use the facilities on behalf of the group and (2) assumes responsibility for cleanup and placing the area back in the condition it was in prior to use.
 - 4. Non-curriculum related student groups must apply for use of the facilities and secure the superintendent's permission before using school facilities.
 - 5. Non-curriculum related student groups may meet only on school premises at times and places determined by the superintendent.

6. Non-curriculum related student groups must meet each of the following conditions to secure the superintendent's permission to use school facilities:
 - a. The facility use will occur during non-instructional time.
 - b. The district has facilities available to accommodate the group.
 - c. The use is voluntary and for the general benefit of the student participants.
 - d. The use will not substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities and other programs within the school.

Use of Facilities by Non-student Groups

- A. The superintendent may authorize the use of any school facilities for non-school activities by non-student groups.
- B. In addition to the guidelines listed elsewhere in this policy and other board policies or administrative protocol, the superintendent will consider the following when making determinations regarding use of district facilities by non-student groups:
 1. The local education association may hold meetings when classes are not in session and staff members are not on duty.
 2. Non-student groups which provide education-related programming and services for students and staff may be given priority of use over other outside groups. The superintendent has sole discretion in determining whether proposed uses relate sufficiently to the district's educational standards and programs.
 3. Non-student groups which provide programming and services for community members and others living within the district may be given priority of use over other outside groups.

Denial of Access

- A. The superintendent may limit or deny access to school buildings, grounds, and activities to any person whom the superintendent deems to be using the facilities inappropriately and contrary to the district's mission.
- B. Upon determining that a person or group has engaged in or is engaging in conduct that constitutes grounds for exclusion under this policy, the superintendent shall take such action as he or she determines appropriate, including directing the person to cease engaging in the conduct or to leave the school premises or activity immediately. The superintendent may request assistance from law enforcement authorities to remove an offending person from the school grounds. A person who enters the school premises in violation of these conditions shall be deemed to be trespassing.

- C. The superintendent shall have the authority to fix the time when, and the conditions under which, the offending person may return to the school premises.
- D. Students, staff, and community members may use or lease school equipment for non-school use only if they have received the prior permission of the superintendent.

Proof of Insurance

- A. When any non-curriculum related or non-student group utilizes school district facilities, the group submitting the facility use application may be asked to provide proof of insurance up to the current tort claims limits applicable to the district.
- B. The district may require the non-curriculum related or non-student group to include the district as an additional insured on any such policies and may refuse access to its facilities until proof of satisfaction of this requirement is submitted to the superintendent.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3015
TIME AWAY FROM SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

As it is important for students to have some nights free from school activities, school activities will not be scheduled on Wednesday nights or on Sundays without the approval of the superintendent.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3016
USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS

The use or possession of any tobacco product, including cigarettes, cigars, or other tobacco or tobacco derivative products; vapor products or electronic nicotine delivery systems; alternative nicotine products; or any other such look-alike or imitation product, is not permitted on school property at any time.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3017 PRESS RELEASES

Only individuals who have prior administrative approval may issue press releases regarding school-related activities and events. The superintendent may delegate responsibility for communicating with the media to building principals, the activities director, event sponsors, and other staff on an ad hoc basis.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3018

DENYING ACCESS TO SCHOOL PREMISES OR ACTIVITIES

The school district shall provide access to the district's buildings, grounds and activities to students, parents or guardians of students, and other persons who have legitimate reasons for being on school grounds. The superintendent of schools or his or her designee (referred to herein as the "administrator") may limit or deny access to school buildings, grounds, and activities to any person who:

- A. Disrupts the educational environment;
- B. Repeatedly fails or refuses to comply with the visitor protocol adopted by each building;
- C. Is unreasonably boisterous;
- D. Engages in violence, force, coercion, threats, intimidation, or similar conduct;
- E. Causes or attempts to cause damage to school property or to the property of any student or school employee;
- F. Causes or attempts to cause personal injury to any student, school employee or other person on school grounds or at a school activity on or off school grounds;
- G. Uses vulgar, profane, or demeaning language;
- H. Uses fighting words; or
- I. Poses a danger to the safety and well-being of students.

Upon determining that a person has engaged in or is engaging in conduct that constitutes grounds for exclusion under this policy, the administrator shall take such action as he or she determines appropriate, including directing the person to cease engaging in the conduct or to leave the school premises or activity immediately. The administrator may request assistance from law enforcement authorities to remove an offending person from the school grounds.

The administrator shall have the authority to fix the time when, and the conditions under which, the offending person may return to school premises. A person who enters the school premises in violation of these conditions shall be deemed to be trespassing. The administrator may summon law enforcement authorities to remove the person and request that criminal proceedings be initiated.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3019

SALE OR DISPOSAL OF SCHOOL PROPERTY

In selling school property, whether real or personal, the Board of Education shall be mindful of its financial obligation to the taxpayers of the school district. If the board determines that property shall be sold, the board will conduct an appraisal prior to placing the property for sale. The appraisal may be accomplished by three property owners in the district or by a licensed appraiser. If the property is valued at less than \$500, the district can dispose of the property however it finds appropriate. If the value is over that amount, the district will solicit bids as described in this policy.

Advertising

The district will publish notice of the sale twice in its designated newspaper. The first notice must be at least ten days out from the opening of the bids. The notice must describe:

- A. the property to be sold;
- B. when the bids will be opened;
- C. and whether the bids will be opened in a regular board meeting or in front of a designated official prior to a regular board meeting.

Bid Opening

Bids must be sealed and filed with the business manager. The district may reject all bids if it so chooses, but it must select the highest bid if any bid is to be chosen. If no bids are received, the district may have the surplus property reappraised or may sell the property at private sale for not less than ninety percent of the appraised value without further publication or appraisal. This sale must take place within twelve months of the date of the bid opening.

If the property to be sold was created as a result of the district's educational program, the district may accept the highest bid, or it may reject all bids and may sell the property at private sale without further publication.

Public Auction

The district can choose to sell property at public auction in lieu of sealed bids. The district must advertise the auction as it would for a bid opening. Board members or district administrators may only purchase the property if the public auction option is used.

Sale Proceeds

Sale proceeds can be deposited into the district's general fund, the capital outlay, or any other fund where the property was previously inventoried.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3020 COPYRIGHT COMPLIANCE

Restrictions on Use and Permission

Copyrighted works such as print, audio, video, software, applications, and other documents or media ("works") may be reproduced or used for educational purposes only when the use of the reproduction is a fair use in compliance with state and federal copyright law or when the written permission or license for such use has been obtained from the copyright holder. A staff member who wishes to use any non-original work must obtain the prior written permission of the building principal. Unless the district has obtained a license for use of a work for its intended educational purpose, no principal shall grant permission for a requested use of a copyrighted work unless the principal has reasonable grounds to believe that it is a fair use under applicable copyright law. Only works requested to be used in the course and scope of employment with the district will be permitted.

Distribution of Copyright Compliance Materials

The district will make information available to staff and students which describes and promotes compliance with copyright laws.

Course Materials Subject to Copyright Protection

The purpose of this provision is to provide notice to all staff, students, and parents that course materials may be subject to copyright protection. No class materials may be used or copied for use outside of the class session or sessions in which the materials are used for educational purposes unless authorized or required by law. No student or staff member may take audio or video recording of any class in which copyrighted materials are used unless authorized or required by law or an applicable educational plan provided under state and federal disability laws. Any such recordings will be kept only as long as required to fulfill the purpose of the recording, such as for evaluative purposes, or the applicable retention period required by law.

Copies for Individuals with Disabilities

This policy does not restrict district staff members from reproducing or distributing copies of copyrighted works in a specialized format for use by individuals with disabilities to gain access to the work.

Removal of Unauthorized Copyrighted Works

Upon obtaining knowledge or awareness of an unauthorized use of copyrighted works, the district will take reasonable steps to remove, deny access to, and stop use of any unauthorized copyrighted work stored in the district's paper or digital files or programs. This includes but is not limited to administrators accessing staff files and equipment for the purpose of

physically removing curricular materials or directing staff members to cease using the materials immediately when there has been no license granted or fair use determination made. The superintendent or superintendent's designee may limit or deny access to district materials and programs to students or staff members who engage in violations of this policy or copyright law. The district may require the student or staff member to obtain training on copyright protections and limitations in order to regain access to any such materials or programs.

Violations by Students and Staff

Any staff member who violates this policy will face disciplinary action up to and including the cancellation, nonrenewal, or termination of the employee's employment. Any student who violates this policy may face disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. Individuals who subject the school district to financial penalty for copyright violations may be required to reimburse the district for its costs for such violation.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3021
OPERATION OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OFFICE

The central office of the school district shall generally be open for business from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. every weekday except for New Year's Day, President's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, the Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Friday after Thanksgiving, Christmas Eve Day, Christmas Day, and one-half day for New Year's Eve Day, and any other days as approved by the Board of Education. The office shall generally be open, even on days when school is canceled due to inclement weather. The superintendent shall be responsible for ensuring that the central office is appropriately staffed when the district is open for business and shall be responsible for supervising all staff employed in the central office.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3022 VOLUNTEERS

Volunteers provide valuable assistance to school district staff and enrich the education program. Community members are encouraged to volunteer their services to the district under the conditions set forth below.

- A. Volunteers must provide the district with directory information including their name, address, and telephone number.
- B. Upon request by the district, volunteers must promptly execute a Volunteer Services Agreement.
- C. The district may, but is not required to, conduct a criminal background check on any volunteer. A potential volunteer who refuses to undergo a background check will not be permitted to volunteer for the district.
- D. Volunteers shall not perform duties for which they are unqualified.
- E. Volunteers do not have any property right in or to a volunteer assignment. The school district may deny or terminate a volunteer assignment for any reason that is not unconstitutional or unlawful. The superintendent's decision shall be final.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3023

RECORD MANAGEMENT AND RETENTION

The school district will comply with all state and federal record retention requirements. These requirements apply to both physical and digital records. The district will refer to the Records Retention and Destruction Schedule Manual promulgated by the Bureau of Administration Records Management Program in determining the proper treatment, retention, or destruction of records.

Special Rules Related to Electronic Forms of Communication

Electronically stored information such as e-mail, instant messaging, and other electronic communication are important to the district's overall operation. E-mail and other forms of electronic communication which are subject to retention under state or federal law may be moved to a storage method other than their original format. Each individual who creates or receives electronic communications that belong to or pertains to the operation of the district is responsible for determining whether and in what format those records must be maintained. Duplicate records may be destroyed at any time prior to the approved retention period. Staff members who are uncertain about whether a record should be retained should consult with their supervising administrator.

The district's data storage capacity is limited. Therefore, electronic communication will only be retained on district resources in its original form with its metadata intact for a period of 60 days from the date the electronic communication is created.

Student Records

The retention of student records is also governed by the board's policy on student records.

Records Regarding Pending or Threatened Litigation

When litigation against the district or its employees is filed or threatened, the district will take all reasonable action to preserve all documents and records that pertain to the issue. When the district is made aware of pending or threatened litigation, a litigation hold directive will be issued by the superintendent or his/her designee. The directive will be given to all persons suspected of having records that may pertain to the potential issues in the litigation. The litigation hold directive overrides any records retention schedule that may otherwise call for the disposition or destruction of the records until the litigation hold has been lifted.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3024

BOOSTER CLUBS AND PARENT-TEACHER ORGANIZATIONS

Parent-teacher organizations and booster clubs (collectively, "Supporting Entities") promote goodwill throughout the community and strengthen educational programs via parental and community involvement in the district. However, the district's involvement with Supporting Entities may result in negative legal and political consequences.

Supporting Entities are separate entities from the district and board. Therefore, district employees may only participate in a Supporting Entity's activities as a member, officer, or director of the Supporting Entity. District employees may not participate in Supporting Entities in their capacity as a district employee. Further, in-school announcements for Supporting Entity sponsored functions must provide a clear indication that the function is sponsored by the Supporting Entity.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, an administrator employed by the district may attend the meetings of the Supporting Entity. An administrator who attends Supporting Entity meetings must strongly **recommend** that the Supporting Entity adopt the following policies:

- A. The Supporting Entity should legally establish itself as a Nonprofit Organization.
- B. The Supporting Entity should require that:
 - 1. all checks written out of the Supporting Entity's checking account contain two signatures;
 - 2. sales slips, receipts, or invoices for every expenditure be provided to the Supporting Entity's treasurer and kept in the Supporting Entity's records; and
 - 3. bank statements be reviewed and approved by the Supporting Entity treasurer and reconciled by a Supporting Entity officer that does not have check-signing authority.

Supporting Entities may only use the district's facilities for meetings or public activities, and may only use the district's names, logos, or mascots, upon prior written approval of a district administrator.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3025
RETURNED AND OUTSTANDING CHECKS

Returned Checks

Individuals or entities whose checks are repeatedly returned due to insufficient funds may be prohibited from paying amounts due to the school district via check.

Outstanding Checks

The business manager will review outstanding checks issued from the school district's accounts. Outstanding checks are those which have not been deposited by the payee within 180 days of issuance. The board authorizes the business manager to resolve all matters related to outstanding checks, including stopping payment and reissuing checks.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3026 HANDBOOKS

The school district's handbooks for students and staff are intended to convey information and explain school regulations and procedures that are necessary for the school to run smoothly and efficiently. Although the Board of Education may take action to approve the handbooks annually, the administration has the authority to change the contents of any handbook so long as the changes are consistent with board policy.

None of the district's handbooks creates a "contract" between the school district, staff members, parents, or students.

If any information contained in any handbook conflicts with board policy or state statute, the policy or statute will govern.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3027
RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS BETWEEN PARENTS OVER SCHOOL
ISSUES

It is in students' best educational interests to have parents work cooperatively with each other and with school personnel regarding their children's education. In certain circumstances, parents disagree with each other regarding their children's education or other issues involved with the school district. Though such disagreements typically occur with separated or divorced parents, this regulation is not limited to those circumstances.

Obtaining Records and Conferring with Teachers

All parents can obtain their children's records and meet with their children's teachers regardless of custody or visitation rights unless a court enters an order otherwise or their parental rights have been terminated. The district will not schedule separate parent-teacher conferences absent extraordinary circumstances.

Accessing a Child at School/Picking Up a Child

School personnel will neither interpret nor enforce court orders governing the relations between separated or divorced parents unless the court order terminates the parental rights of a parent, limits a parent to supervised visitation with minor children or otherwise specifically limits the parent's access to the child at school. In all other circumstances, parents may contact their child while at school or pick a child up from school at any time. School staff are not responsible for enforcing visitation schedules contained in any court order to which the school district is not a party.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3028 SEX OFFENDERS

The safety of the student's attending school is very important to the Board of Education. School employees, parents, and students should be aware of dangers posed by sex offenders living within the school district and should be vigilant in providing protection against these dangers.

The board does not generally permit registered sex offenders on school grounds, at any school sponsored activity, or on any property under the control of the school district. The superintendent or his/her designee is hereby empowered to notify sex offenders of this policy and to grant limited permission to attend certain activities on a case-by-case basis.

Students who are registered sex offenders shall not be precluded from receiving a free education from the school district on that basis. The school district will consider a student's status as a registered sex offender in determining the student's educational placement and program.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3029
**DISTRIBUTION OF FLYERS ADVERTISING NON-SCHOOL
ORGANIZATION ACTIVITIES**

As students can derive social and educational benefits from activities sponsored by non-school organizations, groups, or individuals, at the district's discretion, the district may distribute flyers advertising activities of non-school organizations that meet the requirements set forth below:

- A. The flyer may not contain statements that are obscene, lewd, vulgar, profane; violate federal, state or local laws or regulations; violate board policy; advocate the use or advertise the availability of any substance or material that may reasonably be believed to constitute a direct and substantial danger to the health or welfare of students, such as tobacco, alcohol or illegal drugs; incite violence; advocate use of force or urge violation of federal, state or municipal law, district policy or regulations; interfere with or advocate interference with the rights of any individual or the orderly operation of the schools and their programs.
- B. The non-school organization must contact the district office to (a) inform the district that it wishes to have flyers distributed to students and (b) obtain a date from the office on which the flyers will be delivered.
- C. The non-school organization must provide a sufficient number of copies of the flyer and must deliver them to the district at least three days before the date the flyers are to be distributed.
- D. The flyer may not advertise any activity which will take place during instructional time or during school-sponsored activities.
- E. The flyer must include a statement explaining that the organization is not affiliated with or endorsed by the district.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3030 AUTOMATIC EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED) PROGRAM

An automatic external defibrillator (AED) is a portable device used to induce electrical stimulation to the heart muscle in the event of a potential cardiac arrest. The school district has a limited number of AEDs in its facilities. The presence of AEDs in certain locations in selected district buildings does not imply that AEDs will generally be available in all locations or in all district buildings. Likewise, the district does not make any promise, express or implied, that a trained staff member will be available to operate the AED in the event of a potential cardiac arrest.

Volunteer Responders

Anyone may, at their discretion, provide voluntary assistance to victims of medical emergencies. The extent to which these individuals respond shall be appropriate to their training and experience, and may include CPR, AED or medical first aid.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3031
USE OF SCHOOL NAME AND LOGO

Any third-party organization is required to seek permission from the superintendent for use of the district's name, school name's, marks, logos, and mascot. The request must be submitted prior to use, and the approval must be in writing. The superintendent may revoke prior approval for the use of the district's names and symbols at any time.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3032

COPYING FEES FOR SCHOOL DISTRICT RECORDS

Requests for copies of school district records shall be subject to applicable copying fees. No fee shall be charged for providing a copy of a student or public record if a specific law or regulation requires the copy to be provided without charge.

Student Records

Students and their parents or guardians shall not be charged any fee to inspect and review the student's files or records. Students and their parents or guardians who desire a copy of the student's files or records shall pay the reasonable cost of reproduction as follows:

- A. The first three copies will be made at no cost. The business office may assess a fee per page after the initial copies.

Students and their parents or guardians **shall not be charged any fee:**

- A. To search for or retrieve any student's files or records.
- B. For a copy of a student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP).
- C. For copy of the special education evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility for special education services upon completion of the administration of assessments and other evaluation measures.
- D. If the fee effectively prevents the parents from exercising their right to inspect and review student records.

Student Records – Transfer School

A copy of the student's files or records, including academic material and any disciplinary material relating to any suspension or expulsion shall be provided at no charge, upon request, to any public or private school to which the student transfers.

Public Records

Individuals requesting copies of public records shall pay the cost of making the copies available.

- A. For photocopies, actual added costs may include a reasonably apportioned cost of the supplies, such as paper, toner, other equipment used in preparing the copies, and any additional payment obligation for the time of contractors necessarily incurred to comply with the copy request.
- B. For printouts of computerized data on paper, actual added cost may include computer run time and the cost of materials for making the copy.
- C. For electronic data, the actual added cost may include the reasonably calculated actual added cost of the computer run time, any necessary

analysis and programming, and production of a report in the form furnished to the requester.

- D. The actual added cost shall not include any charge for the existing salary or pay obligation to public officer or employees for the first hour of searching, identifying, physically redacting, or copying records, but fees may be charged after the first hour.
- E. The district shall not charge any fee for copies of public records that is prohibited by law but reserves the right to charge any other fee allowed by law.

The fee schedule for public records copies is as follows:

- A. Black and white letter or legal-sized photocopies: No charge for the first 5 copies; 10 cents for each copied page thereafter.
- B. Computer data printouts: No charge for the first 5 pages; 10 cents for each page thereafter.
- C. Other medium: Actual cost of reproduction.
- D. Postage fees: Actual cost

Estimates

The school district shall provide a requestor an estimate of cost when a request is reasonably likely to involve a fee in excess of fifty dollars. The requestor must then confirm in writing his or her acceptance of the cost estimate and agreement to pay.

Waiver

Documents may be furnished without charge or at a reduced charge where the district determines that waiver or reduction is in the public interest.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3033
LENDING TEXTBOOKS TO ELIGIBLE CHILDREN

The school district shall make textbooks available to all children aged five through nineteen who reside within the district, are enrolled in a public or nonpublic school within the district or are engaged in a course of instruction pursuant to state law within the district. Textbooks are any instructional materials approved by the board that constitute the principal source of teaching and learning for a given course of study including print and digital materials, but not including computer hardware.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3034
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURES

The president of the Vermillion School Board, on authority granted by school board resolution, authorizes the business manager to purchase a facsimile signature stamp/digital media of said president's signature. This signature stamp/digital media is to be kept in the sole, exclusive possession of the board president and maintained in a secured location. The business manager's signature will also be on a signature stamp/digital media and maintained by the business manager in a secured location.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3035

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART – DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

Good communication is critical to any organization. The following chart is offered as a guide to help facilitate effective communication amongst various stakeholders. Absent extraordinary circumstances, communication about a concern within the school district should be directed to the person at the level closest to the issue.

If a matter is not resolved, one may raise the concern to the next person. The superintendent administers all school district operations except as provided by another policy or as otherwise provided by law.

| | |
|---|--|
| Student Discipline: | 1. Classroom Teacher 2. Principal/Assistant Principal 3. Superintendent |
| Instruction or Curriculum: | 1. Teacher 2. Principal/Curriculum Director 3. Superintendent |
| Transportation: | 1. Bus Driver 2. Bus Company 3. Principal/Assistant Principal 4. Superintendent |
| Facilities, Grounds, or Maintenance: | 1. Custodial staff 2. Head custodian 3. Principal 4. Superintendent |
| Policy or Handbook: | 1. Principal 2. Superintendent |
| Athletics: | 1. Coach 2. Athletic/Activities Director 3. Principal 4. Superintendent |
| Personnel: | 1. Employee in question 2. Principal 3. Superintendent |
| All Other Matters | 1. Building Principal 2. Superintendent |

This policy does not supersede any individual's right to contact board members directly. However, whenever a matter is brought directly to the board as a whole or to a board member as an individual, it will be referred to the appropriate individual in the organization chart for study and resolution. The most effective means of initial communication is a personal conference, e-mail, or telephone conversation. E-mail addresses and phone numbers can

be found on the school district's website at <https://vermillion.k12.sd.us/our-district/admin-staff/> .

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: September 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3036

PURCHASING (CREDIT) CARD PROGRAM

The board approves the use of a purchasing card (credit card) program for the purchase of goods and services for and on behalf of the school district. The board shall determine the type of purchasing card or cards to be used in the program and shall contract with a third-party provider as provided by law.

Authorized Purchases

Authorized users have standing authority to use the purchasing card to charge actual, necessary, and reasonable travel expenses. Otherwise, the purchasing card may only be used to purchase goods and services approved by the board or the superintendent or designee.

Unauthorized Purchases

In no event shall the purchasing card be used for personal purchases, purchases that are not school related, alcohol purchases, or purchases that are not allowed by law. Such unauthorized use shall result in discipline, up to and including the end of employment. Individuals who make unauthorized purchases shall reimburse the district for the expense within ten days of the purchase or the discovery of the unauthorized purchase, whichever occurs first.

Authorized Users

Individuals holding the following titles may be assigned an individual purchasing card: business manager, superintendent, and curriculum director. The board may act at any meeting to authorize additional users or to revoke or suspend user privileges. Such action shall be recorded in the minutes. The school shall also maintain a purchasing card in the name of the school district. School district employees may purchase school related goods and services with the school district credit card only with authorization from the superintendent.

Documentation

Employees seeking reimbursement for a purchasing card purchase shall submit an itemized receipt ***and*** a purchasing card receipt to the school district. The itemized receipt shall include the name of the business, contact information, the date, a description of each item sufficient to give the board reasonable notice of the item purchased, and the price. **A non-itemized credit card receipt alone is not sufficient.** Employees shall maintain copies of any documentation submitted to the school district.

Suspension or Termination of Privileges

The board or the superintendent (or his or her designee) (1) **shall** temporarily or permanently suspend the purchasing card privileges of any individual that does not submit an itemized receipt for each purchasing card purchase, and (2) **may** temporarily or permanently suspend the purchasing card privileges of any individual for any other reason. The individual's purchasing card account shall be immediately closed, and he or she shall return the purchasing card to the superintendent or board. Purchases that are not accompanied by the required documentation shall be considered unauthorized, and the individual making the purchase shall reimburse the district within 10 days of the purchase or the discovery of the non-itemized purchase, whichever occurs first.

Reward Points or Rebates

Any reward points, rebates, or other benefits received from the third-party purchasing card company are and shall remain the property of the school district.

Purchase Review Procedures

The superintendent, or his or her designee, and representative from the finance committee shall conduct independent reviews of credit card expenses, or a sample thereof, on a quarterly basis. Any unlawful or unauthorized expenditure or other discrepancy shall be brought to the attention of the offending employee, if any, and the board. The superintendent or his or her designee shall provide the board at each regular meeting with the documentation submitted pursuant to this policy or a summary of that documentation with a description of each item sufficient to give the board reasonable notice of the items purchased. Any unlawful or unauthorized purchase shall be addressed as provided in this policy or as otherwise allowed by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3037 INVESTMENT POLICY

Scope

This policy applies to the investment of all funds of the Vermillion School District. Except for funds held in trust or special funds that are otherwise specifically provided for, the Vermillion School District will consolidate the balances from all funds to maximize investment earnings and meet the liquidity requirements of the district subject to the primary objective of providing security of principal.

Policy

Pursuant to SDCL 4-5-8, it is the policy of the Vermillion School District to invest idle public funds in a manner to meet the daily cash flow demands of the district with the primary objectives, in priority order, being: a) Safety of Principal b) Liquidity and c) Return on Investments.

A. Safety of Principal

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate the following risks.

1. Credit Risk

The Vermillion School District will minimize credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the investment issuer or backer, by limiting the portfolio to the types of investments listed in Section 5. Authorized and Suitable Investments of this policy and diversifying the investment portfolio to diminish the impact of potential losses from any one type of investment or from any one individual issuer.

2. Custodial Credit Risk

The Vermillion School District will minimize Custodial Credit Risk for deposits, which is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution the deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party would not be able to be recovered, as addressed in Section 6. Collateralization.

B. Liquidity

The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated.

C. Return

The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of secondary importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of the portfolio is limited to relatively low risk investments in

anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed.

Delegation of Authority

Authority to manage the investment program is granted to the business manager, who shall refrain from personal business activity that could impair his/her ability to make impartial decisions. The business manager acting in accordance with written procedures and this investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual investment's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and the liquidity and the sale of investments are carried out in accordance with the terms of this policy. Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

In case of an extended leave of absence of the business manager, the governing board shall appoint a designee.

Authorized Financial Dealer and Institution

The governing board authorizes the placement of cash resources in the following financial institutions:

- A. First Bank & Trust
- B. First Dakota National Bank
- C. CorTrust Bank
- D. Wells Fargo Bank and
- E. South Dakota Public Funds Investment Trust (FIT)

Authorized and Suitable Investments

The Vermillion School District is empowered by statute to invest in the following instruments:

- A. Interest bearing checking accounts
- B. Savings accounts
- C. Certificates of Deposit (CDs) (SDCL 13-16)
- D. Certificates of Deposit (CDs) purchased through CDARS® (Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service) (SDCL 4-5-6.1)
- E. Local Government Investment Pool (SD FIT)
- F. United States Treasury bills, bonds, and notes (SDCL 4-5-6)

The above-listed authorized deposits will be kept in banks in South Dakota as required by SDCL 13-16-15.

Collateralization

In accordance with the SDCL 4-6A and 51A-10-9 Qualified Public Depositories will furnish collateral in the sum equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the public deposit accounts that exceed deposit insurance.

SDCL 4-6A-3 requires that collateral be segregated by each depository in such a manner as approved by the South Dakota Public Deposit Protection Commission. Collateral may not be held in any safety deposit vault owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by the pledging financial institution but must be deposited for safekeeping in a financial institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve.

Interest Earned

The interest earned from investments shall be credited to the respective fund (except Agency funds) or the general fund. (SDCL 4-5-9)

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3038
FISCAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

Fixed assets listed in the General Ledger for fiscal accounting and reporting purposes will be according to the following values:

| Classification | Value in Excess of |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| General Equipment | \$5,000.00 per item |
| Food Service Equipment | \$5,000.00 per item |
| Buildings | \$50,000.00 |
| Building Improvements | \$50,000.00* |
| Improvements Other than Buildings | \$50,000.00 |
| Land | All land |
| Lease | \$50,000 |

*This will be for building improvements that result in extending the useful life of the building.

Depreciation: Straight line depreciation will be used.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements will be prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as will the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements will be reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

(GASB 1600.103)

Revenue Availability Criterion

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are levied on an annual basis. On the fund financial statements, the portion of the property tax levies that have not been collected by the end of the fiscal year and are not available will be considered deferred revenue.

(GASB 1600.106)

Operating vs. Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Our Food Service Fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing goods relating to the food service operation. The principal operating revenues of this operation are meal charges. Nonoperating revenues include grants, donated commodities and interest earned. Operating expenses of the food service operation include purchased services, salaries and benefits, food purchases/donations and depreciation. The loss on disposal of capital assets is a nonoperating cost. (GASB P80.118)

GASB and/or FASB

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for the business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. Our entity has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance. (GASB P80.103)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The entity's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. (GASB 2450.105)

Interest Income

All interest income will be recorded in the General Fund throughout the fiscal year. At year end the applicable interest income will be allocated to the Capital Outlay Fund, the Special Education Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Pension Fund. The interest income allocated to these funds may, upon board action, then be transferred back to the General Fund through transfer in/transfer out entries.

Interest income from the Trust & Agency account will be transferred to the General Fund each year.

Food Service Fund interest income will remain in the Food Service Fund.

Spending Priority

The Vermillion School District will spend the dollars in the respective funds in the following priority:

| | Restricted Funds | Committed Funds | Assigned Funds | Unassigned Funds |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| General Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Capital Outlay Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Special Education Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Pension Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Debt Service Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| Capital Projects Fund | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |

Special education maintenance of effort spending priority: federal then state and local funds will be used in that order.

Organizational Code of Conduct

The school and its employees must, at all times, comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The school will not condone the activities of employees who achieve results through violation of the law or unethical business dealings. This includes any payments for illegal acts, indirect contributions, rebates, and bribery. The school does not permit any activity that fails to stand the closest possible public scrutiny.

Employees uncertain about the application or interpretation of any legal requirements should refer the matter to their superior, who, if necessary, should seek legal advice.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: November 13, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3039 THREAT ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE

The Board of Education is committed to providing a safe environment for members of the school community. Students, staff, and patrons are urged to immediately report any statements or behavior that makes the observer fearful or uncomfortable about the safety of the school environment.

A. Obligation to Report threatening Statements or Behaviors

All staff and students must report any threatening statements or behavior to a member of the administration. Staff and students must make such a report regardless of the nature of the relationship between the individual who initiated the threat or threatening behavior and the person(s) who were threatened or who were the focus of the threatening behavior. Staff and students must also make such reports regardless of where or when the threat was made, or the threatening behavior occurred.

THREATS OR ASSAULTS WHICH REQUIRE IMMEDIATE INTERVENTION SHOULD BE REPORTED TO THE POLICE AT 911.

B. Threat Assessment Team

The threat assessment team (team) shall consist of the superintendent of schools, building principal(s), guidance counselor and local law enforcement. It could also include information technology staff, the school nurse, members of the mental health profession who would be willing to work with the school. Not every team member needs to participate in every threat assessment. If the threat has been made by or is directed towards, a student with a disability, the threat assessment team must include a staff member who is knowledgeable about special education services or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, as appropriate. Neither the student nor their student's family members are part of the threat assessment team.

The team is responsible for investigating all reported threats to school safety, evaluating the significance of each threat, and devising an appropriate response.

C. Threat Assessment Investigation and Response

When a threat is reported, the school administrator shall initiate an initial inquiry/triage and, in consultation with members of the threat assessment team, make a determination of the seriousness of the threat as expeditiously as possible. The school administrator must contact law enforcement if the administrator believes that an individual poses a clear and immediate threat of serious violence.

If there is no reasonably apparent imminent threat present or once such an imminent threat is contained, the threat assessment team will

meet to evaluate and respond to the threatening behavior. The team may, but is not required to, review the following types of information:

- a. Review of the threatening behavior and/or communication;
- b. Interviews with the individuals involved including students, staff members, and family members as necessary and/or appropriate;
- c. Review of school and other records for any prior history or interventions with the students involved;
- d. Any other investigatory methods that the team determines to be reasonable and useful.

At the conclusion of the investigation, the team will determine what, if any, response to the threat is appropriate. The team is authorized to disclose the results of its investigation to law enforcement and to the target(s) of any threatened acts. The team may refer the individual of concern to the appropriate school administrator for consequences under the school's student discipline policy or, if appropriate, report the results of its investigation to the student's individualized education plan team.

Regardless of threat assessment activities, disciplinary action and referral to law enforcement will occur consistent with board policy and South Dakota law.

D. Communication with the Public about Reported Threats

To the extent possible, the team will keep members of the school community informed about possible threats and about the team's response to those threats. This communication may include oral announcements, written communication sent home with students, and communication through print or broadcast media. However, the team will not reveal the identity of the individual of concern or of any target(s) of threatened violence unless permitted by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3040

SCHOOL SAFETY AND SECURITY

In order to fulfill its obligation to provide a safe and secure learning environment, the Board of Education has adopted this School Safety and Security Policy. Although the district will take reasonable steps to protect students and staff, no entity can provide complete safety and security at all times. This policy does not make the district a guarantor of the safety of students, staff, or patrons.

General Safety and Security

A. Access to School Facilities

1. The school's facilities may not be used for funeral or memorial services during the school day.

B. Memorials

1. Memorials often create a visual reminder of a particular crisis that may reintroduce feelings of grief for students. Therefore, memorials are generally not allowed anywhere on school premises.
2. Individuals who wish to seek a waiver of the general prohibition against memorials must follow the steps outlined below:
 - a. The individual must first meet with the superintendent or his/her designee to discuss the request for a memorial.
3. This policy is not intended to discourage the acceptance of memorial funds or specific items.

Building Principals' Duties Related to Safety and Security

A. Visitor Protocol

Each building principal shall adopt a protocol for visitors to his/her school building to sign in upon arrival and departure and to be identified as a visitor while they are in the building during the school day. The protocol must also address visitors in specialized areas of the school such as playgrounds, gyms, cafeterias, and the like.

This protocol may be written or unwritten but must be clearly communicated to and enforced by all staff.

The building principal will report individuals who repeatedly violate the visitor protocol to the superintendent for possible exclusion from school facilities pursuant to board policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3041
DISASTER PLANS AND DRILLS

The superintendent shall ensure that a written plan is prepared that addresses the safety of pupils and provides for regular fire, tornado, and other disaster drills. The superintendent will ensure at least two fire exit drills per semester for all students. This plan shall be filed in the office of the superintendent along with a record showing the dates and times of safety drills conducted.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3045 USE OF K-9 DRUG DOGS

The Board of Education finds that the possession of illegal drugs and other contraband on school grounds is unlawful, is disruptive of the educational process, is harmful to students and staff, and is contrary to the interests of the school district. Accordingly, to minimize the presence of these items on school grounds, the administration is authorized to use K-9 drug dogs according to the protocol set forth in this policy.

Protocol for Use of K-9 Drug Dogs

- A. The superintendent, or the building principal with the superintendent's permission, may initiate the use of specially trained K-9 drug dogs to conduct an inspection.
- B. The administration will contact the canine provider and/or the appropriate law enforcement agency to schedule the use of a K-9 drug dog or dogs. The administration shall require an assurance from the provider that any K-9 drug dogs to be used in the school have been properly trained and may request evidence of the training and/or certification of the dogs. In no event will the school district authorize a K-9 drug dog to sniff any person.
- C. The superintendent or if designated by the superintendent, the building principal, and law enforcement representatives or canine provider will confer regarding the specific plan of areas to be inspected. The plan may involve any or all school building facilities, vehicles in the school parking lot, or other areas where student and staff vehicles are parked on school property during or after school hours.
- D. If the inspection is scheduled for a day when school is in session, students and staff will be informed over the public address system and will be directed to remain in their rooms until given further directions.
- E. During the inspection, administrators may assign personnel to designated areas as deemed appropriate to assist in the smooth handling of the inspection.
- F. After the inspection is finished, students and staff will be notified through the public address system and will be thanked for their cooperation.
- G. If the K-9 drug dog alerts, the alert will constitute reasonable cause for the administration to conduct a search of the property. If the K-9 drug dog alerts a vehicle on school grounds, the owner will be required to unlock the vehicle doors and trunk for further inspection of the interior of the vehicle. If the owner refuses to unlock the vehicle, the matter will be turned over to law enforcement authorities. The owner will be subject to disciplinary action as specified in board policy and/or the

student or staff handbook or as otherwise allowed by law. This may include discipline for the refusal to obey an administrative directive.

- H. Any illegal drugs or contraband found on school grounds, whether in a desk, locker, vehicle, or any other place on school grounds, will be confiscated and turned over to law enforcement authorities. A student's parents will be contacted. The individual will be subject to disciplinary action as specified in board policy and/or the student or staff handbook or as otherwise allowed by law.
- I. At the conclusion of the inspection, school officials will confer with the canine provider and/or any law enforcement authorities who were involved in the inspection to review the results of the inspection. The administration may authorize any follow-up inspections or other action deemed appropriate.

Notice to Students and Staff

Students and staff shall be informed of the district's policy regarding the use of K-9 drug dogs as soon as practicable after the adoption of this policy. Thereafter, students and staff shall be informed of the policy at the beginning of the school year. By this policy and/or via the provision in the student or staff handbook, students and staff are specifically notified that:

- A. Lockers may be sniffed by K-9 drug dogs at any time.
- B. Vehicles parked on school property may be sniffed by K-9 drug dogs at any time.
- C. Classrooms and other common areas may be sniffed by K-9 drug dogs at any time students and staff are not present.
- D. If contraband of any kind is found, the student or staff member shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3046 ANIMALS AT SCHOOLS

Animals are not allowed in school district buildings or on school district property without the written permission of the superintendent or his or her designee except as provided in this policy or as otherwise required by law.

A. **Use of Animals for Instructional Purposes**

Animals that support a district program or curriculum or that are used for instructional purposes are allowed in school district buildings or on school district property with the written permission of the superintendent or building principal.

B. **Service Animals**

The school district does not permit discrimination against individuals with disabilities, including those who require the assistance of a service animal. An individual with a disability is permitted to be accompanied by his/her service animal on school property when required by law, subject to the conditions of this policy.

1. **Service Animal**

A "service animal" is a dog that has been individually trained to do work or perform tasks for the benefit of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual, or other mental disability. Work or tasks **do not** include the crime deterrent effects of an animal's presence and the provision of emotional support, well-being, comfort, or companionship. The work or tasks performed by a service animal must be directly related to the handler's disability or necessary to mitigate a disability. Other species of animals, whether wild or domestic, trained, or untrained, are not service animals for the purposes of this definition. **See also**, Miniature Horses below.

2. **School District Inquiries**

School officials **may** ask the owner or handler of an animal whether the animal is required because of a disability and what work or task the animal has been trained to do **unless** the answers to these inquiries are readily apparent. School officials **may not** ask about the nature or extent of a person's disability and may not require documentary proof of certification or licensing as a service animal.

3. **Procedural Requirements**

The following requirements must be satisfied **before** a service animal will be allowed in school buildings or on school grounds:

4. **Request**

A person who wants to be accompanied by his/her service animal must submit a written request form to a principal or superintendent. The request form is attached to this policy. These

requests must be renewed each school year or whenever a different service animal will be used. When a request to be accompanied by a service animal is submitted by, or on behalf of, a student who has an Individualized Education Program (IEP) and/or a Section 504 Plan, then the request shall be promptly referred to the student's respective IEP Team and/or 504 Team for its consideration and/or input.

5. Health and Vaccination

The owner or handler must have proof of current licensure from the local licensing authority including proof of the service animal's current vaccinations and immunizations required by law.

Service animals will not be allowed in school buildings or other school property until the school has approved the request.

6. Control

A service animal must be under the control of its handler at all times. The service animal must have a harness, backpack, vest identifying the dog as a trained service dog, leash, or other tether. If the handler is unable to use a harness, backpack, vest, leash, or other tether, because of a disability or the use of a harness, backpack, vest, leash, or other tether would interfere with the service animal's safe, effective performance of work or tasks, the use of these items is not required. However, the service animal must be otherwise under the handler's control.

7. Exclusion or Removal from School

A service animal may be excluded from school property and buildings if a school administrator determines that:

- a. A handler does not have control of the service animal;
- b. The service animal is not housebroken;
- c. The service animal presents a direct and immediate threat to others in the school; or
- d. The animal's presence fundamentally alters the nature of the service, program, or activity.

The handler or the student's parent or guardian shall be required to remove the service animal from school premises immediately upon such a determination. If the service animal is removed, the individual with a disability shall be provided with the opportunity to participate in the service, program, or activity without the service animal.

8. Allergic Reactions

If any student or school employee assigned to a classroom or mode of transportation in which a service animal is permitted suffers an allergic reaction to the service animal, the person having custody and control of the animal will be required to remove the animal to a different location designated by an administrator. The school will

arrange a meeting between school personnel, the individual with the disability, and the parents or guardian(s) of the person with the disability if that person is a student to develop an alternate plan.

9. Supervision and Care of Service Animals

The owner or handler of a service animal is solely responsible for the supervision and care of the animal, including any feeding, exercising, and cleaning up while the animal is in a school building or on school property. The student's parent or guardian is responsible for providing for the supervision and the care of the animal in the event that his or her student is not able to do so. The school district is not responsible for providing any care, supervision, or assistance for a service animal.

10. Extra Charges

The owner or handler of a service animal will not be required to pay an admission fee or a charge for the animal to attend events for which a fee is charged.

11. Damage to School Property and Injuries

The owner or handler of a service animal is solely responsible and liable for any damage to school property or injury to personnel, students, or others caused by the animal.

12. Miniature Horses

Requests to permit the use of a miniature horse by an individual with a disability will be addressed on a case-by-case basis by considering the following factors:

- a. The type, size, and weight of the miniature horse and whether the facility can accommodate these features;
- b. Whether the handler has sufficient control of the miniature horse;
- c. Whether the miniature horse is housebroken; and
- d. Whether the miniature horse's presence in a specific facility compromises legitimate safety requirements that are necessary for safe operation.

All additional requirements outlined in this policy, which apply to service animals, shall apply to miniature horses.

13. Service Animal in Training

This policy shall also be applicable to service animals in training that are accompanied by a bona fide trainer.

14. Denial of Access and Grievance

If a school official denies a request for access of a service animal, the disabled individual or parent or guardian can file a written grievance with the school's Section 504 Coordinator.

C. Therapy Animals

A "therapy animal" is an animal that has been individually trained and certified to work with its owner to provide emotional support, well-being,

comfort, or companionship. Therapy animals are not “service animals” as that term is used in the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Therapy animals will not be allowed on school grounds or school property except as otherwise required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3047 DATA BREACH RESPONSE

A. Preparation

A breach of system security is the unauthorized acquisition of unencrypted computerized data or encrypted computerized data and the encryption key by any person that materially compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal or protected information maintained by the information holder. The district will implement and maintain reasonable security procedures and practices that are appropriate to the nature and sensitivity of the personal information handled by the district. In order to ensure compliance with state and federal law, in the event of a breach the following preparatory steps shall be taken.

1. Data Governance

The superintendent, or their designee, will create an annually updated data directory that will include:

- a. Computing devices purchased by the district;
- b. Software that is installed on district devices;
- c. Staff members with access to district devices;
- d. Staff members with active usernames and passwords for any district software.

2. New Devices and Software

Any new software or device that is used in a district building for district purposes will be submitted to the superintendent or their designee for inclusion in the directory.

B. Incident Response Plan

1. Assessment and Investigation

- a. If the district becomes aware of a breach of system security, it will make every reasonable effort to remedy the cause of the breach as soon as possible.
- b. The district will conduct a good faith, reasonable, and prompt investigation to determine the likelihood that personal or protected information has been or will be acquired by an unauthorized person.
- c. This investigation will include, but not be limited to, an assessment of what software, hardware, and physical documents were accessed; which district personnel had access to the compromised data; and what specific data was compromised.

2. Notification to Affected Individuals

- a. If the investigation determines that the unauthorized acquisition of personal or protected information has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur, the district shall give notice to the affected South Dakota resident(s) as required by law.

3. Notification of Law Enforcement and Outside Organizations

- a. Notice of any breach of system security will be provided to the South Dakota Attorney General's office as required by law.
- b. The superintendent will determine if the Family Policy Compliance Office will be notified of the breach.
- c. The superintendent will determine if the Privacy Technical Assistance Center will be notified of the breach.

C. Former Employees

When an employee terminates their employment with the district, whether through resignation or termination by the district, the district's technology coordinator will ensure all of the former employee's password and access information is changed as soon as practicable. Any physical hardware or other technology belonging to the district must be returned by the employee immediately or the district may pursue criminal action against the employee.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3048 COMMUNICABLE DISEASE

The school district strives to provide a safe environment for both students and staff while safeguarding the rights of all students and employees, including those with communicable diseases.

Communicable Diseases

Communicable diseases are those defined by the South Dakota Department of Health.

School Attendance and Participation in School Sponsored Activities

A student who has been diagnosed with a communicable disease shall be provided with educational services in accordance with state law and board policy. Generally, individuals with a communicable disease will be restricted only to the extent necessary to prevent the transmission of the disease, to protect their health and rights of privacy, and to protect the health and safety of others. The decision regarding a student's education program and placement shall be made on an individual basis in light of current medical and educational information and recommendations. In addition, participation in South Dakota High School Activities Association (SDHSAA) events will be subject to its rules and procedures, if any.

Infection and Exposure Control Procedures/Universal Precautions

The district will monitor the information available through the Federal Centers for Disease Control, the South Dakota Department of Health, and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. This policy and any procedures, universal precautions, or exposure control plan will be modified, if appropriate, based upon the best new medical information provided by the above sources.

The superintendent will take appropriate measures if there is an epidemic or outbreak of a communicable disease which may include, but is not limited to, the emergency exclusion or alternative placement of students or the closure of a school building or the entire school district.

Confidentiality

The existence of an individual's communicable disease shall be treated as confidential and will be limited to school staff on a "need-to-know" basis. If it is necessary to inform a person of another's condition (due to exposure, for instance), the person will be notified of the confidentiality of that disclosure.

Reporting

Any student or staff who learns that an individual has a communicable disease will report it to the superintendent, building principal or school

nurse. Failure to report may result in disciplinary action in accordance with state and federal law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3049
DRONES AND UNMANNED AIRCRAFT

Drones, Unmanned Aircraft Systems, and any other such vehicles ("drones"), which are not operated for purposes of district programs or activities, may not be operated on or above district property without the prior written permission of the superintendent or designee. Any authorized use of drones must comply with all state and federal regulations governing the operation of drones, including FAA regulations.

Drones owned by the district or operated on or above district property with permission must be operated:

- A. In compliance with this policy and all other district policies;
- B. Only outside the school building(s) in the area authorized or designated by the superintendent or designee;
- C. Under the direct supervision of an individual fully trained and skilled in the system's operation;
- D. By an individual with the requisite skill and training to safely operate the drone; and
- E. Consistent with any other limitations imposed by the superintendent or designee.

Any monitoring or recording of picture, video, or audio by a drone must have the prior written permission of the superintendent or designee and comply with all board policies governing recordings, data, and records.

Any unauthorized use of a drone is strictly prohibited. Devices used in a manner that does not comply with this policy or applicable state and federal law may be confiscated and the operator may be subject to discipline, civil liability, or criminal liability.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3050 TECHNOLOGY IN THE CLASSROOM

The district desires to use technology in a way that aids in the education of students. New devices and applications offer a number of helpful tools that can improve the student experience and increase learning. Many of these devices and applications also create concerns about student privacy. It is the goal of the district to embrace the helpful elements of technological advancement while remaining mindful of potential student privacy issues.

Devices

Non-district issued electronic devices may be provided by teachers for use in their classroom, so long as the use of such devices is supervised by a staff member and subject to the conditions set forth below.

Teachers who wish to bring a device into the classroom should inform the principal before deploying the device. The building principal may at his or her discretion prohibit the use of such devices or otherwise limit their use. The building principal may at any time direct that a teacher discontinues use of a given device.

Smart speakers such as Google Home, Amazon Echo, Apple Home Pod, and similar devices may be approved for use in the classroom. The device must be registered to an account linked to the classroom teacher's school email address. The district will not maintain any records created by use of the smart speaker device.

All other electronic devices that connect to the internet that a staff member wishes to use for the education of students should be disclosed to the administration prior to use. Any classroom recordings made by a staff member will be made pursuant to district policy.

Assistive Technology

Assistive technology may be used in district classrooms. Any assistive technology, such as an Angel Sense device, that actively or passively creates or transmits audio or video recordings must have that function disabled while the student uses the device in a district classroom unless required by law. No assistive technology devices will be permitted to record or transmit the classroom activity of other students unless required by law.

Applications, Generally

The school will serve as an agent for parents/guardians in the collection of information within the school context. The school's use of student information is solely for educational purposes.

District Applications

The district uses various software applications to record, track, and store student data. Each application selected by the district is in compliance with federal and state law, to the best of the administration's knowledge. Should the district become aware that an application used by the district has suffered a data breach or been found to be out of compliance with federal or state law, the district will investigate the scope of the violations and notify students, parents, and staff in accordance with district policy.

Staff-Selected Applications

Staff are permitted to select applications for use in the classroom. Staff must perform basic due diligence to ensure that the application is safe for students and serves a pedagogical purpose. Staff must notify their supervising administrator of the application they plan to use as part of their lesson plan prior to their use in the classroom. The district may at any time direct that a teacher discontinues use of a given application. The district will provide training on the relevant student privacy laws to staff members who are selecting and deploying applications in the classroom.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3051

OPIOID OVERDOSE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

The district may maintain an opioid antagonist in its schools. Pursuant to South Dakota law the board will permit trained school staff to administer the opioid antagonist to any person at school or a school event displaying symptoms of an opioid overdose.

This policy shall not create a duty on the part of the school district and/or its personnel to administer the opioid antagonist. School representatives will not administer opioid antagonist under the following circumstances:

- A. An opioid antagonist is not available during the overdose emergency;
- B. There is no individual available who is qualified to administer an opioid antagonist; or
- C. School representatives are uncertain as to whether an opioid overdose is occurring.

Procurement and Storage

The superintendent, in consultation with the school's nursing staff, will make the necessary arrangements to obtain opioid antagonists. The opioid antagonist will be stored unlocked in the nurses' office(s). The superintendent, in consultation with the school's nursing staff, will reorder opioid antagonists.

Training Requirement

No district employee may administer an opioid antagonist without the training required by this policy. The training must cover:

- A. Symptoms of an opiate overdose;
- B. Protocols and procedures for administering an opioid antagonist;
- C. Symptoms of adverse responses to an opioid antagonist;
- D. Protocols and procedures for stabilizing the patient if an adverse response occurs; and
- E. Procedures for transporting, storing, and securing an opioid antagonist.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3052

LEASING PERSONAL PROPERTY

Leases of Personal Property by the District

A. Applicability of this policy

Leases of personal property using any federal funds, whether those funds are derived directly from the federal government (e.g., award of a federal grant) or are derived bypass-through awards from the South Dakota Department of Education (e.g., special education funds, school lunch funds, Title I funds) are subject to the policy on purchasing and procurement with federal funds, which is found elsewhere in this section.

This policy applies to all other leases of personal property made by the school district other than construction, remodeling, repair, and site improvements.

B. General Leasing Policy

1. The school district's budget shall be the guide for all leases of personal property. Any leases of personal property must be approved by the board or superintendent.
2. The board intends to lease competitively, whenever possible, without prejudice and to seek maximum educational value for every dollar expended.
3. The leasing of equipment and other goods shall be centralized in the administration office under the supervision of the superintendent of schools, who shall be responsible for developing and administering the leasing program of the school district.
4. Leases of personal property or commitments of district funds that are not authorized by this policy will be the responsibility of the person making the commitment.
5. No board member, employee, volunteer, parent-teacher organization, or other individual or entity may use a school district account, its tax identification number, or its tax exemption to make personal leases of any kind or for any reason.

C. Leasing Procedures

1. School personnel must secure the approval of the board or superintendent before entering into a lease for personal property.
2. For leases of more than \$10,000, the district will secure written quotes and/or estimates from a reasonable number of vendors. The district will lease from a responsible vendor with the lowest price unless the board approves the lease from the more expensive vendor.

D. Relations with Vendors

1. The board wishes to maintain good working relations with vendors who lease equipment, goods, and other personal property to the

- school system. The school shall not extend favoritism to any vendors. Each lease shall be entered into on the basis of quality, price, and delivery, with past experiences being a factor if all other considerations are equal.
2. No lease shall be made that violates any conflict-of-interest policy or law.
 3. The board believes in patronizing local businesses. Consequently, when proposals are judged to be equal in terms of quality, price, and/or service, the lease will be awarded to the firm that is located within the district. However, the board will not sacrifice either quality or economy to patronize local businesses.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3053 NONDISCRIMINATION

The school district does not discriminate on the basis of prohibited factors in employment and educational programs/activities. The school district affirmatively strives to provide equal opportunity for all as required by:

- A. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 - prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin.
- B. Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended - prohibits discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- C. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 - prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex.
- D. Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 (ADEA) as amended - prohibits discrimination on the basis of age with respect to individuals who are at least 40.
- E. The Equal Pay Act of 1963 as amended - prohibits sex discrimination in payment of wages to women and men performing substantially equal work in the same establishment.
- F. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 - prohibits discrimination against the disabled.
- G. Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) - prohibits discrimination against individuals with disabilities in employment, public service, public accommodations, and telecommunications.
- H. The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to "eligible" employees for certain family and medical reasons.
- I. The Pregnancy Discrimination Act of 1978 - prohibits discrimination in employment on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions.
- J. The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) – provides job protection and reemployment rights to military reservists and National Guard members called to active duty.
- K. The Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act - prohibits discrimination against groups that wish to access district facilities.
- L. The South Dakota Human Relations Act – prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, ancestry, disability, or national origin.
- M. The Equal Pay Act of South Dakota – prohibits discriminatory wage practices based on sex.
- N. Veterans Preference Law (SDCL § 3-3-1 *et seq.*) stipulates categorical preferences for employment for military veterans and for the spouses of disabled veterans.

Additional school board policies prohibit harassment and/or discrimination against students, employees, or patrons on the basis of sex, race, color, ethnic or national origin, religion, marital status, disability, age, pregnancy, and any other legally prohibited basis. Retaliation for engaging in a protected activity is also prohibited.

Any person who believes she or he has been discriminated against, denied a benefit, or excluded from participation in any district education program or activity may file a complaint using the district's complaint procedures.

Inquiries regarding compliance with any of the laws referred to in this policy may be directed to the superintendent or to the district's Title IX and/or Section 504/ADA Coordinator.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

3054 LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT

The board is committed to providing a safe environment conducive to learning for members of the school community. In furtherance of this commitment, the board designates the Vermillion Police Department and the Clay County Sheriff's Department to act as the district's Law Enforcement Unit.

Authority of the Law Enforcement Unit

The law enforcement unit is officially authorized to:

- A. Enforce any local, state, or federal law, or refer to appropriate authorities a matter for enforcement of any local, state, or federal law against; *and*
- B. Maintain the physical security and safety of the district.

In maintaining the physical security and safety of the district, the law enforcement unit may employ surveillance or other safety or security equipment in compliance with state and federal law. The law enforcement unit is responsible for the maintenance and security of any such equipment.

Records of the Law Enforcement Unit

All records created and maintained by the law enforcement unit for a law enforcement purpose are considered law enforcement unit records. This would include any records produced by surveillance or other safety or security equipment employed by the law enforcement unit to maintain the physical security and safety of the district.

Law enforcement unit records must be maintained by the law enforcement unit until the unit determines the records may be destroyed. The law enforcement unit is responsible for maintaining law enforcement unit records separate and apart from the student records maintained by the district pursuant to the board's policy regarding student records.

Law enforcement unit records may only be disclosed with the authorization of the superintendent or his/her designee. Only copies of law enforcement unit records may be disclosed, and the original must be retained by the law enforcement unit and will continue to be considered a law enforcement unit record.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3055 MEDICAL CANNABIS

The district will allow individuals to consume medical marijuana in accordance with the law and this policy.

- A. **Designated Caregiver** is a person who is at least 21 years old who has agreed to assist with a student's medical use of cannabis. No person can act as a designated caregiver if they have been convicted of a felony.
- B. **Medical Cannabis** is cannabis in a non-smokable form.
- C. **Registry Identification Card** is a document issued or recognized by the South Dakota Department of Health that identifies a person as a registered qualifying patient or registered designated caregiver.
- D. **Student Cardholder** is a student who possesses a valid registry identification card.

Required Notice and Documentation

The district will allow a designated caregiver to administer medical cannabis to a student at school or during a school-sponsored activity only after the caregiver does the following:

- A. Notifies the district of their intent to administer medical cannabis to a student; and
- B. Submits the following documentation:
 - 1. A physician's written and signed certification which states the recommended dosage, frequency or time of administration and length of time between dosages;
 - 2. Present the student's and designated caregiver's registry identification cards for the district's records. The district will maintain a copy of both cards;
 - 3. A written statement releasing the district and personnel and volunteers of the school district from any and all liability, except in cases of willful or wanton conduct or reckless disregard of the criteria of the treatment plan;
 - 4. A written acknowledgment that no district personnel are required to administer medical cannabis.

Self-Administration Forbidden

No student, regardless of age, may possess or self-administer medical cannabis at school or during a school activity. A student who has reached the age of 18 must still comply with all notice and documentation requirements of this policy and must still have a designated caregiver administer medical cannabis at school or during a school activity.

Change in Status

A parent or guardian of a student must provide written notice to the district if:

- A. The student's designated caregiver changes;
- B. The student no longer has a debilitating medical condition as defined by state law regarding medical cannabis; or
- C. The student's registry identification card is void, expired, or revoked.

This notice must be provided within ten calendar days of the change. Failure to provide such notice may result in the district refusing to continue to allow administration of medical cannabis.

Discipline

Any student in possession of or under the influence of cannabis inconsistent with this policy is subject to discipline in accordance with district policy.

Safety of Others

The district may choose to disallow students from participation in various educational tasks or school activities if the student's usage of medical cannabis could put the student or others in an unsafe environment or the student's usage causes disruption to the educational environment.

Caregiver Administration

District personnel will not administer medical cannabis to student cardholders. Upon providing all required notice and documentation as required by this policy, a designated caregiver may possess and administer to a student cardholder on or in school property or at a school-sponsored activity. District personnel who are also parents, guardians, or individuals in legal control of a student eligible for administration of medical cannabis must comply with all aspects of this policy to serve as a designated caregiver.

To ensure such administration does not create a disruption to the district's educational environment, each caregiver will meet with district administration or relevant education team to create a written administration plan for time, place, and frequency of administration. This plan must be formulated prior to the designated caregiver's administration of medical cannabis.

After each administration, the designated caregiver will remove any remaining medical cannabis from the district, any property being used by the district, or the school activity.

Staff Usage of Medical Cannabis

All district personnel are subject to the district's policy regarding the maintenance of a drug-free workplace. Any district employee may be subject to discipline for the ingestion of cannabis at school or for performing their duties while under the influence of cannabis, in accordance with state and

federal law. This policy in no way alleviates the requirements of district policy regarding drivers.

Usage by District Guests and Patrons

Any person on school grounds or attending a school activity will not be allowed to be under the influence of cannabis or to use medical cannabis in such a way that it causes a disruption to the educational environment. Failure to comply with this policy may result in exclusion from school grounds or activities, in accordance with state and federal law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

3056 GUEST SPEAKERS

The school board recognizes that guest speakers with demonstrated expertise in areas of interest to the school district and its students may enrich the students' educational experiences. The school district has adopted this policy to ensure that the messages provided by outside speakers do not conflict with school district policies, the fundamental values of a public-school education, or the legal limitations placed on public school districts. Individuals who wish to invite a guest speaker must follow the procedures outlined below.

Classroom or School-Sponsored Activity Guest Speakers

Teachers or activity sponsors who desire to invite a guest speaker to address his or her class or activity members must:

- A. Research the guest speaker, have a clear understanding of the guest speaker's purpose and message, and determine that the speaker's message complies with the school district's policies and fundamental values. Communicate your guest speaker with your building administrator.
- B. Remain with the speaker and students to facilitate and monitor the discussion.

Assembly Speakers

Employees who desire to invite a guest speaker to address staff or students at an assembly must follow the identical procedures outlined above.

Other Requirements

The inviting employee or appropriate administrator may interrupt or stop the presentation if it violates this or any other school policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

3057 TITLE IX POLICY

It is the policy of the school district that no person shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any of the school district's programs or activities. The district is required by Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681) and 34 C.F.R. part 106 to not discriminate in such a manner.

1. Title IX Coordinator

1.1. Designation. The district will designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under this policy, who will be referred to as the "**Title IX Coordinator.**" The district will notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians of students, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district, of the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the Title IX Coordinator. Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual harassment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination or sexual harassment). This report may be made by any means, including but not limited to, in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's verbal or written report. Such a report may be made at any time (including during non-business hours).

2. Definitions. As used in this policy, the following terms are defined as follows:

2.1. Actual knowledge means notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to any district employee. Imputation of knowledge based solely on vicarious liability or constructive notice is insufficient to constitute actual knowledge. This standard is not met when the only district employee with actual knowledge is the respondent (as that term is defined below). "Notice" as used in this paragraph includes, but is not limited to, a report of sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator as described in subsection 1.1 above.

2.2. Complainant means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

2.3. Formal complaint means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the allegation of

sexual harassment. The only district official who is authorized to initiate the Grievance Process for Formal Complaints of Sexual Harassment against a respondent is the Title IX Coordinator (by signing a formal complaint). At the time of filing a formal complaint with the district, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the district's education program or activity. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information required to be listed for the Title IX Coordinator under subsection 1.1 above, and by any additional method designated by the district. As used in this paragraph, the phrase "document filed by a complainant" means a document or electronic submission (such as by electronic mail or through an online portal provided for this purpose by the district) that contains the complainant's physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint. Where the Title IX Coordinator signs a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator is not a complainant or otherwise a party under this policy or under 34 C.F.R. part 106 and will comply with the requirements of this policy and 34 C.F.R. part 106, including subsections 5.1.3–5.1.4 and 34 C.F.R. § 106.45(b)(1)(iii).

2.4. Respondent means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

2.5. Consent for purposes of this policy means the willingness in fact for conduct to occur. An individual may, as a result of age, incapacity, disability, lack of information, or other circumstances be incapable of providing consent to some or all sexual conduct or activity. Neither verbal nor physical resistance is required to establish that an individual did not consent. District officials will consider the totality of the circumstances in determining whether there was consent for any specific conduct. Consent may be revoked or withdrawn at any time.

2.6. Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

2.6.1. An employee of the district conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.

2.6.2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's education program or activity.

2.6.3. Sexual assault, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), which means an offense classified as a forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation:

2.6.3.1. Sex Offenses, Forcible—Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

- 2.6.3.1.1. Rape**— (Except Statutory Rape) The carnal knowledge of a person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- 2.6.3.1.2. Sodomy**—Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- 2.6.3.1.3. Sexual Assault with An Object**—To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- 2.6.3.1.4 Fondling**—The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- 2.6.3.2. Sex Offenses, Non-forcible**— (Except Prostitution Offenses) Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.
- 2.6.3.2.1. Incest**—Non-Forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- 2.6.3.2.2. Statutory Rape**—Non-Forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- 2.6.3.3. Dating violence**, as defined in 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a), which means violence committed by a person—
- 2.6.3.4.** who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and
- 2.6.3.5.** where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
- 2.6.3.5.1.** The length of the relationship.
- 2.6.3.5.2.** The type of relationship.
- 2.6.3.5.3.** The frequency of interaction between the people involved in the relationship.
- 2.6.4. Domestic violence**, as defined in 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a), which includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim under the family or domestic violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant

funding and, in the case of victim services, includes the use or attempted use of physical abuse or sexual abuse, or a pattern of any other coercive behavior committed, enabled, or solicited to gain or maintain power and control over a victim, including verbal, psychological, economic, or technological abuse that may or may not constitute criminal behavior, by a person who —

- a. is a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, or person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim;
- b. is cohabitating or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- c. shares a child in common with the victim; or
- d. commits acts against a youth or adult victim who is protected from those acts under the family or domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

2.6.5. Stalking, as defined in 34 U.S.C. § 12291(a)(30), which means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—

2.6.5.1. fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or

2.6.5.2. suffer substantial emotional distress.

2.7. Supportive measures mean non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the district's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security, and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. The district will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the district to provide the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

3. Discrimination Not Involving Sexual Harassment.

3.1. General Prohibition. Except as provided elsewhere in Title IX, 34 C.F.R. part 106, or this policy, no person shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected

to discrimination under any academic, extracurricular, research, occupational training, or other education program or activity operated by the district.

3.2. Specific Prohibitions. Except as provided elsewhere in Title IX, 34 C.F.R. part 106, or this policy, in providing any aid, benefit, or service to a student, the district will not on the basis of sex:

3.2.1. Treat one person differently from another in determining whether such person satisfies any requirement or condition for the provision of such aid, benefit, or service;

3.2.2. Provide different aid, benefits, or services or provide aid, benefits, or services in a different manner;

3.2.3. Deny any person any such aid, benefit, or service;

3.2.4. Subject any person to separate or different rules of behavior, sanctions, or other treatment;

3.2.5. Apply any rule concerning the domicile or residence of a student or applicant;

3.2.6. Aid or perpetuate discrimination against any person by providing significant assistance to any agency, organization, or person which discriminates on the basis of sex in providing any aid, benefit, or service to students or employees;

3.2.7. Otherwise limit any person in the enjoyment of any right, privilege, advantage, or opportunity.

3.3. Complaint Procedure. All complaints regarding any alleged discrimination on the basis of sex, including without limitation violations of this policy, 34 C.F.R. part 106, Title IX, Title VII, or other state or federal law—when the alleged discrimination does not arise from or relate to an allegation of sexual harassment as defined in subsection 2.6 above—shall be addressed pursuant to the district’s general complaint procedure, board policy 2006.

4. Response to Sexual Harassment

4.1. Reporting Sexual Harassment. Any person who witnesses an act of unlawful sexual harassment is encouraged to report it to the district’s Title IX Coordinator. No person will be retaliated against based on any report of suspected sexual harassment or retaliation. Any district employee who receives a report of sexual harassment or has actual knowledge of sexual harassment must convey that information to the Title IX Coordinator as soon as reasonably practicable, but in no case later than the end of the following school day.

4.2. General Response to Sexual Harassment. When the district has actual knowledge of sexual harassment in its education program or activity against a person in the United States, the district will respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. The district will be deemed to be deliberately indifferent only if its response to sexual

harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. For the purposes of this policy “education program or activity” includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the district exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs. The district’s response will treat complainants and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures as defined in subsection 2.7 above to a complainant, and by following the grievance process described in section 5 below before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures, against a respondent. The Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, consider the complainant’s wishes with respect to supportive measures, inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and explain to the complainant the process for filing a formal complaint.

4.3. Emergency Removal. Nothing in this policy precludes the district from removing a respondent from the district’s education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that the district undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis and determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal. In the event that the district removes a respondent on an emergency basis, then the district will provide the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal. This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or the Americans with Disabilities Act.

4.4. Administrative Leave. Nothing in this policy precludes the district from placing a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the pendency of a grievance process that complies with section 5 below. This provision may not be construed to modify any rights under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or the Americans with Disabilities Act.

4.5. General Response Not Conditioned on Formal Complaint. With or without a formal complaint, the district will comply with the obligations and procedures described in this section 4.

5. Grievance Process for Formal Complaints of Sexual Harassment.

5.1. General Requirements.

5.1.1. Equitable Treatment. The district will treat complainants and respondents equitably by providing remedies to a complainant where a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made against the respondent, and by following the grievance process described in this section 5 before the imposition of any disciplinary

sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent. Remedies will be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity. Remedies may include the same individualized services described in subsection 2.7 as "supportive measures"; however, remedies need not be non-disciplinary or non-punitive and need not avoid burdening the respondent.

5.1.2. Objective Evaluation. This grievance process requires an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence—including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence. Credibility determinations may not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness.

5.1.3. Absence of Conflicts of Interest or Bias. The district will require that any individual designated by a recipient as a Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, or any person designated by a recipient to facilitate an informal resolution process, not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or an individual complainant or respondent.

5.1.4. Training. The district will ensure that all individuals or entities described in this Training section 5.1.4 receive training as provided below. Any materials used to train these individuals will not rely on sex stereotypes and will promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints of sexual harassment.

5.1.4.1. All District Employees and Board Members. All district employees and board members will be trained on how to identify and report sexual harassment.

5.1.4.2. Title IX Coordinators, Investigators, Decision-Makers, or Informal Resolution Facilitators. The district will ensure that Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, or any person designated by the district to facilitate an informal resolution process receive training on:

5.1.4.2.1. The definition of sexual harassment in subsection 2.6;

5.1.4.2.2. The scope of the district's education program or activity;

5.1.4.2.3. How to conduct an investigation and grievance process including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable; and

5.1.4.2.4. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias.

5.1.4.3. Decision-Makers. The district will ensure that decision-makers receive training on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, as set forth in subsection 5.6.

5.1.4.4. Investigators. The district will also ensure that investigators receive training on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, as set forth in subsection 5.5.8.

5.1.5. Presumption. It is presumed that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.

5.1.6. Reasonably Prompt Time Frames. This grievance process shall include reasonably prompt time frames for conclusion of the grievance process, including reasonably prompt time frames for filing and resolving appeals and informal resolution processes if the district offers informal resolution processes. The process shall also allow for the temporary delay of the grievance process or the limited extension of time frames for good cause with written notice to the complainant and the respondent of the delay or extension and the reasons for the action. Good cause may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities.

5.1.7. Range of Possible Sanctions and Remedies. Following a determination of responsibility, the district may impose disciplinary sanctions and remedies in conformance with this and the district's student discipline policy, and other state and federal laws. Depending upon the circumstances, these policies provide for disciplinary sanctions and remedies up to and including expulsion.

5.1.8. Range of Supportive Measures. The range of supportive measures available to complainants and respondents includes those listed in subsection 2.7.

5.1.9. Respect for Privileged Information. The district will not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use questions or evidence that constitute, or seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless the person holding such privilege has waived the privilege.

5.2. Notice of Allegations.

5.2.1. Initial Notice. Upon receipt of a formal complaint, the district will provide the following written notice to the parties who are known:

5.2.1.1. A copy of this policy.

5.2.1.2. Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined in subsection 2.6, including sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview. Sufficient details include the identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged incident, if known. The

written notice will include a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process. The written notice will inform the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, under subsection 5.5.5, and may inspect and review evidence under subsection 5.5.5. The written notice will inform the parties of any provision in the district's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.

5.2.2. Supplemental Notice. If, in the course of an investigation, the district decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the Initial Notice described above, the district will provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

5.3. Dismissal of Formal Complaint.

5.3.1. The district will investigate the allegations in a formal complaint.

5.3.2. Mandatory Dismissals. The district **must** dismiss a formal complaint if the conduct alleged in the formal complaint:

5.3.2.1. Would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in subsection 2.6 even if proved;

5.3.2.2. Did not occur in the district's education program or activity; or

5.3.2.3. Did not occur against a person in the United States.

5.3.3. Discretionary Dismissals. The district **may** dismiss the formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing:

5.3.3.1. The complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein;

5.3.3.2. The respondent is no longer enrolled in or employed by the district; or

5.3.3.3. Specific circumstances prevent the district from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

5.3.4. Upon a dismissal required or permitted pursuant to subsections 5.3.2 or 5.3.3 above, the district will promptly send written notice of the dismissal and an explanation of that action simultaneously to the parties.

5.3.5. Dismissal of a formal complaint under this policy does not preclude the district from taking action under another provision of the district's code of conduct or pursuant to another district policy.

5.4. Consolidation of Formal Complaints. The district may consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where a grievance process involves more than one complainant or more than one respondent, references in this policy to the singular “party,” “complainant,” or “respondent” include the plural, as applicable.

5.5. Investigation of Formal Complaint. When investigating a formal complaint and throughout the grievance process, the district will:

5.5.1. Designate and authorize one or more persons (which need not be district employees) as investigator(s) to conduct the district’s investigation of a formal complaint;

5.5.2. Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rest on the district and not on the parties provided that the district cannot access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a party’s records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional’s or paraprofessional’s capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to the party, unless the district obtains that party’s voluntary, written consent to do so for a grievance process under this section (if a party is not an “eligible student,” as defined in 34 CFR 99.3, then the district will obtain the voluntary, written consent of a “parent,” as defined in 34 CFR 99.3);

5.5.3. Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence;

5.5.4. Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or to gather and present relevant evidence;

5.5.5. Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any grievance proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by the advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and not limit the choice or presence of advisor for either the complainant or respondent in any meeting or grievance proceeding; however, the district may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties;

5.5.6. Provide, to a party whose participation is invited or expected, written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose

of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;

5.5.7. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the district does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source, so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to conclusion of the investigation. Prior to completion of the investigative report, the district will send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties will have at least 10 calendar days to submit a written response, which the investigator will consider prior to completion of the investigative report; and

5.5.8. Create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and, at least 10 calendar days prior to the time of determination regarding responsibility, send to each party and the party's advisor, if any, the investigative report in an electronic format or a hard copy, for their review and written response.

5.6. Determination Regarding Responsibility

5.6.1. Decision-Maker(s). The decision makers(s) cannot be the same person as the Title IX Coordinator or investigators.

5.6.2. Exchange of Written Questions. After the district has sent the investigative report to the parties pursuant to subsection 5.5.8, but before reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the decision-maker(s) will afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party. Questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent. The decision-maker(s) will explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.

5.6.3. Written Determination. The decision-maker(s) will issue a written determination regarding responsibility. To reach this determination, the decision-maker(s) will apply the preponderance of the evidence standard. The written determination will include:

- 5.6.3.1.** Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment as defined in subsection 2.6;
- 5.6.3.2.** A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held;
- 5.6.3.3.** Findings of fact supporting the determination;
- 5.6.3.4.** Conclusions regarding the application of the district's code of conduct to the facts;
- 5.6.3.5.** A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the district imposes on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity will be provided by the district to the complainant; and
- 5.6.3.6.** The district's procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal.
- 5.6.4.** The district will provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously. The determination regarding responsibility becomes final either on the date that the district provides the parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal, if an appeal is filed, or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.
- 5.6.5.** The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies.
- 5.7. Appeals.** The district will offer both parties the opportunity to appeal from a determination regarding responsibility, and from the district's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the grounds identified below.
 - 5.7.1. Time for Appeal.** Appeals may only be initiated by submitting a written Notice of Appeal to the Office of the superintendent of Schools within ten (10) calendar days] of the date of the respective written determination of responsibility or dismissal from which the appeal is taken. The Notice of Appeal must include (a) the name of the party or parties making the appeal, (b) the determination, dismissal, or portion thereof being appealed, and (c) a concise statement of the specific grounds (from subsection 5.8.2 below) upon which the appeal is based. A party's failure to timely submit a Notice of Appeal will be deemed a waiver of the party's right to appeal under this policy, 34 C.F.R. part, 106, and Title IX.
 - 5.7.2. Grounds for Appeal.** Appeals from a determination regarding responsibility, and from the district's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, are limited to the following grounds:

- 5.7.2.1.** Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- 5.7.2.2.** New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and
- 5.7.2.3.** The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter.
- 5.7.3.** As to all appeals, the district will:
 - 5.7.3.1.** Notify the other party in writing when an appeal is filed and implement appeal procedures equally for both parties;
 - 5.7.3.2.** Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal is not the same person as the decision-maker(s) that reached the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investigator(s), or the Title IX Coordinator;
 - 5.7.3.3.** Ensure that the decision-maker(s) for the appeal complies with the standards set forth in subsections 5.1.3–5.1.4.
 - 5.7.3.4.** Give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome;
 - 5.7.3.5.** Issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and
 - 5.7.3.6.** Provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.
- 5.8. Informal Resolution.** The district will not require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoyment of any other right, waiver of the right to an investigation and adjudication of formal complaints of sexual harassment consistent with this section. Similarly, the district will not require the parties to participate in an informal resolution process under this section and may not offer an informal resolution process unless a formal complaint is filed. However, at any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility the district may facilitate an informal resolution process, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and adjudication, provided that the district:
 - 5.8.1.** Provides to the parties a written notice disclosing:
 - 5.8.1.1.** The allegations;
 - 5.8.1.2.** The requirements of the informal resolution process including the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations;
 - 5.8.1.3.** That at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and

resume the grievance process with respect to the formal complaint; and

5.8.1.4. Any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared;

5.8.2. Obtains the parties' voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process; and

5.8.3. Does not offer or facilitate an informal resolution process to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

5.9. Recordkeeping.

5.9.1. The district will maintain for a period of seven years records of:

5.9.1.1. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity;

5.9.1.2. Any appeal and the result therefrom;

5.9.1.3. Any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and

5.9.1.4. All materials used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. The district will make these training materials publicly available on its website, or if the district does not maintain a website, then the district will make these materials available upon request for inspection by members of the public.

5.9.2. For each response required under section 4, the district will create, and maintain for a period of seven years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment. In each instance, the district will document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity. If the district does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then the district will document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. The documentation of certain bases or measures does not limit the district in the future from providing additional explanations or detailing additional measures taken.

6. Superintendent Authorized to Contract. The board authorizes the superintendent to contract for, designate, and appoint individuals to serve in the roles of the district's investigator(s), decision-maker(s), informal resolution facilitator(s), or appellate decision-maker(s) as contemplated by this policy.

7. Access to Classes and Schools.

7.1. General Standard. Except as provided in this section or otherwise in 34 C.F.R. part 106, the district will not provide or otherwise carry out any of its education programs or activities separately on the basis of sex or require or refuse participation therein by any of its students on the basis of sex.

7.1.1. Contact sports in physical education classes. This section does not prohibit separation of students by sex within physical education classes or activities during participation in wrestling, boxing, rugby, ice hockey, football, basketball, and other sports the purpose or major activity of which involves bodily contact.

7.1.2. Ability grouping in physical education classes. This section does not prohibit grouping of students in physical education classes and activities by ability as assessed by objective standards of individual performance developed and applied without regard to sex.

7.1.3. Human sexuality classes. Classes or portions of classes that deal primarily with human sexuality may be conducted in separate sessions for boys and girls.

7.1.4. Choruses. The district may make requirements based on vocal range or quality that may result in a chorus or choruses of one or predominantly one sex.

7.2. Classes and Extracurricular Activities. The district may provide nonvocational single-sex classes or extracurricular activities as permitted by 34 C.F.R. part 106.

8. Athletics. It is the policy of the district that no person shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, be treated differently from another person or otherwise be discriminated against in any interscholastic, club, or intramural athletics offered by the district, and that the district will not provide any such athletics separately on such basis.

8.1. Separate Teams. Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, the district may operate or sponsor separate teams for members of each sex where selection for such teams is based upon competitive skill or the activity involved is a contact sport.

8.2. Equal opportunity. The district will provide equal athletic opportunities for members of both sexes. Unequal aggregate expenditures for members of each sex or unequal expenditures for male and female teams will not constitute noncompliance with this section.

9. Certain Different Treatment on the Basis of Sex Permitted. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the district from treating persons differently on the basis of sex as permitted by Title IX or 34 C.F.R. part

106. For example, and without limiting the foregoing, the district may provide separate toilet, locker room, and shower facilities on the basis of sex, but such facilities provided for students of one sex shall be comparable to such facilities provided for students of the other sex.

10. Retaliation Prohibited. Neither the district nor any other person may intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX, 34 C.F.R. part 106, or this policy, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this policy. The district will keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the FERPA statute, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, or FERPA regulations, 34 C.F.R. part 99, or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of 34 C.F.R. part 106, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising thereunder. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to shall be addressed pursuant to board policy 2006 (Complaint Procedure).

10.1. Specific Circumstances.

10.1.1. The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation prohibited by this section.

10.1.2. Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding under this part does not constitute retaliation prohibited under this section, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

11. Notification of Policy. The district will notify applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians of students, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district of the existence of this policy. The requirement to not discriminate, as stated in Title IX and 34 C.F.R. part 106, in the district's education program(s) or activities extends to admission and employment, and inquiries about the application of Title IX and 34 C.F.R. part 106 to the district may be referred to the district's Title IX Coordinator, the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Education, or both.

12. Publication of Policy. The district will prominently display on its website, if any, and in each handbook that it makes available to applicants for admission and employment, students, parents or legal guardians of students, employees, and all unions or professional organizations holding collective bargaining or professional agreements with the district, the name or title, office address, electronic mail address, and telephone number of the employee or employees designated as the Title IX Coordinator(s).

13. Application Outside the United States. The requirements of this policy apply only to sex discrimination occurring against a person in the United States.

14. Scope of Policy. Nothing herein shall be construed to be more demanding or more constraining upon the district than the requirements of Title IX (20 U.S.C. § 1681) and 34 C.F.R. part 106. To the extent that the district is in compliance with Title IX and 34 C.F.R. part 106, then all of the district's obligations under this policy shall be deemed to be fulfilled and discharged.

3058 FRAUD POLICY

The Vermillion School District expects all school board members, district employees, volunteers, consultants, vendors, contractors, and other parties that maintain a relationship with the school district to act with integrity, due diligence, and in accordance with law in their duties involving the district's resources. The school board is entrusted with public funds, and no one connected with the district shall do anything to erode that trust.

Prohibited Conduct

Fraud, financial improprieties, or irregularities include but are not limited to:

- A. Forgery or unauthorized alteration of any document or account belonging to the district.
- B. Forgery or unauthorized alteration of a check, bank draft, or any other financial document.
- C. Misappropriation of funds, securities, supplies, or other assets.
- D. Impropriety in handling money or reporting financial transactions.
- E. Profiteering because of insider information of district information or activities.
- F. Disclosure of confidential and/or proprietary information to outside parties.
- G. Acceptance or seeking of anything of material value, other than items used in the normal course of advertising, from contractors, vendors, or persons providing services to the district.
- H. Destruction, removal, or inappropriate use of district records, furniture, fixtures, or equipment. Examples: personal copies, personal phone calls
- I. Failure to provide financial records to authorized state or local entities.
- J. Failure to cooperate fully with any financial auditors, investigators, or law enforcement.
- K. Other dishonest or fraudulent acts involving district monies or resources. Example: unauthorized overtime, misuse of work time.

Fraud Prevention Responsibility

The superintendent of schools or designee shall be responsible to develop and implement internal controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, financial impropriety, or fiscal irregularities within the district, subject to review and approval by the school board.

The business manager shall be responsible for maintaining a sound system of internal controls that is designed to identify potential risks, evaluate the nature and extent of those risks, and manage them effectively.

District administrators are responsible to be alert to any indication of fraud, financial impropriety, or irregularity within their area of responsibility,

The superintendent shall recommend to the school board for its approval completion of a forensic audit when it is deemed necessary and beneficial to the district.

The superintendent shall ensure the appropriate authorities are notified, pursuant to state or federal law, when cases of fraud, embezzlement or theft have been identified.

Reporting

An employee who suspects fraud, impropriety, or irregularity shall immediately report his/her suspicions to the superintendent of schools. If the report involves the superintendent of schools, the employee shall report his/her suspicions to the school board president. Employees who bring forth a legitimate concern or suspicion about a potential impropriety shall not be retaliated against. Those who retaliate against such an employee shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Investigation

The superintendent of schools shall have primary responsibility for conducting necessary investigations of reported fraudulent activity.

Based on his/her judgment, the superintendent of schools shall coordinate investigative efforts with the: school district attorney, district auditor, insurance agent, internal departments, external agencies, law enforcement officials and prosecuting attorneys.

If the superintendent of schools is involved in the complaint, the school board president is authorized to initiate investigation of the complaint and coordinate the investigative efforts with individuals and agencies s/he deems appropriate. Records shall be maintained for use in an investigation. Individuals found to have altered or destroyed records shall be subject to disciplinary action. If an investigation substantiates the occurrence of a fraudulent activity, the superintendent of schools or school board president shall present a report to the board and appropriate personnel.

Confidentiality

The superintendent of schools or school board president shall investigate reports of fraudulent activity in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the individuals and facts to the extent possible under the circumstances of coordinating investigation efforts.

All district employees involved in the investigation are required to maintain confidentiality regarding all information about the matter during the investigation.

Results of an investigation shall not be disclosed to or discussed with anyone other than those individuals with a legitimate right to know until the results are made public.

Prevention

In order to prevent fraud, the school board directs that a system of internal controls be followed that includes but is not limited to the following:

A. Segregation of Duties

Where possible, more than one (1) person will be involved in financial transactions.

B. Deposits

Deposits are authorized to be made by the business manager, the business manager's accounts payable assistant or school district administrative assistant. Deposits shall be made as needed on a daily or more frequent basis. Receipts coming into the school district business office must be documented and reconciled. In the event receipts originate with another school district office such as a student group, school building, faculty group or principal, business office personnel will review reconciliation and receipt records. In the event the receipts are originally received by the school district business office, additional personnel outside the business office will whenever possibly review the receipts and records with business office personnel.

C. Payments

Payments shall be made by checks or electronic transfers. No cash transactions shall be permitted. Check signers shall be approved annually according to policy by the school board. All district checks shall have at least two (2) signatures. School district business office payroll and business office accounts payable personnel write checks or authorized electronic transfers; however, authority to approve and issue checks or electronic transfers are initially made by the business manager subject to approval by the school board. All checks must contain the signature of the school board president and business manager.

D. Bank Reconciliations

Bank statements and canceled checks shall be reconciled monthly by the business manager after the school district finance committee member on the school board initially opens the monthly bank statements upon receipt by the school district. Any discrepancies will be addressed immediately.

E. Access to Checks and Accounts

Physical and electronic access to school district checks and accounts shall be limited to those employees with designated business functions.

F. Capital Assets

The business office shall maintain updated lists of district capital assets, except technology equipment. The director of technology shall maintain an updated list of district technology equipment.

G. Training

Administrators shall be responsible for ensuring that employees under their supervision receive training regarding fraud prevention.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

4002 DRUG FREE WORKPLACE

It is vitally important to have a healthy workforce that is free from the effects of illegal drugs. The use or possession of unlawful drugs in the workplace has a very detrimental effect upon safety and morale of the affected employee, coworkers, and the public at large; and on productivity and the quality of work.

Federal law requires this school district, as a recipient of federal funds, to maintain a drug-free workplace. The unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance in the district's workplace is prohibited. The term "workplace" includes every location where district employees may be found during their working hours or while they are on duty, regardless of whether the location is within the geographic boundaries of the district. Any employee who violates this policy will be disciplined with measures up to and including discharge. The district may, in its sole discretion, require or allow an employee who violates this policy to participate in and satisfactorily complete a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program.

The district shall provide every current employee with a copy of this policy and shall provide each newly hired employee with a copy upon hiring. Every employee shall be required to signify receipt of a copy of the policy in writing. All district employees must abide by this policy, including those who are not directly engaged in the performance of work pursuant to a federal grant.

An employee must notify his/her supervisor of any conviction of a criminal drug statute for a violation occurring in the workplace within five days. The failure to report such a conviction will be grounds for dismissal. If the employee convicted of such an offense is engaged in the performance of work pursuant to the provisions of a federal grant, the district shall notify the grant agency within 10 days of receiving notice of a conviction from the affected employee or of receiving actual notice of such a conviction.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4003 DRUG POLICY REGARDING DRIVERS

Policy Statement

Drivers for the school district must be free from drug and alcohol abuse, and the use of illegal drugs or improper use of alcohol is prohibited. The overall goal of drug and alcohol testing is to ensure a drug-free and alcohol-free transportation environment, and to reduce accidents, injuries, and fatalities.

Designated Contact

The school district has designated the superintendent as the individual any driver may contact with questions about this policy or the school district's drug testing program and procedures for drivers. This individual further maintains and may provide drivers with informational materials concerning the effects of alcohol and controlled substances use on an individual's health, work, and personal life; signs and symptoms of an alcohol or a controlled substances problem (the driver's or a co-worker's); and available methods of intervening when an alcohol or controlled substances problem is suspected, including confrontation, referral to any employee assistance program and/or referral to management.

The superintendent may be contacted at 605-677-7000.

Covered Drivers

Any person who operates a commercial motor vehicle on behalf of the school district is covered by this policy and the school district's drug testing program and procedures for drivers. All covered drivers must provide the school district with a signed statement certifying that he or she has received a copy of this policy and related materials.

Covered Workday

A driver is required to comply with this policy and the terms of the school district's drug testing program and procedures for drivers at all times they are assigned, or may be assigned, to perform safety-sensitive functions. This includes all the time from the time a driver begins to work or is required to be in readiness to work until the time he/she is relieved from work and all responsibility for performing work. Safety-sensitive functions include: (1) all time at a school district facility or property, contractor facility or property, or on any public property, waiting to be dispatched, unless the driver has been relieved from duty by the school district; (2) all time inspecting equipment as required by state or federal law or regulation and any and all other time inspecting, servicing, or conditioning any commercial motor vehicle; (3) all time spent at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle in operation; (4) all time, other than driving time, in or upon any commercial motor vehicle;

(5) all time loading or unloading a vehicle, supervising, or assisting in the loading or unloading, attending a vehicle being loaded or unloaded, remaining in readiness to operate the vehicle, or in giving or receiving receipts for shipments loaded or unloaded; and (6) all time repairing, obtaining assistance, or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.

Prohibited Conduct

No driver shall: (1) report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater; (2) use alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions; (3) perform safety-sensitive functions within four hours after using alcohol; or (4) refuse to submit to a pre-employment controlled substance, a post-accident alcohol or controlled substance test, a random alcohol or controlled substances test, a reasonable suspicion alcohol or controlled substance test, a return-to-duty alcohol or controlled substances test, or a follow-up alcohol or controlled substance test required under state or federal law or this policy. No driver required to take a post-accident alcohol test shall use alcohol for eight hours following the accident, or until he/she undergoes a post-accident alcohol test, whichever occurs first.

No driver shall: (1) report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety sensitive functions when the driver uses any drug or substance identified in 31 CFR 1308.11 Schedule 1; (2) report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions when the driver uses any non-Schedule I drug or substance that is identified in the other Schedules in 21 CFR part 1308 except when the use is pursuant to the instructions of a licensed medical practitioner who is familiar with the driver's medical history and has advised the driver that the substance will not adversely affect the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle; or (3) report for duty, remain on duty or perform a safety-sensitive function, if the driver tests positive or has adulterated or substituted a test specimen for controlled substances.

Types of Testing

Pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Department of Transportation (DOT), the district has implemented four types of testing: (1) pre-employment testing, (2) reasonable cause testing, (3) post-accident testing and (4) random testing.

Refusal to Submit to Testing

A driver shall not refuse to submit to testing. A driver will be considered to have refused to submit to testing if the driver fails to provide a sample or specimen necessary for testing upon a lawful request, consistent with the required testing protocols. The refusal to submit to the testing used by the

district will be grounds for refusal to hire driver applicants and to terminate the employment of existing drivers.

Consequences for Violations

Any driver who becomes unqualified on the basis of violation of the terms of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action which may include termination of the driver's employment and shall include the immediate removal from safety-sensitive functions in compliance with federal law. No driver tested pursuant to this policy and the school district's drug testing program and procedures who is found to have an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater but less than 0.04 shall perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions until the start of the driver's next regularly scheduled duty period, but not less than 24 hours following administration of the test.

Return to Duty Process

A driver who has violated this policy or the school district drug testing program and procedures cannot again perform any safety-sensitive functions until and unless the employee completes the return-to-duty process, including the substance-abuse professional's (SAP) evaluation, referral, and recommended education or treatment. The school district will provide employees the relevant contact information for available and acceptable SAPs as necessary, but the school district is not required under the law to provide an SAP evaluation or any subsequent recommended education or treatment for a driver. Any driver completing the return-to-duty process must complete a return-to-duty test and test negatively.

Disqualification

Any applicant who tests positive for the presence of the following drugs is medically unqualified to drive and will not be considered for the position of driver: (1) marijuana, (2) cocaine, (3) opiates, (4) amphetamines, or (5) phencyclidine (PCP). Any district driver who tests positive shall be medically unqualified and removed from service immediately.

Pre-employment Testing

All applicants for employment must submit to drug and alcohol tests as a condition of being considered for employment.

Reasonable Cause Testing

The district shall have reasonable cause to require a driver to submit to drug testing when a driver manifests physical or physiological symptoms or reactions commonly attributed to the use of controlled substances or alcohol.

Post-Accident Testing

A driver who has been involved in a reportable accident must submit to drug and alcohol testing as soon as possible. A reportable accident includes any accident in which there is a fatality, a person is injured and must be treated away from the accident site, the driver receives a citation for a moving violation, or a vehicle is towed from the scene. The driver must notify the district immediately regarding any reported accident.

Serious Injury to the Driver

If a driver is so seriously injured that he or she cannot submit to testing at or immediately after the time of the accident, the driver must provide the necessary authorization for the district to obtain hospital reports or other documents that would indicate whether there were controlled substances or alcohol in the driver's system.

Random Testing

All drivers will be subject to unannounced random testing for drugs and alcohol. The district or its agents will periodically select drivers at random for testing. A district official will notify a driver when his or her name has been selected and will instruct the driver to report immediately for testing. By its very nature, random selection may result in one driver being tested more than once in a 12-month period, while another driver may not be selected at all during the same 12 months.

Frequency of Random Testing

Under DOT regulations, the district must test at least 50 percent of its average number of driver positions for drugs and 25 percent of its average number of driver positions for alcohol each year. The tests must be unannounced and spread evenly throughout the year. DOT regulations also require that every driver selected at random must have his or her name placed back in the random pool for the next selection period.

Testing Procedure

All urine and blood specimens collected under the policy will be submitted to an approved laboratory for testing. Specimens that initially test positive for drugs will be subjected to a subsequent confirmation test before being reported by the laboratory as positive. All such specimens collected and submitted will be maintained securely to safeguard the validity of the test results and maintain the integrity of the testing process while ensuring the results are attributed to the correct driver.

Medical Review Officer

All laboratory test results will be reported by the laboratory to a medical review officer (MRO) designated by the district. Negative test results will be

reported as such by the MRO to the district. Before reporting a positive test result to the district, the MRO will attempt to contact the driver to discuss the test result. If the MRO is unable to contact the driver directly, the MRO will contact a district official designated in advance by the district, who shall in turn contact the driver and direct the driver to contact the MRO. Upon being so directed, the driver shall contact the MRO immediately or, if after the MRO's business hours and the MRO is unavailable, at the start of the MRO's next business day. If required by DOT regulations, personal information collected and maintained pursuant to this policy shall be reported to the Clearinghouse by the MRO in the event of: (1) a verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result; (2) an alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher; (3) a refusal to submit to any test required by this policy and the school district's drug testing program and procedures; (4) an employer's report of actual knowledge that a driver has used alcohol or controlled substances based on the employer's direct observation of the employee, information provided by the driver's previous employer(s), a traffic citation for driving a CMV while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances or an employee's admission of alcohol or controlled substance use; (5) on duty alcohol use as prohibited above; (6) pre-duty alcohol use as prohibited above; (7) alcohol use following an accident as prohibited above; (8) controlled substance use as prohibited above; (9) a substance abuse professional report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process; (10) a negative return-to-duty test; and (11) an employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

Confidentiality

Pursuant to DOT regulations, individual test results for applicants and drivers will be released to the district and will be kept confidential unless the tested individual consents to their release or release is required by law (such as the release of information to the Clearinghouse.) Any person who has submitted to drug testing in compliance with this policy is entitled to receive the results of such testing upon timely written request.

Retesting

An individual who tested positive for the presence of drugs may request that the original sample be retested. The request for a retest must be submitted in writing on a form provided by the district within 3 working days of the district's notification to the individual that he or she has a positive test result. The individual making the request must pay all costs associated with the retest and transfer of the sample to another laboratory before the retest will be performed.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

4004
EMPLOYMENT OF RELATIVES, DOMESTIC PARTNERS, AND
SIGNIFICANT OTHERS

It is in the school district's best interest to hire the best qualified candidate for employment. However, the district must use sound judgment in hiring and placing employees who are closely related, reside together as domestic partners, or are involved in close relationships for the following reasons: avoiding conflict of interest and the appearance of a conflict of interest; avoiding favoritism and the appearance of favoritism; promoting collegiality among employees; minimizing lost productivity; easing the task of managing employees; avoiding friction and conflict when marriages or relationships break down; and avoiding claims of sexual harassment.

For the purposes of this policy, the term "relative" refers to a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, first cousin, or corresponding in-law or "step" relation. "Domestic partner" refers to individuals who reside in the same household and are involved in a relationship, who may hold themselves out to the public as marital partners, but who are not legally married. "Significant others" refers to individuals who are dating or engaged to be married but may or may not reside together. This policy applies to all categories of employment including regular, temporary, and part-time classifications.

Generally, an employee's relative, domestic partner, or significant other should not be hired to work in the same department as the employee or in any other position in which the district believes a conflict or the appearance of a conflict may exist. Relatives, domestic partners, and significant others are permitted to work at the district provided one does not report directly to, supervise, or manage the other. The superintendent and/or board may make exceptions to this general rule.

Employees in a supervisory-subordinate relationship or employed in the same department who marry, become domestic partners, or become significant others while employed will be treated in accordance with these guidelines, and one of the employees will be transferred at the earliest practicable time. The transfer will be voluntary when possible. When a voluntary transfer is not possible, the superintendent will make the decision based upon the importance of each job, the needs of the district, and the availability of candidates to fill either position. The district shall endeavor to place the transferred employee in a position which is similar in terms of pay and benefits. The superintendent and/or board may make exceptions to this general rule.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4005

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE BOARD AND DISTRICT EMPLOYEES

Employees have the same right to communicate with the board about matters of public concern as other patrons of the district. Regarding employment-related issues, employees must follow the applicable board policies and/or contractual procedures regarding the district organization protocols, complaints, grievances, and other applicable processes.

When appropriate, the superintendent shall inform employees of official board policies, directives, actions, and concerns.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4006 INSURANCE

The school district shall provide workers' compensation insurance for the protection of the district and its employees, and such other insurance as the board deems appropriate or has agreed to provide pursuant to a contract or collective bargaining agreement.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4007
PERSONNEL RECORDS

The district shall maintain a personnel file regarding each employee. All materials in a personnel file, except for employment references and information that was gathered in the process of assessing an applicant for hiring, shall be available to the employee for review within a reasonable period of time of the employee's request. Employees (or individuals to whom employees have given written authorization) may inspect the contents of their personnel files only in the presence of an administrator or a person designated by the administration.

No person other than school officials engaged in their professional duties shall be granted access to employees' personnel files, and the contents of such files shall not be divulged in any manner to any unauthorized person. An attorney acting on behalf of the Board of Education or administration is deemed to be a school official.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4008
OUTSIDE EMPLOYMENT

- A. An employee's responsibilities to the district take precedence over personal responsibilities during school hours. Employees may not engage in other employment business activity during assigned duty hours.
- B. Tutoring
 - 1. Teachers are expected to assist students who are having learning problems as part of the teachers' employment. Such assistance is expected both in the classroom and at other times during the school day.
 - 2. A teacher shall not solicit a student or parent to retain the teacher as a tutor and shall not act as a tutor for pay or other remuneration for any student who is then enrolled in any class taught by that teacher.
 - 3. In all other cases during the school year, a teacher may act as a tutor for pay or other remuneration upon prior approval of the building principal and superintendent or designee.
- C. Employees shall attend to personal matters outside their assigned duty hours with the district whenever possible.
- D. Employees may conduct business on behalf of the district during assigned duty hours, but at times that do not disrupt or interfere with teaching responsibilities or student activities.
- E. Employees shall not misrepresent, either expressly or by implication, that any activity, solicitation, or other endeavor is sponsored, sanctioned, or endorsed by the district.
- F. In any written or verbal presentation by an employee that might be perceived as being sanctioned, sponsored, or endorsed by the district, other than district-related instruction or presentation to district students or personnel, the employee shall communicate to the audience or recipients that the views expressed are those of the employee and not necessarily those of the district or board.
- G. Sale of goods or services by employees.
 - 1. Employees shall not sell, solicit, or promote the sale of goods or services to students.
 - 2. Employees shall not sell, solicit, or promote the sale of goods or services to parents of students when the employee's relationship with the district is used to influence any sale or may be reasonably perceived by parents as attempting to influence any sale.
 - 3. Employees with supervisory or managerial responsibilities shall not sell, solicit, or promote the sale of goods or services to employees over whom they have such responsibilities in any manner that could reasonably be perceived as coercive by the subordinate employee(s).

4. Employees shall not use employee, student, or parent directories in connection with the solicitation, sale, or promotion of goods or services and shall not provide any such directory to any person or entity for any purpose without the prior knowledge or approval of the building principal.
- H. No school board member, administrator, teacher, or other employee shall use the personnel, facilities, resources, equipment, property, or funds of the district for personal financial gain or business activities.
- I. All written or artistic works, instructional materials, inventions, procedures, ideas, innovations, systems, programs, or other work product created or developed by any employee in the course and scope of performance of his or her employment duties on behalf of the district, whether published or not, shall be the exclusive property of the district; and the district has the sole right to sell, license, assign, or transfer any and all right, title, or interest in and to such property.
- J. Staff may not exploit their professional relationships for personal gain.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4009
RESTRICTIONS ON EMPLOYEES RECEIVING GRATUITIES

An employee who, because of his or her employment by the school district, receives any bonus merchandise or gift with a value over \$100.00 must disclose the receipt of such gift to the superintendent, who will then report that gift to the board. The superintendent, at his or her discretion, may require that the gift become the property of the district. No certified staff member may accept any gift which will impair the professional judgment of the recipient.

Employees are directed to discourage merchants from offering bonus paraphernalia in exchange for the school's patronage.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4010 INCLEMENT WEATHER

Unless the superintendent directs otherwise, the following personnel shall report to work when school is canceled because of inclement weather: the superintendent, business manager, business office staff, and custodians/maintenance staff. At the discretion of the superintendent, the business office staff may have the option to work remotely when school is canceled because of inclement weather.

If school is canceled during the day because of inclement weather, classified and certified personnel not listed above may be released after students have been excused. Classified and certified personnel who miss work due to inclement weather when school is in session will not be paid for time missed or will be charged an applicable leave day.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4011
EMPLOYEE LEAVE UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT
(FMLA)

The school district shall provide leave to its employees in accordance with the Family and Medical Leave Act ("FMLA"). The terms used herein shall have the meaning ascribed to them under the FMLA.

I. Qualifying for Leave

A. Qualified Employees

1. To be eligible for **unpaid** leave under this policy, an employee must:
 - a. Make the request for leave at a time when the school district employs 50 or more workers;
 - b. Have been working for the school district for at least 12 months prior to the request; and
 - c. Have worked a minimum of 1,250 hours during the 12-month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave.
2. The applicable 12-month period for computing an employee's entitlement to FMLA leave shall be the 12-month period measured forward from the date such employee's first FMLA leave begins.

B. Qualified Circumstances Necessitating Leave

1. The school district will grant an eligible employee up to a total of 12 workweeks of **unpaid** leave under the following conditions:
 - a. For birth of a son or daughter, and to care for the newborn child;
 - b. For placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care;
 - c. To care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent with a serious health condition;
 - d. Because of a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of his or her job; or
 - e. Because of any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent is a Military Member on Covered Active Duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to Covered Active Duty) in National Guard, Reserves, and/or Regular Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation.
2. The school district will grant an eligible employee who is the spouse, son, daughter, parent or next of kin of a Covered Servicemember a total of 26 workweeks of **unpaid** leave during a 12-month period to care for the service member as permitted under the FMLA. The leave described in this paragraph shall only be available during a single 12-month period.

For purposes of this provision and this policy, "Covered Servicemember" includes both Military Members and covered

Veterans, so long as the covered Veteran was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered Veteran.

3. During the single 12-month period described in paragraph I(B)(2), an eligible employee shall be entitled to a combined total of 26 workweeks of leave under paragraphs I(B)(1) and I(B)(2). Nothing in this paragraph shall limit the availability of leave under paragraph I(B)(1) during any other 12-month period.

C. Limitations on Leave

1. Leave for birth or placement for adoption or foster care must conclude within 12 months of the birth or placement.
2. In any case in which a husband and wife both employed by the school district are entitled to FMLA leave:
 - a. The aggregate number of workweeks of FMLA leave to which both are entitled is limited to 12 during any 12-month period if such leave is taken (i) because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee and in order to care for such son or daughter; (ii) because of the placement of a son or daughter with the employee for adoption or foster care; or (iii) to care for a sick parent who has a serious health condition; and
 - b. The aggregate number of workweeks of FMLA leave to which both that husband and wife are entitled is limited to 26 during the single 12-month period in which leave is taken to care for a Covered Servicemember and the husband and wife employees are both either the son, daughter, parent, or next of kin of such Covered Servicemember, if the leave is taken for this reason or a combination of this reason and one of the three reasons described in paragraph I(C)(2)(a). If the leave taken by the husband and wife includes leave described in paragraph I(C)(2)(a), the limitation in paragraph I(C)(2)(a) shall apply to the leave described in I(C)(2)(a).

D. Qualifying Notice and Certification

Employees seeking to use FMLA leave will be required to provide:

1. 30-day advance notice when the need to take the leave is foreseeable; provided, if (a) the leave is for needed treatment which is required to begin in less than thirty days or (b) the leave is for the reason set forth in paragraph I(B)(1)(e), the employee shall provide such notice to the school district as is reasonable and practical;
2. Medical certification supporting the need for leave due to a Serious Health Condition affecting the employee or family member or to care for a Military Member, and/or due to a Serious Injury or Illness to care for a Veteran;

3. Second or third medical opinions and periodic re-certifications (at the school district's expense);
4. Certification supporting the need for leave because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent is a Military Member on Covered Active Duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to Covered Active Duty) in the National Guard, Reserves, and/or Regular Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation;
5. Certification supporting the need for leave to care for a Veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered Veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a Serious Injury or Illness; and
6. Periodic reports during leave, at a frequency reasonably requested by the superintendent, regarding the employee's status and intent to return to work.

E. Scheduling Leave

When leave is needed to care for a family member, for the employee's own illness, or to care for a Covered Servicemember, and such leave is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employee must attempt to schedule treatment so as not to unduly disrupt the school district's operations.

II. Relationship with District During Leave

A. Leave to Be Unpaid

All leave provided to employees under the provisions of the FMLA and this policy shall be unpaid leave.

B. Substitution of Paid Leave

1. The school district requires employees to substitute any accrued paid vacation leave, paid personal leave, paid family leave, paid medical leave or paid sick leave for FMLA leave. However, nothing in this policy shall require the school district to provide paid sick or medical leave in any situation in which the school district would not normally provide such paid leave.
2. If an employee uses paid leave under circumstances which do not qualify as FMLA leave, the leave will not count against the number of workweeks of FMLA leave to which the employee is entitled.
3. Any paid leave which is substituted for FMLA leave will be subtracted from the number of workweeks of unpaid leave provided by the FMLA and this policy.

C. Group Health Plan Benefits

1. The school district will continue group health plan benefits on the same basis as coverage would have been provided if the employee had been continuously employed during the FMLA leave period.
2. Any share of health plan premiums which have been paid by the employee prior to FMLA leave must continue to be paid by the employee during the FMLA leave period.

D. Intermittent or Reduced-Schedule Leave

1. Leave may be taken under this policy intermittently or on a reduced-leave schedule under certain circumstances.
 - a. When leave is taken because of a birth or because of a placement of a child for adoption or foster care, an eligible employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced-leave schedule only with the agreement of the school district. In such a case, the superintendent shall have the authority to approve or disapprove such intermittent or reduced leave schedule, in the superintendent's sole discretion.
 - b. When leave is taken to care for a sick family member, for an employee's own serious health condition, or to care for a covered Veteran or Military Member, an eligible employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced-leave schedule when medically necessary.
 - c. When leave is taken by an eligible employee because of any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent is a Military Member on Covered Active Duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to Covered Active Duty) in National Guard, Reserves, and/or Regular Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation, the employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced-leave schedule.
 - d. When leave is taken by an eligible employee to care for a Covered Servicemember, including a Veteran who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five-year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered Veteran, and who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a Serious Injury or Illness
 - e. Intermittent or reduced leave shall not result in a reduction in the employee's total amount of leave beyond the amount of leave taken.
 - f. When an instructional employee seeks to take intermittent leave in connection with a family or personal illness (e.g., physical therapy or periodic care for a sick relative) or to care for a covered Veteran or Military Member, and when such leave would constitute at least 20 percent of the total number of working days in the

period during which the leave would extend, the school district may require the employee to elect to take leave in a block, instead of intermittently, for the entire period or to transfer to an available alternative position within the school system that is equivalent in pay, for which the employee is qualified, and which better accommodates the intermittent leave.

2. If an eligible employee requests intermittent leave or leave on a reduced-leave schedule that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, including during a period of recovery from a serious health condition, the school district may require the employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position for which the employee is qualified and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position. Such an alternative position must have equivalent pay and benefits as the employee's permanent position.
3. Leave taken on an intermittent or reduced-schedule basis will be tracked hourly.

III. Return from Leave

A. Restoration to Position

1. On return from FMLA leave, an employee is entitled to be returned to the same position the employee held when leave commenced, or to an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment.
2. Any leave taken under this policy will not result in the loss of any employment benefits accrued prior to the date on which the leave commenced.
3. An eligible employee is not entitled to accrual of any seniority or employment benefits during any period of leave, or any right, benefit, or position of employment other than to which the employee would have been entitled had the employee not taken leave.

B. Denial of Restoration

1. The school district reserves the right to deny restoration to any eligible employee who is a "key employee" (that is an employee who is salaried and among the highest paid 10% of the employees of the school district) if such denial is necessary to prevent substantial and grievous economic injury to the operations of the school district.
2. If the school district intends to deny restoration to such an employee, it will:
 - a. notify the employee of his/her status as a "key employee" in response to the employee's notice of intent to take FMLA leave;
 - b. notify the employee as soon as the school district decides it will deny job restoration and explain the reasons for this decision;

- c. offer the employee a reasonable opportunity to return to work from FMLA leave after giving this notice; and
- d. make a final determination as to whether reinstatement will be denied at the end of the leave period if the employee then requests restoration.

C. Failure to Return from Leave

Any employee who fails to return to work as scheduled after FMLA leave or exceeds the 12-week FMLA entitlement (or in the case of military caregiver leave, the 26-week FMLA entitlement), will be subject to the district's standard leave of absence and attendance policies. This may result in termination of employment if the employee has no other District-provided leave available to him/her that applies to the continued absence. Likewise, following the conclusion of the FMLA leave, the district's obligation to maintain the employee's group health plan benefits ends. However, the District will extend the health plan eligibility period an additional 12 weeks if and only if the employee remains employed by the district. At any time during the additional 12-week period the employee's employment ends with the district, their health plan benefit will also end. At the conclusion of the additional 12-week period, unless the employee has returned to work, the employee's group health plan benefit will end, and COBRA rights will apply.

IV. Notice to Employees

- A. The school district will post in conspicuous places where employees are employed notices explaining the FMLA and providing information concerning the procedures for filing complaints of FMLA violations with the U.S. Wage and Hour Division.
- B. When an employee provides notice of the need for FMLA leave, the school district shall provide the employee with a copy of the "section 301(c) notice" which is attached to this policy.
- C. To the extent that any provision in this policy is in any manner inconsistent with the provisions of the Act or the regulations promulgated thereunder, the Act and regulations shall prevail over the provisions of this policy. The school district reserves the right to modify this policy from time to time in its sole discretion.
- D. Employees may direct any questions or concerns regarding FMLA leave to the superintendent.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
 Revised on: February 26, 2024
 Reviewed on: _____

4012

STAFF INTERNET AND COMPUTER USE

Internet access is an important tool for communicating, keeping up to date with current developments in education, and for conducting research to enhance management, teaching and learning skills. The following procedures and guidelines are intended to ensure appropriate use of the Internet at the school by the district's faculty and staff. Staff should also refer to the district's policy on staff and district social media use.

Staff Expectations in Use of the Internet

A. Acceptable Use While on Duty or on School Property

1. Staff shall be restricted from using the Internet to conduct research for instructional purposes.
2. Staff may use the Internet for school-related e-mail communication with fellow educators, students, parents, and patrons.
3. Staff may use the Internet in any other way which serves a legitimate educational purpose and that is consistent with district policy and good professional judgment.
4. Teachers should integrate the use of electronic resources into the classroom. As the quality and integrity of content on the Internet is not guaranteed, teachers must examine the source of the information and provide guidance to students on evaluating the quality of information they may encounter on the Internet.

B. Unacceptable Use While on Duty or on School Property.

1. Staff shall not access obscene or pornographic material.
2. Staff shall not engage in any illegal activities on school computers, including the downloading and reproduction of copyrighted materials.
3. Staff shall not use school computers or district internet access to use peer-to-peer sharing systems such as BitTorrent or participate in any activity which interferes with the staff member's ability to perform their assigned duties.
4. Staff shall not share their passwords with anyone, including students, volunteers, or fellow employees.

School Affiliated Websites

- A. Staff must obtain the permission of the administration prior to creating or publishing any school-affiliated web page which represents itself to be school-related, or which could be reasonably understood to be school-related. This includes any website which identifies the school district by name, or which uses the school's mascot name or image.
- B. Staff must provide administrators with the username and password for all school-affiliated web pages and must only publish content

appropriate for the school setting. Staff must also comply with all board policies on their school-affiliated websites and must comply with the board's policy on professional boundaries between staff and students at all times and in all contexts.

- C. Publication of student work or personality-identifiable student information on the Internet may violate the Federal Education Records Privacy Act. Staff must obtain the consent of their building principal or the superintendent prior to posting any student-related information on the Internet.

Enforcement

A. Methods of Enforcement

1. The district owns the computer system and monitors e-mail and Internet communications, Internet usage, and patterns of Internet usage. Staff members have no right of privacy in any electronic communications or files, which are stored or accessed on or using school property and these are subject to search and inspection at any time.
2. The district uses a technology protection measure that blocks access to some sites that are not in accordance with the district's policy. Standard use of the Internet utilizes a proxy server-based filter that screens for non-curriculum related pages.
3. Due to the nature of technology, the filter may sometimes block pages that are not appropriate for staff research. The system administrator may override the technology protection measures that block or filters Internet access for staff access to a site with legitimate educational value that is wrongly blocked.
4. The district will monitor staff use of the Internet by monitoring Internet use history to ensure enforcement of this policy.
5. Any violation of school policy and rules may result in that staff member facing:
 - a. Discharge from employment or such other discipline as the administration and/or the board deem appropriate;
 - b. The filing of a complaint with the Commissioner of Education alleging unprofessional conduct by a certified staff member;
 - c. When appropriate, the involvement of law enforcement agencies in investigating and prosecuting wrongdoing.

Off-Duty Personal Use

School employees may use the internet, school computers, and other school technology while not on duty for personal use as long as such use is (1) consistent with other district policies, (2) consistent with the provisions of ARSD 24:08, and (3) is reported as compensation in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and taxes, if any, are paid. All

the provisions of ARSD 24:08 will apply to non-certificated staff for the purposes of this policy. In addition, employees may not use the school's internet, computers, or other technology to access obscene or pornographic material, sext, or engage in any illegal activities.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4014 MILITARY LEAVE

Upon receipt of the required notice, the superintendent or designee shall grant leave to employees for voluntary or involuntary service in the uniformed services of the United States.

Entitlement to Position

The district will maintain these employees as required by law and/or collective bargaining agreements. The district will reinstate a service member who returns to the district to the same or similar position and at the same rate of pay unless otherwise provided by law.

Seniority

Time spent in active military service shall be counted in the same manner as regular employment for purposes of seniority or district service unless otherwise provided in a collective bargaining agreement.

Requests and Notice

All requests for military leave will be submitted to the superintendent or designee. The district may require documentation showing the necessity for the leave request. The employee may choose to use accrued vacation leave in conjunction with leave under this policy.

Unless otherwise impossible, all requests for military leave will be submitted at least one full month in advance of the date military service is to begin. Persons returning from military leave must also give notice of intent to return to the superintendent or designee in writing, at least one full month in advance of the return date.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4015
PROHIBITION AGAINST EMPLOYMENT OF BOARD MEMBERS

South Dakota law prohibits board members from serving as teachers.

The board will allow a member of the Board of Education to be employed by the school district in a non-teaching capacity. Board members who are also employed by the district are strictly prohibited from discussing any issue with students, staff, or parents in their capacity as an employee that may come before the board.

This policy does not prohibit the board from contracting with members of the board for services or products when the relationship is not one of employer/employee and such contracts are in compliance with the requirements of statute and board policy regarding conflicts of interest.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4017
RELATIONS WITH EMPLOYEE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING
ASSOCIATIONS

The Board of Education recognizes the right of staff members to belong to organizations for bargaining purposes pursuant to state statutes. The board will negotiate with employee associations that have been established in accordance with public employee bargaining statutes and will negotiate with local collective bargaining unit representatives at mutually agreeable times.

To facilitate an amicable relationship between the district and any local employee associations, the district will allow associations to make reasonable use of district facilities for meetings outside the school's and the employees' work hours. With administrative approval, associations may use district resources, post notices of meetings and other information on bulletin boards designated for this purpose and use district e-mail and mailboxes for delivery of employment-related information. Associations must pay for all supplies used, damage caused, or the loss or theft of borrowed property.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4018 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Corporal punishment, defined as any act of physical force upon a student for the purpose of punishing that student, is prohibited.

Some physical contact is inevitable, and most of it is appropriate. Therefore, physical contact, short of corporal punishment, is acceptable to promote personal interaction with students, to maintain order and control, and to protect persons and property.

Employees may use physical force only where reasonable and necessary for supervisory control over students. Situations where physical force may be reasonable and necessary include:

- A. self-defense;
- B. protecting others from physical injury;
- C. protecting property of the district or others;
- D. removing a student who has refused to comply with requests to refrain from disruptive behavior.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4020
OWNERSHIP OF COPYRIGHTED WORKS

Works created by district employees in the course and scope of their employment remain the property of the district. The board may enter into a written agreement with a staff member allowing the staff member to share ownership of a copyright in the covered work. The board will only enter into such an agreement if the written work was created apart from, and in addition to, what the district requires and if the district will not incur an expense to replace the work.

The board hereby expressly grants to other educational entities located within South Dakota a non-exclusive license to use the district's copyrighted works for educational purposes within South Dakota when those works have been placed onto collaborative learning systems within the state.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4022

CERTIFICATION AND ENDORSEMENTS

All educators must be duly certified by the South Dakota Department of Education in accordance with the Department's rules and the laws of South Dakota. Prior to signing a teaching contract, educators are responsible for ensuring their teaching certificates remain in effect.

Certified employees are required to maintain all their endorsements and may not permit any endorsement to lapse or remove it from their certificates. The board or superintendent may require a certified employee to obtain a new endorsement when it is deemed necessary for the benefit of the school district and/or to comply with federal or state requirements.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4023
PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Chapter 24 of the South Dakota Administrative Code regarding Professional Teacher Ethics, are the minimum standards for all certificated staff members of the school district. All certified employees are responsible for reading, understanding, and complying with these standards.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4024

TEACHERS' RIGHTS, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND DUTIES

All certified employees shall assume the duties and responsibilities assigned by the superintendent or designee. Teachers' professional responsibilities involve considerably more than merely classroom instruction. They include, but are not limited to, study and research to keep abreast of new knowledge and instructional techniques; assessment of students' work; record-keeping; lesson planning and preparation; conferences with students, parents, and administrators; in-service meetings; and supervision of pupils outside the classroom.

Teachers must be in their classrooms or assigned areas as instructed by the building principal. All duty time is necessary for educational planning, preparation, and conferences with students, parents, and faculty members.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4025 SUPERINTENDENT

The superintendent is hired by and shall report directly to the Board of Education. The superintendent will be the chief administrative officer of the board of education and shall keep the board informed on important issues. The board delegates to the superintendent the general power and authority to make necessary decisions to ensure the efficient and effective operations of the school.

The superintendent is charged with timely preparing, presenting, and filing an annual school budget, subject to the approval of the board at the annual budget hearing.

All school employees shall be under the direct and/or delegated supervision of the superintendent. The board delegates to the superintendent the authority to hire and terminate the employment of all classified staff. He or she shall review all certified and non-certified employees applying for vacancies and shall make recommendations regarding these employees.

All the grounds and buildings are supervised by the superintendent, including necessary repairs and improvements unless the board is required to approve such repairs or improvements.

The superintendent's other duties shall be included in his or her job description, contract, or as otherwise assigned by the board.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4026
BUSINESS MANAGER

The board will employ a business manager who may be authorized to make all purchases for the school board, in compliance with state law and within the budget approved by the board.

Other duties of the business manager include:

- A. Recording and the safekeeping of the board meeting minutes;
- B. Publishing proceedings of the board consistent with laws regarding the publication of board minutes;
- C. Preparing a detailed account of all board business and periodic and annual reports of the receipts and expenditures of the district;
- D. Issuing of all warrants for the payment of verified bills, salaries, and contracts of the district;
- E. Assuming responsibility for the conduct of school elections;
- F. Performing such other duties as the board may require and as required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4027
PART-TIME CERTIFIED EMPLOYEES

Percentage of Time

The percentage of time that a teacher works will be determined by calculating the amount of time that the teacher is required to be at school to teach or supervise classes, plus any assigned preparation time, as a percentage of the entire school day. Extracurricular assignments shall not be considered in determining a teacher's percentage of time. Part-time and temporary teachers may or may not be assigned preparation time, at the sole discretion of the Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the superintendent of schools.

Salary

The salary, benefits and leave entitlement of a part-time teacher shall be determined by reference to the negotiated agreement between the district and the teacher's association. The percentage of time a part-time teacher is required to be on duty shall be determined by the Board of Education upon the recommendation of the superintendent of schools.

Attendance at In-service Meetings, Faculty Meetings, and School Activities

A part-time teacher is responsible for attending in-service meetings, faculty meetings, and school activities that take place outside the teacher's assigned duty hours without additional compensation. A part-time teacher is responsible for performing such tasks as selling or taking tickets and will be compensated for such tasks pursuant to the policy, practice or negotiated agreement of the school district.

Continuation of Employment

The school district administration and the board will deal with the continuation of a part-time teacher's employment pursuant to state statute and the procedures prescribed for full-time employees in these policies.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4028 SUBSTITUTE TEACHERS

The superintendent will maintain a list of potential substitute teachers who may be called by a substitute coordinator to fill an absence. The district does not require certification for substitutes.

Substitute Procedures

- A. If a staff member requires an immediate substitute:
 - 1. the staff member will call the business office and leave a request for a substitute;
 - 2. The substitute coordinator will notify, by email, the staff member's building principal and/or supervisor, and school office secretary of the staff member's absence and assigned substitute teacher.
- B. If a staff member knows they will be absent:
 - 1. The staff member is required to complete a request for leave on the district's system;
 - 2. The staff member's building principal or supervisor may approve or reject the request;
 - 3. Upon approval, the substitute coordinator will secure a substitute teacher for the requested date of leave. The substitute coordinator will notify the staff member, the staff member's building principal and/or supervisor, and the school office secretary of the assigned substitute teacher.

The substitute coordinator will attempt to secure a substitute who is certified in the subject area and grade level. If impractical, the substitute coordinator will secure the best available substitute. Building principals may require staff members to secure their own substitute.

Teachers will have pertinent written lesson plans available so that a substitute can perform his/her duties in relation to the instructional program in an educational environment beneficial to the students.

Substitute Compensation

Substitute teachers shall be reimbursed at a rate based on qualification as a certified or uncertified substitute teacher; and, commensurate to a progressive pay scale to be determined by the board on an annual basis.

Long term substitutes are those who (non-certified) who act as a teacher of record for no more than six weeks while the permanent teacher is on a temporary leave of absence and intends to return to the classroom during the school year.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

4030

EVALUATION OF CERTIFIED EMPLOYEES

All certified employees to be evaluated shall be notified annually in writing of the evaluation process. A certified administrator, with the exception of the local Board of Education when it is evaluating the superintendent, will observe and evaluate each certified employee who is not yet in their fourth contract year for a full instructional period once each school year. A certified administrator will observe and evaluate certified teachers in their fourth contract year or beyond, not less than every other year.

The evaluation will include, but not be limited to evaluating the employee's instructional performance, classroom organization and management, personal conduct, and professional conduct. The administrator will provide the employee with a list of areas in which to improve and suggestions for improvement.

Evaluation Standards

The district will use the minimum evaluation standards aligned with the Danielson framework as required by the South Dakota Department of Education. These standards:

- A. require teachers to be evaluated using multiple measures;
- B. serve as the basis for programs to increase professional growth and development of certified teachers; and
- C. include a plan of assistance for any certified teacher who is in the fourth or subsequent year of teaching, and whose performance does not meet the school district's performance standards.

The evaluation will be written and discussed with the certified employee and signed and dated by both the evaluator and the employee. The teacher's signature only denotes receipt of the written evaluation, not their approval of the evaluation.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

4031 EVALUATION OF ADMINISTRATORS

All principals to be evaluated shall be notified annually in writing of the evaluation process. The superintendent will observe and evaluate each principal for a full instructional period once a year.

Principals will be evaluated with an evaluation tool aligned to the South Dakota Framework for Effective Principals. Evaluations will include an analysis of at least one component from each domain. These domains are:

- A. Vision and Goals
- B. Instructional Leadership
- C. School Operations & Resources
- D. School, Student and Staff Safety
- E. School and Community Relationships
- F. Ethical and Cultural Leadership

The evaluation will be written and discussed with the principal and signed and dated by both the principal and the superintendent. The principal's signature only denotes receipt of the written evaluation, not approval of the evaluation.

Other Directors/Supervisors

Directors and supervisors who are not principals will be evaluated at least once per year with an evaluation tool aimed at improving the duties specific to the director/supervisor position. Either the superintendent or the building principal will perform the evaluation.

The principal or superintendent will provide the employee with a written list of deficiencies, suggestions, and a timeline for correcting the deficiencies and improving performance, and sufficient time to improve. The employee and superintendent/principal will sign the written evaluation. The employee's signature only denotes receipt of the written evaluation, not approval of the evaluation. The district will maintain all evaluations in the employee's personnel file.

Individual Holding Multiple Appointments

An individual serving in multiple capacities, such as superintendent and principal, may be evaluated either using the framework in this policy or through a district established framework for their other capacity. The district may also evaluate the individual through both their capacities.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4032
PROFESSIONAL GROWTH

The Board of Education believes the goal of professional self-improvement to be inherent in the responsibilities of each certified district employee. Every five years, permanent certified employees shall give evidence of professional growth. This growth can be shown by:

- A. Participate as a mentee or mentor in a state-approved mentor program in at least two of the past five years;
- B. Complete National Board Certification within the last five years;
- C. Complete six semester hours of education-related credits, with at least three transcript or specialized learning experience credits.

Certified staff must also complete at least one hour of suicide awareness and prevention training once every five years.

Advancement on the hiring or salary schedule due to professional growth or National Certification will be determined according to the negotiated agreement.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4034
STAFF HANDBOOK

The superintendent or designee shall annually formulate, review, and revise a staff handbook that will contain information about the district's employment policies and practices. The staff handbook is an extension of these policies and has the force and effect of board policy when approved by the Board of Education.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4038
CLASSIFIED STAFF DEFINED

The term “classified staff” means all employees other than certified teachers and administrators. Classified staff employees are employed at will, and their employment may be amended or terminated at any time and without any cause.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4039
EMPLOYMENT OF CLASSIFIED STAFF

The superintendent or designee shall hire classified staff to meet personnel needs consistent with the district's budget, instructional needs, and non-instructional operations.

The superintendent or designee will conduct a criminal background check on any classified staff applicant. Criminal history or background checks shall occur only after the school district has determined that the applicant meets the minimum employment qualifications. This policy shall not prevent the school district from requiring an applicant to disclose his or her criminal record or history relating to sexual or physical abuse prior to any minimum employment qualification determination.

The superintendent or designee shall discipline, and discharge classified staff as appropriate.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4041

STAFF DRESS AND APPEARANCE

The attire worn by staff members conveys an important image to students and the general public. The appearance of professional staff members shall be appropriate to their assigned duties and indicative of their professional standing in the school and community.

Staff Expectations in Dress and Appearance

A. General Expectations in Dress and Appearance

1. Certified staff, paraeducators, and office staff should generally dress in business casual attire that is clean and professional.
2. Custodial, maintenance, and transportation staff should dress in attire appropriate to the work they are performing.

B. Unacceptable Forms of Dress and Appearance

1. The following are examples of unprofessional attire which should not be worn by classroom staff during the traditional school day, when students or visitors are in attendance, or when the employee is supervising, directing, or coaching students when the public is in attendance:
 - a. For men: shirts without collars, unless the shirt can be deemed professional by other standards.
 - b. Athletic wear, including sweat, jogging and wind suits, except when teaching a physical education activity in the gymnasium, on a playing field, or at athletics or other activity practices.
 - c. Shorts, except when teaching physical education class or at athletic or other activity practices.
 - d. Hats, except when worn outside for sun coverage.
 - e. Rubber soled 'flip flop' thong sandals.
 - f. Any attire which is excessively wrinkled or torn, so that it is no longer neat and professional.
 - g. Any attire which is immodest or may distract other employees or students in the learning environment.

Enforcement

The superintendent or principal shall maintain the discretion to make determinations on staff dress and appearance. Administrators may temporarily suspend all or a portion of the dress code when other factors support a lower dress expectation for school employees (e.g., special "casual days" or field days). Any violation of school policy and rules may result in disciplinary action.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4042
EMPLOYEE SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS

This district shall take reasonable steps to protect the confidentiality of employees' social security numbers. However, nothing in this policy prohibits the district from using the last four digits of an employee's social security number as an employee identification number or in any other reasonable manner.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4043

PROFESSIONAL BOUNDARIES BETWEEN EMPLOYEES AND STUDENTS

School district employees are responsible for conducting themselves professionally and for teaching and modeling high standards of behavior and civic values, both at and away from school. Employees are required to establish and maintain professional boundaries with students. They may be friendly with students, but they are the students' teachers, not their friends, and they must take care to see that this line does not become blurred. This applies to employees' conduct and interactions with students and to material they post on personal web sites and other social networking sites including, but not limited to, Instagram, Facebook, and Twitter. The posting or publication of messages or pictures or other images that diminish an employee's professionalism or ability to maintain the respect of students and parents may impair his or her ability to be an effective employee. Employees are expected to always behave in a manner supportive of the best interests of students.

Unless an employee has a legitimate educational purpose, the following behavior is a violation of the professional boundaries that employees are expected to maintain with students. The following list is intended to illustrate inappropriate behavior involving students but not to describe every kind of prohibited behavior.

- A. Communicating about sex when the discussion is not required by a specific aspect of the curriculum.
- B. Joking about matters involving sex, using double entendre, or making suggestive remarks of a sexual nature.
- C. Displaying sexually inappropriate material or objects.
- D. Making any sexual advance, whether written, verbal, or physical or engaging in any activity of a sexual or romantic nature.
- E. Kissing of any kind.
- F. Dating a student or a former student within one year of the student graduating or otherwise leaving the district.
- G. Intruding on a student's personal space (e.g., by touching unnecessarily, moving too close, staring at a portion of the student's body, or engaging in other behavior that makes the student uncomfortable).
- H. Initiating unwanted physical contact with a student.
- I. Communicating electronically (e.g., by e-mail, text messaging, or through social media) on a matter that does not pertain to school. Electronic communications with students generally are to be sent simultaneously to multiple recipients and not just to one student except when the communication is clearly school related and inappropriate for persons other than the individual student to receive (i.e., grades).

- J. Playing favorites or permitting a specific student to engage in conduct that is not tolerated from other students.
- K. Discussing the employee's personal issues or problems that should normally be discussed with adults.
- L. Giving a student a gift of an inappropriate nature.
- M. Giving a student a ride in the employee's vehicle without first obtaining the express permission of the student's parents or a school administrator.
- N. Taking a student on an outing without first obtaining the express permission of the student's parents or a school administrator.
- O. Inviting a student to the employee's residence without first obtaining the express permission of the student's parents and a school administrator.
- P. Going to a student's home when the student's parent or a proper chaperone is not present.
- Q. Repeatedly seeking to be alone with a student.
- R. Being alone in a room with an individual student at school with the door closed.
- S. Any after-school hours activity with only one student.
- T. Any other behavior which exploits the special position of trust and authority between an employee and student.

This list is not exhaustive. Any behavior which exploits a student is unacceptable. If in doubt, ask yourself, "Would I be doing this if my family or colleagues were standing next to me?"

An employee is required to make a report to the superintendent if the employee reasonably believes that another employee has violated or may have violated this policy. Minor concerns or violations shall be reported within 24 hours. Major concerns or violations shall be reported immediately. Violations committed by or concerns about the superintendent shall be reported to the school board president.

A student who feels his or her boundaries have been violated should directly inform the offender that the conduct or communication is offensive and must stop. If the student does not wish to communicate directly with the offender or if direct communication has been ineffective, the student should report the conduct or communication to a teacher, administrator, counselor, the Title IX coordinator, or other school employee with whom she or he feels comfortable.

Retaliation for good faith reports or complaints made as a result of this policy is prohibited. Individuals who knowingly and intentionally make a false report shall be subject to discipline as provided by district policy and state law.

A violation of this policy will form the basis for employee discipline up to and including termination or cancellation of employment, filing a report with

law enforcement officials, and filing a report with the Department of Education.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4044

POLITICAL ACTIVITY BY STAFF MEMBERS

The board recognizes its individual employees' rights of citizenship, including, but not limited to, engaging in political activities.

Running for Political Office

An employee of the district may seek an elective office, provided that the staff member does not campaign on school property during working hours and provided they do not neglect their duty to the district.

Any employee wishing to run for elective public office will notify the superintendent as soon as possible of their intent to campaign for office. The superintendent will present the employee's wishes to the board and the board will determine whether the employee's proposed activities are possible without neglecting his or her duty to the district.

The following activities are prohibited during an employee's work time (including duty-free lunch and planning periods):

- A. Soliciting votes or contributions for or against a particular candidate or ballot proposition.
- B. Discussing with students' opinions regarding a political candidate or ballot proposition unless the topic is part of the approved curriculum.
- C. Preparing, displaying, wearing, or distributing campaign literature, materials, or signs for or against a candidate or ballot proposition (this prohibition does not apply to bumper stickers on personal vehicles).
- D. Soliciting volunteers to assist with a campaign for or against a political candidate or ballot proposition.
- E. Preparing for, organizing, or participating in any political meeting, petition, rally, or event.
- F. Other disruptive political activity as allowed under law.

The following activities are prohibited at all times:

- A. Using any school district resources including, but not limited to, facsimile machines, copy machines, computers, or e-mail accounts, for political campaign activities.
- B. Using school district property or facilities for any political campaign activities unless such use is approved pursuant to school board rules or policy.
- C. Spending district funds to urge voters to vote for or against a candidate or ballot proposition.
- D. Requiring employees to engage in political campaign activities as part of their job duties.
- E. Providing employees with additional compensation or benefits for engaging in political activities.

- F. Representing an employee's personal political position as the position of the school district or the Board of Education.
- G. Engaging in any other activity is prohibited by state law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4045
MILK EXPRESSION

Except as otherwise provided by law, the district will provide reasonable break time for an employee who wishes to breastfeed or express breast milk for her nursing child each time such employee has the need to do so. The district will provide a place other than a bathroom, which is shielded from view and free from intrusion from co-workers and the public. This accommodation will be provided for one year after the child's birth, unless otherwise required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4046

INTERNET SEARCHES REGARDING POTENTIAL EMPLOYEES

Members of the administrative team or of a hiring committee (hereinafter "the committee") may conduct internet research about job applicants by using the following protocol, except that no criminal history record information check shall be made until the school district has determined that the applicant meets the minimum employment qualifications:

- A. The committee may conduct internet searches using candidates' full names and any aliases. The committee may also search candidates' full names and any aliases on Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn, Twitter, YouTube, and other social networking websites.
- B. All applicants or all finalists must have the same research conducted about them. For example, if the committee conducts a search on Google using the name of one applicant in order to determine whether to include that applicant in the list of finalists, the committee must also conduct an identical search of all applicants' names.
- C. The committee may not use deception to gain access to applicants' social networking pages, blogs, or other on-line media and will not require applicants for employment to provide the district with their username or password to personal social media accounts.
- D. The committee must take reasonable steps to verify the reliability of the information obtained in the search, including consulting with the applicant for confirmation of accuracy, if appropriate.
- E. The committee will consider the following information to be relevant in making hiring decisions about an applicant based on information obtained through internet research:
 1. Disparaging remarks made about current or former co-workers, supervisors, or employers;
 2. Discriminatory, harassing, or demeaning behavior or comments;
 3. Unprofessional, lewd, or obscene behavior or remarks;
 4. Criminal activity;
 5. Information which indicates the applicant will or will not be able to perform the essential functions of the position sought; and
 6. Information which indicates that the applicant is particularly suited or unsuited to the position sought.
- F. The committee will retain documents to demonstrate its compliance with this policy with other documentation relevant to the job search.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4048

ASSESSMENT ADMINISTRATION AND SECURITY

The purpose of all testing and assessments is to measure students' knowledge, skills or abilities in the area tested. All staff members are prohibited from engaging in any behavior that adversely affects the validity of test scores as a measure of student achievement. This policy applies to all national, state, and local assessments, including both standardized and general classroom assessments.

Assessment Responsibilities

The superintendent, in consultation with building principals and classroom teachers, will be responsible for:

- A. overseeing the scheduling of state administered assessments, training all staff who administer assessments, and ensuring that all assessments, including make-up testing, is completed within required testing windows.
- B. designing procedures that result in accurate data relating to student progress under district and state accountability systems.
- C. sharing results of state assessments with the board, so the board can use accurate and up-to-date data in district decision making.

Every classroom teacher or other staff member who administers assessments is responsible for:

- A. complying with appropriate assessment security procedures;
- B. taking all reasonable and prudent steps to ensure the accuracy and integrity of all academic testing, including statewide assessments; and
- C. ensuring the security of all test materials.

Security Violations and Cheating

Staff members who suspect students of having cheated on a classroom assessment should conduct a reasonable inquiry and impose consequences on the student consistent with classroom rules and the student handbook. Staff members who suspect a breach of security on state academic achievement tests must promptly report their suspicions to the building principal or superintendent. The building principal or superintendent will investigate the circumstances and report the results of the investigation to the Secretary of Education.

The superintendent and building principals will communicate to staff what constitutes cheating and communicate the possible personal and district sanctions. Staff members who engage in or enable students to engage in academic dishonesty in any testing or assessment will be subject to discipline up to and including immediate termination.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4050

OVERTIME AND COMPENSATORY TIME

Employees who are "non-exempt" under the Fair Labor Standards Act and who work more than 40 hours in a workweek will be paid at the rate of time-and-one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) times their regular rate of pay for all overtime hours or will be provided compensatory time. All overtime must be approved in advance by the employee's supervisor. Scheduled holidays, vacation days, time off for jury duty, and time off for sickness, emergencies or other personal reasons will not be considered hours worked for overtime purposes.

The district may grant compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay at a rate of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) hours off for each hour of overtime the employee worked. Employees may accrue a maximum of 240 hours of compensatory time, which represents 160 hours of actual overtime worked. When an employee has accrued 240 hours of compensatory time, the district shall pay him/her at the rate of one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) times his/her regular rate of pay for each additional hour of overtime. An employee who asks to use compensatory time shall be permitted to use it within a reasonable period after the request if its use does not unduly disrupt the district's operations.

Upon termination of employment, an employee shall be paid for unused compensatory time at a rate of compensation not less than: (1) the average regular hourly rate paid to the employee during the last three years of his/her employment, or (2) the final regular hourly rate paid to the employee, whichever is higher.

Payment for unused compensatory time shall be at the employee's regular rate of pay for each hour of compensatory time, not one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) times the regular rate of pay.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4051

STAFF AND DISTRICT SOCIAL MEDIA USE

Social media is an important tool for communicating, keeping up to date with current developments in education, and for conducting research to enhance management, teaching, and learning skills. The district also uses social media accounts to provide information to district stakeholders. This policy is intended to ensure (1) appropriate use of social media by staff and (2) appropriate control of social media accounts belonging to or affiliated with the district. Staff should also refer to the district's policy on Staff Computer and Internet Usage.

Personal Versus School-Affiliated Social Media Use

A. Personal Social Media Use

1. The school district will not require staff members or applicants for employment to provide the district with their username and password to personal social media accounts.
2. The district will not require staff to add anyone to the list of contacts associated with the staff member's personal social media accounts or require a staff member to change the settings on his or her personal social media accounts so that others can or cannot view their accounts.
3. Staff members whose personal social media use interferes with the orderly operation of the school or who use social media in ways that are not protected by the First Amendment may be subject to discipline by the district.
4. Staff members who wish to begin using or to continue using the school district name, programs, mascot, image, or likeness as part of any social media profile must notify their supervising administrator of the use and must secure the administrator's permission to do so.

B. School-Affiliated Social Media Use

1. Any social media account which purports to be "the official" account of the school district (e.g., "Tanager Wrestling"), or any of its programs, classes or entities will be considered to be an account that is used exclusively for the school district's business purpose. Staff members may not use "official" accounts for personal use.
2. Staff may be required to provide their supervising administrator with the username and password to school-affiliated social media accounts.
3. Staff may be required to interact with specified individuals on school-affiliated social media accounts.
4. When staff use school-affiliated social media accounts to comment on school-related matters, they do not do so as private citizens and are therefore not entitled to First Amendment protections.

Staff Expectations in Use of Social Media – Applicable to Both Personal and School-Affiliated Use

A. General Use and Conditions

1. Staff must comply with all board policies, contract provisions, and applicable rules of professional conduct in their social media usage. They must comply with the board's policy on professional boundaries between staff and students at all times and in both physical and digital environments.
2. Staff must obtain the consent of their building principal or the superintendent prior to posting any student-related information in order to make sure that the publication does not violate the Federal Education Records Privacy Act or any other laws. Staff must also comply with all applicable state and federal record retention requirements, even with regard to personal social media usage.
3. Staff must comply with all applicable laws prohibiting the use or disclosure of impermissible content, such as copyright laws, accountability and disclosure laws, and any other law governing the use of resources of a political subdivision. Questions about appropriate content should be referred to the staff member's supervising administrator.

B. Acceptable Use

1. Staff may use social media for instructional purposes.
2. Staff may use social media for school-related communication with fellow educators, students, parents, and patrons.
3. Teachers should integrate the use of electronic resources, which may include social media, into the classroom. As the quality and integrity of content on social media is not guaranteed, teachers must examine the source of the information and provide guidance to students on evaluating the quality of information they may encounter.

C. Unacceptable Use

1. Staff shall not access obscene or pornographic material while at school, on school-owned device or on school-affiliated social media accounts.
2. Staff shall not engage in any illegal activities, including the downloading and reproduction of copyrighted materials.
3. Staff shall not access social media networking sites such as Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram on school-owned devices or during school time unless such access is for an educational activity which has been preapproved by the staff member's immediate supervisor. This prohibition extends to using chat rooms, message boards, or instant messaging in social media applications and includes posting on social networking sites using personal electronic devices.

School-Affiliated Digital Content

A. General Use and Conditions for School-Affiliated Accounts

1. Staff must obtain the permission of their supervising administration prior to creating, publishing, or using any school-affiliated web pages, microblogs, social media pages or handles, or any other digital content which represents itself to be school-related, or which could be reasonably understood to be school-related. This includes any content which identifies the school district by name in the account name or which uses the school's mascot name or image.
2. Staff must provide administrators with the username and password for all school-affiliated accounts and must only publish content appropriate for the school setting. Staff may not provide the username and password to school-affiliated accounts to any unauthorized individual, including students and volunteers.

B. Moderation of Third-Party Content

The purpose of school-related social media accounts is to disseminate information. No school-related or school-affiliated social media account covered by this policy shall permit comments by the public unless otherwise approved by the superintendent. All comment functions for applications such as Facebook and Instagram must be turned to "off" without this approval.

In the event the superintendent permits content created by anyone other than the administrator of the account to appear on the account's pages, such as comments made by students, parents, and patrons, the account administrator must monitor the content to ensure it complies with this policy. Posts, comments, or any other content made on the account's pages may be removed when the content meets any of the following conditions:

1. Is obscene, lewd, or appeals to prurient interests;
2. Contains information relating to a student matter or personnel matter which is protected under or prohibited by state or federal law;
3. Contains threatening, harassing, or discriminatory words or phrases;
4. Incites or is reasonably anticipated to incite violence, illegal activity, or a material and substantial disruption to school operations or activities; or
5. Contains any other threat to the safety of students and staff.

Every account administrator must keep a copy of any removed content and must provide a copy to the superintendent along with written notification for the reason the post has been removed. All questions about the appropriateness of removal must be directed to the superintendent.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4052

JOB REFERENCES TO PROSPECTIVE EMPLOYERS

All requests for employment-related references or employment history by prospective employers of current or former employees must be referred to a member of the administrative team. The administrator will either provide a reference in compliance with this policy or will forward the request to the superintendent.

If the school district is subject to a written separation agreement regarding a particular employee, the terms of that agreement will govern the district's response to requests for information, regardless of any written consent provided to the school district.

If the school district is not bound by a separation agreement and receives a legally enforceable written consent to release information, the district may provide the information authorized by that document. The school district may provide additional truthful information to prospective employers of current and former employees in accordance with this policy.

Employees Suspected of Sexual Misconduct Against a Minor or Student

Apart from the routine transmission of administrative and personnel files or unless otherwise permitted by law, the district and any employee, contractor, or agent of the school district is prohibited from providing any employee any assistance in obtaining a new job if the school district or the individual acting for the school district has probable cause to believe said employee has engaged in sexual misconduct with a student or minor in violation of the law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4053

VETERAN PREFERENCE IN EMPLOYMENT

The district will grant preference in employment to veterans in accordance with SDCL 3-3-1. A veteran applicant is any applicant who:

- A. Has served the full obligation for active duty, reserve, or National Guard service in the military, or received an early discharge for the medical condition, hardship, reduction in force, or at the convenience of the military; and
- B. Has been separated or discharged from such service honorably or under honorable conditions.

A veteran applicant who has a service-connected disability will receive preference over nondisabled veteran applicants. If a veteran applicant possesses at least the minimum qualifications necessary to fill the position, the district will interview the veteran applicant for the position, but the district does not guarantee a position due to veteran status.

The district will provide any veteran employee with all due process entitled to them under law upon termination of their employment. Veteran employees may be terminated for incompetency or misconduct after a hearing and upon due notice.

This policy does not apply to any district employee with policy-forming authority. Spouses of disabled or deceased veterans may also qualify for preference under this policy.

Adopted on: December 11, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4054

REPORTING CHILD ABUSE OR NEGLECT

Because of their daily contact with school-age children, educators and other school employees are in a unique position to identify abused and/or neglected children. South Dakota law defines “abused and neglected child” as a child:

- A. Whose parent, guardian or custodian has abandoned the child or has subjected the child to mistreatment or abuse;
- B. Who lacks proper parental care through the actions or omissions of the parent, guardian or custodian;
- C. Whose environment is injurious to his welfare;
- D. Whose parent, guardian or custodian fails or refuses to provide proper or necessary subsistence, supervision, education, medical care, or any other care necessary for his health, guidance, or well-being; or
- E. Who is homeless, without proper care, or not domiciled with his parent, guardian, or custodian through no fault of his parent, guardian or custodian;
- F. Who is threatened with substantial harm;
- G. Who has sustained emotional harm or mental injury as indicated by an injury to his intellectual or psychological capacity evidenced by an observable and substantial impairment in his ability to function within his normal range of performance and behavior, with due regard to his culture;
- H. Who is subject to sexual abuse, sexual molestation or sexual exploitation by his parent, guardian, custodian, or any other person responsible for his care;
- I. Who was subject to prenatal exposure to abusive use of alcohol, marijuana or any controlled drug or substance not lawfully prescribed by a practitioner as authorized by chapters 22-42 and 3420B;
- J. Whose parent, guardian or custodian knowingly exposes the child to an environment that is being used for the manufacture, use or distribution of methamphetamine or any other unlawfully manufactured controlled drug or substance.

Reporting Procedure

School employees who have reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused and neglected child will report the suspected abuse or neglect according to the following procedure.

1. Any school employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused or neglected shall report the suspicion to the building principal or superintendent immediately. Any doubt or question in reporting such cases shall be resolved in favor of reporting the suspected abuse or neglect.

2. The building principal or superintendent shall consider the report from the school employee and may further consult with the employee or other administrators. If there is a reasonable cause to suspect that the child has been abused or neglected as defined by state law, the building principal or superintendent shall immediately report such to the State's Attorney of the county in which the child resides or is present, to the Department of Social Services, or to law enforcement officers.
3. The administrator facilitating the report of suspected abuse or neglect shall request a response report.

Contents of the Report

The report to authorities shall contain the following information to the extent it is available: (1) name and position of reporting person; (2) name, address, and the date and place of birth of the abused or neglected person; (3) the name and address of the person or persons having custody of the abused or neglected person; (4) the name and address of the person or persons suspected of being responsible for the abuse or neglect; (4) the nature and extent of the abuse or neglect, or the conditions and circumstances which would reasonably result in such abuse or neglect; and (5) any other information that may be useful in establishing the identity of the persons involved and cause of the abuse or neglect.

Legal Immunity

South Dakota statutes give legal immunity from any civil or criminal liability to any person who makes a good faith report of child abuse or neglect or participates in a judicial proceeding resulting from such a report.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4056
RESIGNATION OF CERTIFIED STAFF

Certified staff members who know they will not be returning to employment at the school district for the following school year are encouraged to submit their resignations as early as possible, to enable the board to find suitable replacements. Any provision in this policy in conflict with terms collectively bargained will give way in favor of the conflicting term of the negotiated agreement.

Staff members who submit their resignations to the Board of Education after the following dates in the Liquidated Damages Schedule will be required to pay liquidated damages to be released from the next school year's contract. Staff members who refuse to fulfill their contractual obligations will be reported to the South Dakota Professional Teachers Practices and Standards Commission.

Liquidated Damages Schedule:

Contract return deadline through June 15th - \$1000

June 16th through July 16th - \$1500

After July 17th - \$2000

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4057 SUPERINTENDENT EVALUATION

The board shall observe and evaluate the superintendent based upon actual observation of some aspect of the superintendent's typical work for no less than 40 minutes at least twice during his or her first year of employment and at least once each year thereafter. Additional evaluations may be conducted at the discretion of the board.

Purpose

The purposes of the formal job evaluation are:

1. To provide a means of rational, structured communication between the board and superintendent to create a more constructive and effective working relationship.
2. To provide a basis for commending, rewarding, and reinforcing good work, as well as identifying areas where the superintendent needs to improve.
3. To clarify the superintendent's role and inform the superintendent of the Board's expectations.

Dates

Unless otherwise provided for in the superintendent's employment contract, the first-year evaluations should take place (1) at or prior to the October board meeting, and (2) at or prior to the January board meeting. Annual evaluations shall take place at a board meeting held during the month before the date in the superintendent's employment contract by which the board must notify the superintendent of its intention to consider the nonrenewal or amendment of the contract. In the absence of such a contract provision, the annual evaluation should take place at or prior to the January board meeting. The superintendent shall remind the board members in writing at least 45 days before the date of each upcoming evaluation and shall make his or her evaluation an agenda item for the board meeting.

Evaluation Document

The superintendent shall submit a recommended evaluation document to the board. The board shall meet and discuss the proposed document with the superintendent. The board may amend and adopt the proposed evaluation document. The board may amend the document or adopt a new document without amending this policy.

Evaluation Procedures

Each board member shall have the opportunity to complete a draft evaluation document. The board president shall compile the individual draft evaluations into a single and final evaluation, provide a copy to the

superintendent, and discuss it with him or her. The superintendent's evaluation may be conducted in closed session.

Deficiencies

If deficiencies are noted in the superintendent's work performance, the board shall provide the superintendent at the time of the evaluation with a list of deficiencies and a list of suggestions for improvement and assistance in overcoming the deficiencies. The board shall also provide the superintendent with follow-up evaluations and assistance when deficiencies remain, a timeline for improvement, and sufficient time to improve. In the alternative, the board may rely upon the superintendent's education, training, and expertise and require him or her to submit a "list of suggestions for improvement" or plan of improvement for the board's consideration.

Personnel File

The evaluation shall be signed by the board president (or other member of the board) and the superintendent. The superintendent shall place a copy of the evaluation in his or her personnel file. The superintendent may provide a written response to the evaluation to the board. A copy of the response shall also be placed in the superintendent's personnel file. The board may meet with the superintendent to discuss the written response.

Policy Limitation

The board's failure to comply with any procedures provided in this policy but not required by law shall not prohibit the board from taking any action regarding the superintendent's employment, up to and including the nonrenewal, amendment, or cancellation of the employment contract.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4058
CONFIDENTIALITY IN COUNSELING

The school district provides students with a certified school counselor. Information that students provide to counselors is considered confidential unless disclosure is permitted by state or federal law.

Records of the counseling relationship, including interview notes, test data, correspondence, tape recordings and other documents, are to be considered professional information for use in counseling, not part of the student's education record.

When a counselor is in doubt about what information to release, he or she should discuss the matter with the building principal or with the superintendent.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

4060 SCHOOL VEHICLE USE

School Vehicle Use

School district vehicles may not be used for personal purposes unless the vehicle, or the use of it, is provided to an employee as a condition of an employment contract or it is leased to school personnel as allowed by law. School personnel must operate school vehicles in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws.

Driver Qualifications

School personnel who wish to use a vehicle owned or leased by the school district and who are not transporting students must:

- A. Possess and provide a copy of a valid Motor Vehicle operator's license.
- B. Be able to read and comprehend driving regulations and written test questions.

School personnel must notify the superintendent or his or her designee about any change in their driving status or eligibility.

School personnel who have been convicted of any of the following or who meet any of the following conditions will not be allowed to drive a school district vehicle:

- A. If the citation or conviction occurred at any time—motor vehicle homicide or driving under the influence – 3rd or subsequent offense;
- B. If the citation or conviction occurred within the last 3 years - driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol, failure to render aid in accident you are involved in, speeding 15 miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit, reckless driving (willful or otherwise), careless driving, leaving the scene of an accident, failure to yield to a pedestrian with bodily injury to the pedestrian, or negligent driving.

The superintendent or his or her designee has the discretion to prohibit school personnel from driving a school vehicle for a citation or arrest for the above offenses or any other offense or reason. The superintendent or his or her designee will make the final determination about the use of school district vehicles.

Electronic Communication While Driving

Unless the superintendent or a principal grant an exception to allow verbal communication on an as needed basis for specific district-related work based upon an employee's duties and responsibilities, school personnel shall not use any electronic communication device to read a written communication, manually type a written communication, send a written communication, verbally communicate with others, or otherwise communicate with others while operating a school vehicle. This prohibition includes but is not limited to answering or making telephone calls, engaging in telephone conversations,

and reading or responding to e-mails, instant messages, text messages or other visual media.

Hands-Free Device Use

Employees are permitted to use a hands-free device, such as the vehicle's Bluetooth system, to talk on the employee's cell phone. Use of such technology must be completely hands free and must not involve physical contact with the cellphone to place or end a phone call.

Tobacco, Alcohol, and Controlled Substances

The use of any tobacco product, including the use of vapor products, alternative nicotine products, or any other such look-alike product, is not permitted in a school vehicle at any time. The use or possession of any alcohol or controlled substance (unless legally prescribed to school personnel by a physician) is not permitted in a school vehicle at any time. All drivers shall follow and be subject to the Drug Free Workplace Policy and Drug Policy Regarding Drivers Policy.

Traffic Accidents, Infractions, Violations, or Citations

School personnel who receive a citation or warning citation from a law enforcement officer or are involved in an accident while operating a school vehicle must report the citation to the superintendent or his or her designee as soon as practicable, but no later than 24 hours of receipt. The superintendent must report his or her accidents, infractions, violations, or citations to the board president.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4061
WORKPLACE OR NON-WORKPLACE INJURIES OR ILLNESS AND
RETURN TO WORK

Reporting Workplace Injuries

Staff members who are injured while performing duties or who witness workplace injuries must report them to the superintendent or superintendent's designee as soon as possible after being injured or witnessing an injury. Staff members must prepare written statements regarding the injuries they sustained or witnessed when they are asked to do so by the school district. Failure to report a workplace injury as a witness will constitute insubordination and neglect of duty and may result in adverse employment action up to and including termination or cancellation of employment. Failure to report workplace injuries may also result in delayed or forfeited benefits to which an employee may otherwise be entitled.

Returning to Work after Workplace Injuries or Non-Workplace Injuries or Illness

Staff members whose injuries or illness prevent them from completing any or all their duties, whether or not incurred at work, may be permitted to continue working or may be offered modified duty positions as required by law or as determined appropriate by the superintendent. This policy does not guarantee a limited or modified assignment during the recovery period unless it is otherwise required by law. The employee may be required to provide a return-to-work certification or report from their treating physician which delineates any restrictions, modifications, or accommodations needed to allow the employee to perform the essential functions of their position.

Termination After Workplace Injuries or Illness

Unless otherwise covered in an individual employment contract, employees may be terminated after suffering a workplace injury or illness when the district has a legitimate, nondiscriminatory reason for doing so. Such reasons include but are not limited to:

- A. Necessity to fill the position to maintain continuous services as required by law or district policy or standards;
- B. Performance deficiencies of the employee unrelated to the injury or illness;
- C. Unavailability of substitute or replacement employees;
- D. When the absence will negatively impact students' educational experience or opportunities; or
- E. Any other reason is not otherwise prohibited by law.

The district may make such employment determinations regardless of whether the employee has returned to work and regardless of whether a medical professional has certified that the employee has reached maximum

medical improvement. In the event the injury or illness lasts beyond the amount of leave time provided by the district and by the Family Medical Leave Act, which is generally no greater than 12 weeks, the employee may be terminated even if the employee remains eligible for Workers' Compensation under state law or short or long-term disability under a policy available through the district. In no event will an employee be terminated as retaliation for filing a Workers' Compensation claim.

Termination After Non-Workplace Injuries

Unless otherwise covered in an individual employment contract or prohibited by law, employees who are unable to perform any of the essential functions of their positions with reasonable accommodation(s) due to injury or illness occurring outside of the workplace may be terminated. The employee's position or a similar position will be held open only as required by law, such as the Family Medical Leave Act.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

4062 LOCKER ROOM SUPERVISION

Staff members, coaches, sponsors, and students must comply with the requirements of this policy while using locker rooms in the school district or at other locations. This policy is limited to extracurricular activity usage of locker rooms.

Staff members, coaches, and sponsors must appropriately supervise students in locker rooms and other locations where students dress, change, or engage in similar activities. This supervision must occur at all times during curricular and extracurricular activities and includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- A. Entering and walking through the entire locker room at regular and irregular intervals to provide direct supervision and to assess student behavior.
- B. Maintaining an orderly locker room free from "horseplay" and other prohibited conduct.
- C. Maintaining a visual presence.
- D. Adequately addressing any misbehavior.
- E. Escorting students to and from the locker room and the activity or instructional area.
- F. Unlocking the locker room so that students may enter and locking the locker room after all students have exited the locker room.
- G. Searching the locker room to determine that all students have exited the locker room before locking it.
- H. Ensuring that the locker room remains locked during any activity.

If a student is found missing during an activity, the staff member, coach, sponsor, or adult designee shall check the locker room for the missing student.

The locker room must be locked at all times when unsupervised.

Only students whose team or activity is currently playing or are in-season or who are involved in a school-sponsored activity that requires or allows presence in the locker room are allowed access to the locker room before or after the regular school day.

Students are not allowed to enter or reenter the locker room without appropriate supervision.

If the staff member, coach, or sponsor is the opposite sex of the students, he or she may designate another adult of the same sex as the students to provide the required locker room supervision. This delegation does not remove ultimate responsibility from the staff member, coach, or sponsor who is subject to the obligations under this policy to ensure that such obligations are met. By allowing their students to participate in an activity with a cross-gender coach, parents/guardians consent to the entry of the staff member or his or her designee into the locker room at any time as necessary to maintain student safety and order.

Staff members, coaches, and sponsors must remain with students until they are picked up by the parent, guardian, or other authorized person or the student leaves in his or her own transportation. Students must never be left unattended after a game, practice, or other school-sponsored activity. In other words, the staff member, coach, or sponsor should be the first one to arrive at the activity and the last one to leave.

Cell phones and other devices with visual or auditory recording capability may not be used in the locker room at any time or for any reason.

Under no circumstance may a staff member, coach, or sponsor delegate any responsibility under this policy to a student or other minor.

School administrators or their designees may make random checks to assess policy compliance.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Reviewed on: _____

Amended on: _____

5001

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE AND EXCESSIVE ABSENTEEISM

Required Attendance

Every person residing in the school district who has legal or actual charge or control of any child who is of mandatory attendance age shall cause that child to attend a public or private school regularly unless the child has graduated from high school or has been allowed to disenroll pursuant to this policy.

Mandatory Attendance Age

All children who are or will turn five years old before September 1 of the current school year are eligible to attend Kindergarten. Children who are or will turn six years old before September 1 but who have not turned eighteen years of age are of mandatory attendance age. Any child who transfers from another state may proceed in a continuous educational program without interruption, even if that student has not previously attended Kindergarten or does not meet the age requirements described in this policy.

Exceptions – Alternative Instruction

This policy does not apply when a child is provided with alternative instruction in accordance with state law.

Discontinuing Enrollment – Religious Exemption

A child who has completed the first eight grades is excused from mandatory attendance if the child or the child's parents are members of a religious group that objects to public high school education. The religious group must also provide a regularly supervised program of instruction compliant with South Dakota law.

Attendance Officer

Each building principal is designated as an attendance officer for the district. Each building principal, at his or her discretion, may delegate these responsibilities to any other qualified individual. The attendance officer is responsible for enforcing the provisions of state law relating to compulsory attendance. This responsibility includes but is not limited to filing a report with the circuit court of the county in which a student resides. Compensation for the duties of attendance officer is included in the salary for the superintendent or designee.

Excused Absences

The following absences may be considered excused if they are confirmed by communication to the school from the student's parent/guardian:

- A. Physical or mental illness of the student (a physician's verification is required after four (4) consecutive days of absence for illness)
- B. Severe weather
- C. Medical appointments for the student
- D. Death or serious illness of the student's family member
- E. Attending a funeral, wedding, or graduation
- F. Appearance at court or for other legal matters
- G. Observance of religious holidays of the student's own faith
- H. College planning visits
- I. Personal or family vacations

Students missing school for school-related activities will not be considered absent. Students who miss school for any reason will be expected to complete all assigned work.

Excessive Absenteeism

The attendance officer will warn parents or guardians of excessive absences. If a student regularly fails to attend school and ignores the attendance officer's warnings, the school attendance officer may file a complaint before a circuit court judge against the student's parent or guardian.

Excessive Absenteeism

Data shows a student missing 10% or more of the school year results in substantial harm to the student's learning. To avoid this harm, the district will use the following procedure to incentivize attendance.

Parents of students missing their 5th day of school will receive communication from the attendance officer. A copy of the district's attendance policy will be sent with the communication. Another communication will occur on the student's 7th and 9th absence, and the school may require a meeting with parents regarding the student's absences. The district may require a meeting with parents regarding the student's absences and may file a complaint with the State's Attorney if the parents do not agree to a meeting.

Students missing their 11th day of school will have a letter sent to the parents/guardians, the superintendent, and the State's Attorney.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5001.1 COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE AND DISTANCE LEARNING

Any student engaged in distance learning must still comply with policy 5001 regarding attendance. A distance learner is any student engaged in learning while not in physical attendance at the school. Each failure to login for an interactive class will be counted as an absence under Policy 5001. Multiple absences under this policy will lead to the consequences described in Policy 5001, up to and including filing a complaint for truancy with the circuit court.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5002 ADMISSION OF STUDENTS

Students shall be admitted to the school district who are:

- A. children whose parents or guardian reside in the district;
- B. approved for open enrollment pursuant to policy;
- C. approved as foreign exchange students pursuant to policy; or
- D. out-of-state students who have been enrolled pursuant to policy.

Children Ineligible to Enroll

Children who have been placed in a foster home within the school district are not residents of the district and will not be permitted to enroll unless the child was placed in the district by the South Dakota Department of Social Services, South Dakota Unified Judicial System, or South Dakota Department of Corrections.

Except in adult education classes or when otherwise required by law, no student who reaches the age of 21, or who has earned a high school diploma, or its equivalent will be allowed to be enrolled in or continue to attend school in the district. Students who reach the age of 21 after July 1 will be allowed to continue enrollment.

Students who seek to enroll in the district must comply with each board policy, state statute and regulation that applies to their situation. Grade level placement will be determined in accordance with district policy. The board may make exceptions to this policy on an individual basis in accordance with state law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

5003

ADMISSION OF PART-TIME STUDENTS

A student may be permitted to enroll on a part-time basis pursuant to this policy and applicable curricular practices when enrollment is appropriate for reasons that include but are not limited to the following: the student receives alternative instruction on a part-time basis; is enrolled for a limited number of credit hours needed to graduate; has a modified schedule because of a disability or as part of an individualized education plan; or is a student who resides in the school district but attends a private, denominational, or parochial school or a school that elects not to meet accreditation or approval requirements.

Placement of Students

Part-time students shall be placed in courses for which they have adequate preparation, and which are determined to be educationally appropriate based on criteria that include, but are not limited to the student's age, achievement test scores, academic record, evaluation by school personnel and any other standards used by the district for the placement of students. Students who are enrolled at least half-time are required to take the same academic achievement tests administered to full-time students.

Grades and Academic Honors

Part-time students shall receive grades, report cards, and transcripts, but shall not be eligible to graduate, receive a diploma or qualify for class ranking unless they meet all district requirements for such including earning a sufficient number of credit hours and semesters of attendance.

Transportation

Part-time school students are not entitled to transportation or reimbursement for transportation by virtue of their status as part-time students.

Open Enrollment

Students may not enroll on a part-time basis pursuant to the school's open enrollment program.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

5004 OPEN ENROLLMENT

Nonresident students and parents may apply for enrollment within the school district. Resident students may also apply for enrollment at an attendance center different from that to which the student is assigned. The school board or its designee will grant nonresident requests for transfer into the district and resident requests within the district unless the transfer would result in an inability to provide a quality educational program.

Criteria for Determining Eligibility

When determining eligibility, the school district will analyze the capacity of the applicable program, class, grade level, and school building. The school district will also consider pupil/teacher ratio.

For the purposes of this policy, the definition of “capacity” encompasses more than strictly class size, and may include capacity of particular extracurricular programs, in accordance with state law.

The school district will consider requests in the order received but will prioritize requests for students who have siblings enrolled in the school district. No student currently under suspension or expulsion from another district may open enroll into the school district.

The district may deny applications to a program where it already has insufficient capacity to serve resident students who wish to participate.

Requests for Multiple Students in the Same Family

Requests from two or more nonresident students from the same family who reside in the same household will be approved or denied as a unit. The school district will not deny such requests if doing so would result in children in the same household attending different school districts. The school district may deny requests for a student in need of special education services if the school district is unable to provide an appropriate instructional program and facilities, including transportation, regardless of whether the school district accepts a request from a student in the same household.

Request Procedure

The superintendent must receive requests form before the last Friday in September for the Fall semester and before the last Friday in January for the Spring Semester. Approvals occurring after the Fall deadline will take effect the following semester, while approvals after the Spring deadline will take effect the following school year.

These deadlines do not apply if the student is seeking to openly enroll in an alternative school, the student enrolls in another district after the deadline, or the superintendent determines special circumstances exist to justify transfer after the deadline.

Requests must be submitted on the forms attached to this policy. The superintendent will notify the applicant and resident school board of acceptance or denial within five days of making the decision. The applicant can withdraw the request prior to approval with written notification to the superintendent. Once approved, the student is obligated to attend school within the school district unless they apply for another transfer or change residence. Annual reapplication is unnecessary once the school district has approved a request.

Appeals of Requests

A parent, guardian, or student may appeal the decision of the superintendent to the Board of Education. The Board of Education's decision may be appealed in state circuit court.

Requests for Students Receiving Special Education Services

The school district may only grant such transfers if it obtains and reviews copies of all the student's relevant special education records from the resident district. The school district must also communicate with the student's parent or guardian and representatives from the resident district regarding the student's special education and related service needs prior to accepting a request.

If based on the records review and said communications the school district determines it is able to provide an appropriate instructional program, including transportation, to meet the student's needs, it may accept the request. If the school district is unable to make such a determination, it will convene a meeting of the student's individual education program with representatives from both districts to determine whether the school district can provide an appropriate instructional program if necessary.

The school district may deny a request from a student receiving special education services under the standard eligibility criteria. It may also deny a request if the student's individual education program team (consisting of representatives from both districts) determines the school district is unable to provide an appropriate instructional program, including transportation.

If the school district accepts a request from a student receiving special education services, it is responsible for providing the student a free appropriate public education. If after acceptance of the request the student wishes to return to the original district, it must apply for open enrollment in accordance with that district's policies.

Any request by a student receiving special education services which does not indicate the student is receiving such services is void.

Returning to Resident District

If a student who has open enrolled into the district wishes to return to the resident district, the student must notify both school boards of the student's intent to return no later than August 1.

Transfer Credits

The school district will accept credits for any course completed in any other accredited school district as a result of an accepted transfer request. The school district will only award a diploma to a student who satisfactorily meets its graduation requirements.

Tuition

The school district will charge tuition to any student enrolled under this policy if that student is not entitled to free school privileges under South Dakota law, including those not residing in South Dakota. Tuition will be paid in advance monthly, in an amount to be decided at the annual meeting of the Board of Education in July. Payment in full is due to the central office of the district on or before the first day of classes each semester. The tuition fee may be changed by the Board of Education prior to any semester with or without notice to the out-of-state student's family or resident school district.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5005
TRANSPORTATION OF OPEN ENROLLMENT STUDENTS

The Board of Education provides transportation to openly enrolled students only if (a) the openly enrolled student lives on an existing bus route or (b) the openly enrolled student makes arrangements to be picked up and dropped off at preexisting stops along an existing bus route. The district is not required to provide mileage reimbursement for openly enrolled students unless otherwise required by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5006 FOREIGN EXCHANGE STUDENTS

The school district may accept a foreign exchange student on a non-tuition basis if the student is sponsored by an organized exchange program that is acceptable to the Board of Education, approved for enrollment, and resides with a host family that lives within district boundaries.

A foreign student is not entitled to tuition-free schooling in the school district merely because he or she resides with a family within the district. The host family and/or sponsoring exchange program must file an application with the administration to enroll the student. In reviewing the application, the administration will consider the following factors:

- A. whether the student possesses a sufficient command of the English language;
- B. whether an appropriate program is available;
- C. whether the student meets the general admission requirements for the school; and
- D. such other factors as are relevant to the admission of the student.

Foreign exchange students who are accepted and enrolled will be subject to all policies and regulations governing the conduct and behavior of resident students.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5007
ENROLLMENT OF EXPELLED OR SUSPENDED STUDENTS

The administration shall not enroll any student during the term of any known expulsion of the student from any public school in any state. The district shall not enroll any student during the known term of any expulsion or suspension of the student from a private school unless the board has approved the enrollment.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5008 PREGNANT OR PARENTING STUDENTS

Students who are pregnant or parenting are encouraged to continue participating in the district's educational and extracurricular programs.

Students who anticipate deviations from their regular school experience or accrue absences due to pregnancy or parenting should notify their building principal as early as possible to discuss their educational programming. The building principal will work with the student to develop a plan to assist the student in participating in district curriculum and extra-curricular activities.

Students with Disabilities

For students with disabilities who have an IEP or Section 504 plan, the administrators, student's parents or guardians, and student if appropriate will collaborate with the student's educational team to coordinate accommodations consistent with state and federal law. As permitted by law, students may be entitled to accommodation as a result of pregnancy.

Accommodations Regarding Lactation and Breastfeeding

In order to accommodate lactating and breastfeeding students, the district will provide reasonable opportunities to express breast milk or breastfeed in a place, other than a bathroom, which is shielded from view and free from intrusion from district students, employees, and the public. Students who wish or need to express breast milk on a regular schedule will work with school administrators to create a schedule which accommodates the student's needs while facilitating education to the maximum extent possible. The district will provide a location for students to store expressed breast milk in or near the location designated for students to express milk to create the least amount of disruption to the student's participation in class or activities.

Educational Process

In order to prevent interference with the educational process, no student shall express breast milk within school classrooms or buses. Nothing in this policy limits the authority of the administration to impose consequences consistent with state and federal law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5010 IMMUNIZATIONS

Each student wishing to enroll in the school district must be immunized as required by state law and the rules and regulations promulgated by the South Dakota Department of Health and Human Services within 45 days of the start of classes. The required immunizations are:

- A. poliomyelitis
- B. diphtheria
- C. pertussis
- D. rubeola
- E. rubella
- F. mumps
- G. tetanus
- H. meningitis
- I. varicella

The district is not responsible for the cost of such immunizations. If a student is unable to afford the proper immunizations, the school district will reach out to the local department of health who will provide the required immunizations at public expense. Any student who does not comply with this policy shall not be permitted to continue attending school. The building principal shall be responsible for maintaining immunization records for the students enrolled in his/her building and shall share that information with the school's threat assessment and crisis teams as appropriate. The student will present a certification from a licensed physician that the child has received or is in the process of receiving the required immunizations.

Exceptions

The student is not required to receive immunizations if the student can provide certification from a licensed physician that immunizations would endanger the student's health or the student's parent, or guardian provides a written statement asserting adherence to a religious doctrine opposed to immunization.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5011
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF STUDENTS

Physical Examination

All students wishing to participate in athletics will provide evidence of a physical examination by a licensed physician. Evidence of a physical examination must be dated no more than six months prior to entrance.

Objection to Examination

Any parent(s) or guardian(s) who object to a physical and/or vision examination and evaluation must submit a signed and dated refusal form to the school.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5012

TESTING AND ASSESSMENT PROGRAM

The school district will use a basic testing and assessment program to evaluate the outcome of the educational program and to provide information needed in working with individuals. The program will be supplemented by such individual and supplementary tests as the needs of the educational program and the district indicate. The superintendent and designees will coordinate the program from Kindergarten through twelfth grade to provide continuity. Teachers are prohibited from engaging in any behavior that adversely affects the validity of test scores as a measure of student achievement. Teachers should consult with relevant board policies and district protocols assessment administration and security.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

5013

GENDER EQUITY AND ACCESS

Gender identity means a gender related identity of a person, regardless of the person's assigned sex at birth. The Vermillion School District has established this policy to both foster an educational environment that is safe and welcoming for all students as well as comply with local, state, and federal law.

Procedure

Communication with the school is key. The district will make arrangements with students regarding dress code, restroom, and participation in activities. These arrangements should be based on the student's or parent's wishes, be minimally burdensome, and be appropriate under the circumstances. The determination of consistently asserted gender may be determined in collaboration of any of the following: parent/guardian, counselor, building administrator, and physician. As part of this process, the district may request documentation from the student or parents.

Confidentiality

A student has a right to keep their status as a transgender student private at school. The district shall keep this information confidential, and staff shall not disclose this information unless legally required.

Communications and Publications

Pronouns and Name Changes –Pronouns used should be the choice of the student. A legal name change is not required for a student to use the preferred name for class lists, student activities, yearbook publications, etc. However, a student's legal name must be indicated in the student's official records. The district may list the student's preferred name in the official records by listing it next to the student's legal name with asterisks next to it until a legal name change is made.

Restroom and Locker Room

All students should have access to a restroom or locker room that is safe, comfortable, and convenient. Absent a compelling, specific, and documented concern for safety, the district shall permit a student to use the restroom or locker room for the gender with which they consistently, persistently, and insistently identify.

Activities

A student shall be permitted to participate in interscholastic activities for the gender with which that student consistently identifies (assuming the

student is eligible otherwise), subject to the policies of the South Dakota High School Athletic Association and any compelling safety concerns.

This policy does not prohibit any facility within the Vermillion School District from maintaining separate toilet facilities, locker rooms, or living facilities for the different sexes so long as comparable facilities are provided.

Overnight Trips

Overnight accommodation will be handled on a case-by-case basis.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5014 HOMELESS STUDENTS

General Policy

The district will provide tuition free education for homeless children and youth who are in the district and accord them the educational rights and legal protections provided by state and federal law. Homeless children and youth shall not be stigmatized or segregated on the basis of their status as homeless and shall have access to the same services offered to other students. It is the intent of this policy to remove barriers to the enrollment and retention of homeless children and youth in the district.

Homeless Liaison

The district's homeless liaison is the Special Services Director. Students in homeless situations who require assistance should contact the liaison at 605-677-7000 or in person at 1001 E. Main St., Vermillion, SD 57069. The liaison's responsibilities include:

- A. Ensuring homeless children and youth are identified through coordination with the South Dakota Department of Education, community groups, and other school personnel;
- B. Receiving training regarding state and federal law governing homeless children and youth;
- C. Ensuring homeless children and youth and their families are referred to appropriate health care, housing, and other relevant service providers and programs available in the community;
- D. Assisting other district personnel to work with homeless children and youth and their families on regular attendance, participation in programs and activities of the district, and completing academic work to meet academic standards of the district;
- E. Assisting homeless children and youth and working with other district employees to prepare for and improve college readiness, including assistance with applications, selection, financial aid, and status verification for purposes of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid; and
- F. Carrying out other aspects of this policy.

Definitions

"Homeless children and youth" mean individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and includes:

- A. Children and youths who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters; or are abandoned in hospitals;

- B. Children and youths who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- C. Children and youths who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- D. Migratory children who qualify as homeless for the purposes of this subtitle because the children are living in circumstances described in clauses (i) through (iii).

The term "homeless" or "homeless individual" does not include any individual imprisoned or otherwise detained by an act of Congress or by state law.

"Child" and "youth" refers to persons who, if they were children of residents of the district, would be entitled to a free education.

The term "unaccompanied youth" shall mean a homeless child or youth not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian.

"School of origin" means the school that the child or youth attended when permanently housed, or the school in which the child or youth was last enrolled.

School Stability and Enrollment

Generally, the district presumes that keeping a homeless child or youth in their school of origin is in the child's best interest unless it is contrary to a request of the child's parent, guardian, or in the case of an unaccompanied youth, the youth. The district will also consider factors including, but not limited to, the impact of mobility on achievement, education, health, and safety of the child.

Strategies to Address Enrollment Delays

In order to address enrollment delays resulting from homelessness, the school district shall immediately enroll homeless students even if they are unable to produce records normally required for enrollment such as immunization and medical records, residency documents, birth certificates, school records, or other documentation, or guardianship documents. The school district shall immediately contact the school last attended by the student to obtain academic and other records. The school district's homeless liaison shall assist in obtaining necessary immunizations, or immunization or medical records.

Transportation

Transportation shall be provided to homeless students to the extent required by law and comparable to that provided to students who are not homeless. At the request of the parent or guardian (or in the case of an

unaccompanied youth, the liaison), transportation shall be provided to and from the school of origin as follows:

- A. If the homeless child or youth continues to live in the area served by the school district, the child's or youth's transportation to and from the school of origin shall be provided or arranged by the school district.
- B. If the homeless child's or youth's living arrangements in the area served by the school district terminate and the child or youth, though continuing his or her education in the school district, begins living in an area served by another school district, the school district and the new school district in which the homeless child or youth is living shall negotiate to agree upon a method to apportion the responsibility and costs for providing the child with transportation to and from the school district. If the districts are unable to agree, the responsibility and cost for transportation shall be shared equally.

Records

The district will maintain and respond to requests for enrollment records for homeless children or youth consistent with its record policies and state and federal record laws. Any information about a homeless child's or youth's living situation shall be treated as a confidential education record and shall not be deemed directory information.

Dispute Process

If a dispute arises over school selection or enrollment in a school:

- A. The child or youth shall be admitted immediately to the school in which enrollment is sought, pending resolution of the dispute;
- B. The child, youth, parent, or guardian shall be referred to the district's homeless liaison who shall carry out the dispute resolution process within (30) thirty calendar days after receiving notice of the dispute;
- C. The parent or guardian of the child or youth or, in the case of an unaccompanied youth, the youth, shall be provided with a written explanation of the school's decision regarding school selection or enrollment, including the rights of the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth to appeal the decision within (30) thirty calendar days of the time such complaint or dispute is brought.
- D. In the case of an unaccompanied youth, the homeless liaison shall ensure that the youth is immediately enrolled in the school in which enrollment is sought pending resolution of the dispute.

Appeal Process

If the complainant is not satisfied with the written decision of the district after the dispute resolution process, the complainant may appeal the decision of the district to the South Dakota Department of Education within 10 calendar days of receipt of the decision from the district. If the complainant wishes to

appeal the school district's decision, the district will provide the South Dakota Department of Education's appeal procedures.

If the complainant is not satisfied with the decision of the Department of Education, the complainant may take action through the court system.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Reviewed on: _____

Revised on: _____



DISPUTE PROCEDURES – NOTICE OF RIGHTS
McKinney-Vento
Education of Homeless Children and Youth Act
Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA)

The Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA) reauthorizes the McKinney–Vento Homeless Assistance Act Subtitle VII Section 722(g)(1)(C) [42 U.S.C. §§ 11431-11434A]. This law requires the South Dakota Department of Education (SD DOE) to adopt procedures for resolving disputes regarding certain decisions made by school districts pertaining to students experiencing homelessness. This guide and form explains how to file a dispute.

South Dakota Department of Education (SEA)
Dispute Procedures for McKinney-Vento Programs
[42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(1)(C)]

General Information

- The district makes a written decision, and the parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth disagrees leading to a dispute. A dispute must be initiated at the school/school district level by a parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth with the assistance of the school district M-V liaison. The local liaison must ensure that disputes are mediated in accordance with the State’s procedures. [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(6)(A)(vii)] If applicable, please provide notice that the person initiating the dispute speaks English as a second language so that accommodations may be made, if needed.
- A dispute must have proceeded through the school district process, a district decision made, and the school district decision provided to the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth in writing. Only disputes that have gone through all levels of the district resolution process will be reviewed by SD DOE.
- If the dispute is not resolved to the satisfaction of the parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth, further action may be initiated by the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth. The dispute may be forwarded to the SD DOE for further consideration. The school district M-V liaison may assist, upon request, with completing the paperwork for the SD DOE.
- The SD DOE will process the dispute according to the department’s established procedures as quickly as possible and provide the parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth, and the school district with a written explanation of the decision.
- If the SD DOE decision is not satisfactory, further action through the courts may be investigated by the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth.

Explanation of Disputes

The law states that certain school district actions may be disputed. The three areas are defined below.

- **Eligibility** - The school district failed to identify my child or youth or, in the cases of unaccompanied youth, myself as homeless under the M-V Statute. By failing to make identification, the rights of the student experiencing homelessness were not protected.
 - A homeless student is allowed immediate enrollment regardless of missing school records, proof of residency, immunization and other required health records, lack of a parent or guardian or other documentation.
- **School Selection** - The school district failed to allow my child or youth or, in the case of unaccompanied youth, myself to continue to attend the school of origin based on “best interest” and the wishes of the parent, guardian or, in the cases of the unaccompanied youth, myself.
 - School Selection – based on the “best interest” of the child or youth and the wishes of the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth, was the child able to attend the school of origin or enroll in the local attendance area school.
- **Immediate Enrollment and/or Full Participation** - The school district failed to immediately enroll and/or allow the student to fully participate. Immediate is defined as “without delay”.
 - Full participation is attending classes immediately, even if the school has not yet received school records, special education records, immunization, or other health documents. Is the child or youth being provided with full participation in school activities? Has enrollment been immediate in any public school that regularly housed students, who live in the attendance area in which the child or youth is actually living, are eligible to attend?

Dispute Process at the SD DOE level

- **Record.** Upon receipt of a written appeal of a district decision where the parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth did not agree with the decision, a record of the source and nature of the dispute will be initiated.
- When a dispute is received, SD DOE will notify the district homeless liaison that a dispute was filed. A request that all related documentation, including the dispute resolution record and any other information the school board used in its decision-making, is submitted to the SD DOE within 5 business days. The homeless liaison will provide information to SD DOE about the local dispute resolution process that was conducted and any other information that pertains to or is requested by the State Coordinator of Homeless Education.
- **Investigation.** The SD DOE will initiate an investigation within 10 business days, which will be concluded within 30 business days from receipt of the appeal. Such an investigation may include a site visit if the SD DOE determines that an on-site investigation is necessary. By stipulation of all concerned, this investigation may be continued beyond the 30-business day limit. Dispute resolution will be considered a priority and will be resolved in the minimum time possible.
- **SD DOE's Written Decision.** SD DOE's decision will be sent by letter electronically and in hard copy to the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth who filed the dispute; the local school district's homeless liaison; and the local superintendent.
- SD DOE's decision is final and no further appeal on this decision will be reviewed.
- The parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth may consult with their private attorney about legal action.

SOUTH DAKOTA

**DISPUTE OF ELIGIBILITY, SCHOOL SELECTION, OR ENROLLMENT
UNDER THE MCKINNEY-VENTO HOMELESS ASSISTANCE ACT**

Note: This form may be used at the district level (as allowed) and the state level. You have the right to retain an advocate or attorney at your own expense. If English is not your native language, or if you need additional supports because of disability, translators, interpreters or other support services, the services will be made available to you without charge in the appropriate language.

This form is for use to initiate the dispute resolution process required by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act when the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth disagrees with the district's eligibility, school selection, or enrollment decision.

District policy requires the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth to use the dispute resolution process set out in the attached information. Filling out this form is the first step in that process.

To file a formal dispute under the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act ("Act"), please fill out this form completely and submit it by hand-delivery, e-mail, or U.S. Mail to the principal or the district's liaison for homeless students or the superintendent. Policy typically requires dispute forms to be filed within 15 District business days of receiving the written explanation of the district's decision. However, because the Act's dispute process should be expedited whenever possible, South Dakota Department of Education (SD DOE) recommends that you submit the form as soon as possible, preferably within ten District business days of receiving the written explanation of the district's decision you are disputing. If a dispute arises over school selection or enrollment in a school, the child shall be immediately admitted to the school in which enrollment is sought, pending resolution of the dispute. The student will remain attending the school where enrollment is sought during the entire dispute resolution process.

If you need assistance filling out this form or if you have other questions, please contact the liaison for homeless students.

Principal

Name: _____

Address/Location: _____

Phone number: _____

E-mail: _____

District Liaison for Homeless Students

Name: _____

Address/Location: _____

Phone number: _____

E-mail: _____

The principal or liaison will forward this form to the administrator, typically the superintendent or designee, who will conduct the dispute resolution conference. (district's assigned person below)

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone number: _____

E-mail address: _____

If you will be represented in presenting your dispute by someone other than the liaison for homeless students, please identify the person representing you.

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone number: _____

E-mail address: _____

Please describe the McKinney-Vento eligibility, school selection, or enrollment decision that has prompted this dispute resolution process. Attach any documentation you have received from the school regarding this dispute.

What was the date you received written notice of the district's decision causing this dispute?

Please explain why you are dissatisfied with the eligibility, school selection, or enrollment decision.

Please describe the outcome you seek from this dispute and why you believe this outcome to be in the student's best interest. Please attach any documents and/or provide any information that you believe supports your desired outcome.

Student's or parent's signature: _____

Signature of student's or parent's representative: _____

Date that district personnel received this formal appeal: _____

Name and title of the district personnel receiving this formal appeal:

Attach to this form any documents that you believe will support the dispute resolution process; if unavailable when you submit this form, they may be presented no later than the dispute resolution conference. Please keep a copy of the completed form and any supporting documentation for your records.

The district's homeless liaison is available to assist the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth in completing and submitting this form.

Every state is required to have a coordinator for the education of homeless children and youth, and every school district is required to have a liaison for homeless students. These individuals will assist you with the implementation of the McKinney-Vento Act. For information on the education of children and youth experiencing homelessness in South Dakota and to obtain contact information for the liaison in your district, please contact:

South Dakota Department of Education
McKinney-Vento State Coordinator's Office
Office of Educational Services and Supports
800 Governor Drive
Pierre, SD 57501
605-773-5669 (main office)
605-773-3782 (fax)

End – Form to File Dispute

School District - Give this list of requirements to the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth for reference of the rights.

School District Requirements under the Law

School District Requirements under the Law during the Dispute Process (provide a copy to parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth). When a dispute arises under the McKinney-Vento Act, the law requires the school district (LEA) to follow a set of minimum procedures. Following are excerpts from the law describing these procedures:

- The child or youth “shall be immediately enrolled in the school in which enrollment is sought, pending final resolution of the dispute, including all available appeals.” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(E)(i)]
- “In the case of an unaccompanied youth, the liaison shall ensure that the youth is immediately enrolled in the school in which the youth seek enrollment pending resolution of the dispute.” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(E)(iv)]
- Since enrollment includes “attending classes and participating fully in school activities” [42 U.S.C. § 11434a(1)], while disputes are pending, students must be able to participate fully in school and receive all services to which they are entitled. This includes transportation services that are specified in the law.
- “The parent or guardian of the child or youth or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth shall be provided with a written explanation of any decisions related to school selection or enrollment made by the school, the local educational agency, or the State educational agency involved, including the rights of the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth to appeal such decisions.” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(E)(ii)].
 - In addition, “if ... the local educational agency determines that it is not in the child’s or youth’s best interest to attend the school of origin or the school requested by the parent or guardian, or (in the case of an unaccompanied youth) the youth,” the LEA must “provide the child’s or youth’s parent or guardian or the unaccompanied youth with a written explanation of the reasons for its determination, in a manner and form understandable to such parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth, including information regarding the right to appeal under subparagraph (E).” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(B)(iii)]
 - “In the case of an unaccompanied youth, the LEA must ensure that the local liaison ... “assists in placement or enrollment decisions under this subparagraph, gives priority to the views of such unaccompanied youth, and provides notice to such youth of the right to appeal under subparagraph (E).” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(B)(iv)]

- “If a dispute arises over eligibility, or school selection or enrollment in a school...the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth shall be referred to the local educational agency liaison ... who shall carry out the dispute resolution process ... as expeditiously as possible after receiving notice of such dispute.” [42 U.S.C. § 11432(g)(3)(E)(iii)]

Simply put, when a McKinney-Vento dispute occurs:

1. the child or youth must be admitted to the school in which enrollment is sought pending final resolution of the dispute;
2. the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth must be provided written notice of the school’s, LEA’s, or SEA’s decision, which must include the reasons for its decision and the right to appeal; and
3. the parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth must be referred to the local liaison to carry out the dispute process.

Every district in every State must follow McKinney-Vento’s dispute resolution procedures. The McKinney-Vento Act applies to every district in every State, regardless of whether the district receives McKinney-Vento funds. If dispute processes are not followed, or if a parent, guardian, or unaccompanied youth is not satisfied with the final resolution of a dispute at the State level, there is no further action available through SD DOE. The parent, guardian or unaccompanied youth may consult a private attorney about pursuing action in the courts against both the SD DOE and the school district.

5015 PROTECTION OF PUPIL RIGHTS

The Board of Education respects the rights of parents and their children and has adopted this policy in consultation with parents to comply with the Federal Protection of Pupil Rights Amendment (PPRA).

Survey Created by a Third Party

This section applies to every survey that is created by a person or entity other than a district staff member or student regardless of whether the student answering the questions can be identified and regardless of the subject matter of the questions.

Parents have the right to inspect any survey created by a third party before that survey is distributed to their student.

Surveys Requesting Particular Sensitive Information

Sensitive information shall include:

- A. Political affiliations or beliefs of the student or the student's parent(s);
- B. Mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family;
- C. Sexual behavior or attitudes;
- D. Illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior;
- E. Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships;
- F. Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers; physicians, and ministers;
- G. Religious practices, affiliations, or beliefs of the student or student's parent(s); or
- H. Income (other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program), without prior written consent of the parent or eligible student.

No student shall be required to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that requests sensitive information.

If a survey requesting sensitive information is funded, in whole or in part, by a program administered by the U.S. Department of Education, the school district must obtain the written consent of a student's parent(s) before the student participates in the survey.

School officials and staff members shall not request, nor disclose, the identity of any student who completes any survey (created by any person or entity, including the district) containing any sensitive information.

Parents have the right to inspect any survey which requests sensitive information before that survey is distributed to their student.

Survey Inspection Requests

School officials shall inform parents of their right to inspect surveys requesting sensitive information before the surveys are distributed to any student. All survey inspection requests must be in writing to the building principal and delivered to the building principal prior to the date on which the survey is scheduled to be administered to the students. The principal shall respond to survey inspection requests without delay.

Invasive Physical Examinations

The term “invasive physical examination” means any medical examination that involves the exposure of private body parts; any act during such examination that includes incision, insertion, or injection into the body; and does not include a hearing, vision, or scoliosis screening.

Parents may refuse to allow their student to participate in any non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening that is required as a condition of attendance, administered by the school, and scheduled by the school in advance; and not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the student, or of other students.

This policy does not apply to any physical examination or screening that is permitted or required by an applicable state law, including physical examinations or screenings that are permitted without parental notification, is administered to a student in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. §1400 *et seq.*), or is otherwise authorized by board policy.

Collection of Personal Information from Students for Marketing

The term “personal information” means individually identifiable information including the student’s and parent(s)’ first and last name; home or other physical address; telephone number; and/or social security number.

No school official or staff member shall administer or distribute to students a survey or other instrument for the purpose of collecting personal information for marketing or for selling that information.

This policy does not apply to the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information for the exclusive purpose of providing educational services to students, such as post-secondary education recruitment; military recruitment; tests and assessments to provide cognitive, evaluative, diagnostic or achievement information about students; and/or student recognition programs.

Inspection of Instructional Material

The term “instructional materials” means instructional content that is provided to a student regardless of its format, printed or representational materials, audio-visual materials, and materials in electronic or digital formats (such as materials accessible through the Internet).

The term does not include academic tests or academic assessments. Parents may inspect, upon their request, any instructional material used as part of their child's education curriculum. Curriculum inspection requests must be made to the building principal in writing. Building principals shall respond to inspection requests within a reasonable amount of time.

Notification of Rights and Procedures

The superintendent shall notify parents of:

- A. this policy and its availability upon request from the office of the district;
- B. how to opt their child out of participation in activities as provided for in this policy;
- C. the approximate dates during the school year when a survey requesting personal information is scheduled or expected to be scheduled; and
- D. how to request access to any survey or other material described in this policy.
- E. This notification shall be given to parents at least annually, at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable period after any substantive change in this policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5016 STUDENTS RECORDS

The school district shall manage student records and reports as is necessary for effective administration and in compliance with law. In general, "student records" shall not include transitory communications such as e-mail, text messages, handwritten communication between school and home, and the like, and these items will not generally be maintained by the district. "Student records" also shall not include any records created and maintained by the district's law enforcement unit for a law enforcement purpose.

For purposes of the district's compliance with state and federal law, the district "maintains" student records which are printed and kept in the student's physical file or which school district staff have intentionally saved within the official school district digital student information system that specifically identifies the student for whom those records are maintained. The school district may also use learning management systems, which deliver and manage instructional content. The school district maintains student records within its student information system but not in its learning management system. The official school district student information system is Infinite Campus.

Students or their parents, guardians, teachers, counselors, or school administrators shall have access to the school's files or records maintained concerning themselves or their students. For purposes of this policy, "teachers" include paraeducators and volunteers who are providing educational services to a student on behalf of the school district. A school official may access, maintain, and use education records containing personally identifiable information (PII) when he or she has a legitimate educational interest in such. "School official" includes any agent, volunteer, or contractor performing an institutional service or function for which the school would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the school district's direct control with respect to their access to, maintenance of, and use of PII from student records. For example, a school official may include, but would not be limited to, a teacher or other educator, administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); school board member; volunteer; contractor or consultant who, while not employed by the school, performs an institutional service or function for which the school would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of the school with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, representative of the district's insurance providers, auditor, medical consultant, therapist, or a third-party website operator who has contracted with the school district or its agent to offer online programs for the benefit of students and/or the district; members of law enforcement acting on behalf of

the school district; a parent or student volunteering to serve on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee; or a parent, student, or other volunteer assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. A school official typically has a “legitimate educational interest” if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill a school-related professional, contractual, statutory, or regulatory responsibility.

All disciplinary material shall be removed and destroyed upon the pupil's graduation or after the pupil's continuous absence from the school for a period of three years. Upon request, the school district will disclose education records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student seeks or intends to enroll.

Outside agencies such as physicians, probation officers, psychologists, child guidance clinics, and other agencies concerned with child welfare who are working directly with a child may have access to information pertaining to that child with written parental consent or upon issuance of a valid court order.

Each year, the school district will notify parents and guardians of their rights under this policy and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5017
ROUTINE DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The school district shall disclose the following as routine directory information pertaining to any past, present, or future student who is, has been, or will be regularly enrolled in the district.

- A. Name and grade
- B. Name of parent and/or guardian
- C. Address
- D. Telephone number, including the student's cell phone number
- E. E-mail address
- F. Date and place of birth
- G. Dates of attendance
- H. The image or likeness of students in pictures, videotape, film or other medium
- I. Major field of study
- J. Participation in activities and sports
- K. Degrees and awards received
- L. Social media usernames or handles
- M. Weight and height of members of athletic teams
- N. Most recent previous school attended
- O. Certain class work which may be published onto the Internet
- P. Classroom assignment and/or home room teacher
- Q. Student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used by the student for purposes of accessing or communicating in electronic systems, but only if the identifier cannot be used to gain access to education records except when used in conjunction with one or more factors that authenticate the user's identity, such as a personal identification number (PIN), password, or other factor known or possessed only the authorized user.

Directory information does not include a student's social security number. Upon request, the district will provide military recruiters and institutions of higher education with the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of high school students unless a student's parents have notified the district in writing that they do not want this information disclosed without their prior written consent. Military recruiters will be granted the same access to a student in a high school grade as is provided to postsecondary educational institutions or to prospective employers of such students.

Within 30 days prior to or following the commencement of each school year and, for a new student who enrolls after the commencement of a school year, within 30 days following such enrollment, the district will notify parents and guardians each year of their rights under this policy and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. Parents will be given an opportunity to

prevent the release of this directory information by filing a written objection with the district.

When a student reaches 18 years of age, the permission or consent required of, and the rights accorded to the parents or guardians of such student under this policy shall only be required of and accorded to such student. Within 30 days prior to or following the commencement of each school year and, for a new student who enrolls after the commencement of a school year, within 30 days following such enrollment, each school district shall notify each student who is at least 18 years of age or who will reach 18 years of age during such school year of (1) the option to make a written request to the school district that routine directory information for such student not be released in response to a request made by a military recruiter without such student's written consent and (2) that any such request made previously by a parent or guardian for such student expires upon the student reaching 18 years of age.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5018

PARENT AND GUARDIAN INVOLVEMENT IN EDUCATION PRACTICES

The school district recognizes the importance of parental and guardian involvement in the education of their children. The school district will take the following steps to ensure that the rights of parents and guardians to participate in the education of their children are preserved.

Parental Access to Curricular Materials

Parents/Guardians will be provided reasonable access to district-approved textbooks and other curricular materials and tests used in the district upon request. A parental request to review specific approved textbooks and other district or building-approved curricular materials (written, visual, and audio) should be made to the principal of the building where the textbooks and curriculum materials are used. Parents may check out textbooks and may review curricular materials such as video and audio recordings within a time frame determined by the building principal to prevent disruption of the instructional process.

Parental Access to Tests

A parental request to review specific standardized and criterion-referenced tests used in the district should be made in writing to the building principal. Copies of the most recent tests used in the district will be available for parent review. The parent shall be provided with access to the assessment in a secured environment no later than forty-five days after the request is received.

Attendance of Classes and Other Activities

Parents/Guardians will be permitted, within district procedures, to attend and observe courses, assemblies, counseling sessions, and other instructional activities. Parents/guardians are invited to make appointments with the building principal to visit classes, assemblies, and other instructional activities. The principal shall give permission after determining that parental/guardian observation would not disrupt the activity. Observations that last more than 60 minutes or occur on consecutive days are typically disruptive and will not be permitted absent unusual circumstances, in the sole discretion of the building principal. Parents/guardians may contact the building principal to request permission to attend counseling sessions in which their child is involved.

Excusal from School Experiences

Parents/guardians will be permitted, within district procedures, to ask that their children be excused from school experiences that parents find objectionable. Building principals may excuse a student from any single

school experience at the parent's written request. When appropriate, alternative experiences will be provided for the student by the school.

Notices to Parents

Parents/guardians will be informed through the student handbook and district policies of the manner that the district will provide access to records of students. Parents/guardians will be informed of the standardized and criterion-referenced district testing program. Parents may request additional information from the building principal.

Parents/guardians will be informed of the circumstances under which they may opt-out of state and federal assessments. In accordance with federal law, at the beginning of the school year, the district shall provide notice of the right to request a copy of this policy to parents/guardians of students attending schools receiving Title I funds. The district will provide a copy of this policy to a requesting parent in a timely manner.

State and National Assessments

The district cannot approve requests to opt out of state assessments. Approval of such requests is contrary to state law.

National Assessment of Educational Progress

As a condition of receiving federal funds, the district participates in the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). To help ensure that the district has a representative sample of students taking the NAEP, which will allow the district to assess the quality and effectiveness of its programming on a national level, the district strongly encourages all eligible students to participate. However, student participation in NAEP is voluntary.

The district shall provide parents/guardians of eligible students with reasonable notice prior to the exam being administered. Parents/guardians wishing to opt their students out of the NAEP assessment must notify the district in writing at least three days prior to the exam date to ensure that the district can coordinate supervision and alternative activities for students who have opted out.

Removal from Surveys

Parents/guardians will be notified of their right to remove their children from surveys prior to district participation in surveys. The principal must approve all surveys intended to gather information from students before they are administered to students. Students' participation in surveys is voluntary. Parents/guardians may restrict their child from participating in any survey.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5019

COMMUNICATING WITH PARENTS

The school district will make reasonable efforts to keep parents informed of student progress, grades, and attendance through report cards, progress reports, and parent/teacher conferences. The school district will notify parents if their students are failing or close to failing, either through communication from the school or through parental access to the district's student information system. The school district will endeavor to notify parents of failing students prior to entry of the failing grade on the student's report card. Parents will also be notified of their student's possible failure to meet graduation requirements. Other pertinent information will be communicated to parents by mail, electronic communication, telephone calls, by personal contact or other appropriate method. Official transcripts of student progress, grades, and attendance will be sent to other school systems upon the student's transfer when the district receives a written request signed by the student's parent or guardian or upon being notified that the student has enrolled in another school. By providing the school district with their telephone number(s), parents agree to receive notifications from the school district's automatic notification system.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5020

RIGHTS OF CUSTODIAL AND NON-CUSTODIAL PARENTS

The school district will honor the parental rights of natural and adoptive parents unless those rights have been altered by a court.

The term “custodial parent” refers to a biological or adoptive parent to whom a court has given primary physical and legal custody of a child, and a person such as a caseworker or foster parent to whom a court has given legal custody of a child.

The district will not restrict the access of custodial and non-custodial parents to their students and their students’ records, unless the district has been provided a copy of a court order that unambiguously prohibits access to the records or child by either parent. If the district is provided such a court order, school officials will follow the directives set forth in the order.

The district will provide the custodial parent with routine information about his or her child, including notification of conferences. The district will not provide the non-custodial parent with such information on a routine basis but will provide it upon the non-custodial parent’s request unless it has been denied by the courts.

A non-custodial parent who wishes to attend conferences regarding his or her child will be provided with information about conference times so both parents may attend a single conference. The district is not required to schedule separate conferences if both parents have been previously informed of scheduled conference times.

If either or both parents’ behavior is disruptive, staff members may terminate a conference and reschedule it with appropriate modifications or expectations.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5022
INVESTIGATIONS, ARRESTS, AND OTHER STUDENT CONTACT BY
LAW ENFORCEMENT AND DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

The school district and its administrators and staff desire to maintain a positive working relationship with law enforcement officers and other representatives of governmental bodies in the discharge of their duties. However, this desire must be balanced against other equally important factors such as a student's legal rights, ensuring that a student's time spent in school is for education, and acknowledging that the school stands *in loco parentis* to the students.

"Law enforcement officer" means police officers, county sheriffs, state patrolmen, Child Protective Services workers, juvenile services workers, probation officers, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) agents, Federal Bureau of Investigations agents, or any other government investigatory workers.

"Parent" means the biological or adoptive mother or father, guardian, responsible relative, or any other person who has claimed legal or actual charge or control of the student pursuant to South Dakota law.

Law enforcement officers are encouraged whenever possible to talk to a student away from the school before or after school hours so as to cause as little disruption as possible to the student's education.

Law enforcement officers may be called to the school at the request of the school administration, or they may initiate contact with the school for their own purposes. Contact between the school and law enforcement officers on matters involving students shall be made through the office of the superintendent or building principal and the law enforcement officer. All reasonable attempts should be made to avoid embarrassing the student before his or her teachers and peers, and to avoid disrupting the student's and school's education program. Any questioning by law enforcement officers that is permitted should be conducted in a private room or area where confidentiality can be maintained. This should be an area removed from observation by our contact with other pupils and school personnel.

School staff shall promptly notify the superintendent when a student is questioned, arrested, or removed from school grounds by law enforcement officers.

School Related Criminal Activity

This section applies to alleged or suspected criminal activity that occurs on school grounds; in a vehicle owned, leased, or contracted by a school being used for a school purpose or in a vehicle being driven for a school purpose by a school employee or by his or her designee; or at a school-sponsored activity or athletic event.

Law enforcement officers will be allowed to contact and question students at school regarding school related criminal activity as provided below.

The building principal must be notified before a student may be questioned in school or taken from a classroom by law enforcement. The building principal should request identification of the officers, their affiliation with the identified law enforcement agency, and whether their purpose is to interview, interrogate, or take custody of the student.

The building principal will make reasonable attempts to contact a student's parent for their consent and/or presence before the student is interviewed. In the event that a parent cannot be contacted after reasonable attempts, the student will be questioned only if the law enforcement officer identifies emergency circumstances requiring immediate questioning. A building principal or designee shall be present for such questioning solely to further school purposes or avoid duplication of the investigative process. The student will be brought to a private room and the contact will be made out of sight of others as much as practicable.

If the student is suspected of criminal activity, it is the responsibility of the law enforcement officer to advise a student of his or her rights against self-incrimination.

The building principal shall document steps taken to notify parents, summarize the law enforcement activities, identify the actions taken by the district on behalf of the student, and any further contacts with law enforcement officer.

Non-School Related Criminal Activity

Law enforcement officials may not question students at school unless parental consent is obtained, or the law enforcement authorities have a warrant or court order.

Taking a Student into Custody

Law enforcement officers seeking custody of a student must contact the superintendent or building principal. The principal will request the arresting law enforcement officer to provide a copy of the arrest warrant, written parental consent, court order, or other document giving authority to take the student into legal custody. If there is no document presented, the principal should obtain the officer's name, badge number identifying the law enforcement agency, date, time, the reason for the arrest, and the place to which the student is reportedly being taken. Whenever practicable, the arrest or release of the student should be conducted in a location and in a manner that minimizes observation by others.

When a law enforcement officer removes a student from the school, the building principal will take immediate steps to notify the parent about the student's removal and the place to which the minor is reportedly being taken,

except when a minor has been taken into custody as a victim of suspected child abuse.

Child Abuse and Neglect

When law enforcement officers seek to investigate reports of alleged child neglect or abuse regarding a student, the building principal shall obtain a proper identification from the authorities or officials. If a student interview is conducted on school grounds, the building principal or designee and such other school personnel as appropriate shall observe the interview.

If the law enforcement officer decides to remove the student from school, school officials shall provide the law enforcement authorities with the address and telephone number of the student's parent or guardian. The principal or other school official shall, as a condition of releasing the student to the law enforcement officer, require the officer to sign a statement certifying that the child is being removed from school premises because he or she is believed to be the victim of child abuse and that the officer understands and will comply with the legal requirements of state law.

Student Records

Student records will be shared with law enforcement officers only as allowed by state and federal law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5023

STUDENT ILLNESS

Students who suffer from a significant illness or impairment which has an actual or expected duration of six months or more, including episodic impairments, may be eligible for accommodations and supports under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act or under the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act. The school will provide accommodation to students who are returning to school after a prolonged absence due to illness, including pediatric cancer, through a 504 plan or an IEP, as appropriate. The student's plan will include informal or formal accommodations, modifications of curriculum and monitoring by medical or academic staff as determined by the student's IEP team or 504 committee. Parents and staff will engage in ongoing communication about the needs of a student who is facing these circumstances.

Students who become ill at school will be sent to the building office where the school nurse or other school employee will determine the appropriate response. When a child is too ill to remain at school, a school employee will contact the child's parent(s) and make arrangements for the child to be picked up or sent home. If an illness or injury requires immediate medical attention, school officials shall attempt to contact the child's parent(s) regarding treatment for the child. If the parents cannot be contacted, school officials may have the child treated by an available physician. Students who may be a risk to the health of other students or school employees due to the presence of communicable or infectious disease, parasite, etc., may be sent home, and the district may require a physician's statement before allowing such students to return to school.

Parents must complete an emergency information card for each child enrolled in the district. The card should list the family physician's name, where parents or a responsible adult can be located, and any necessary emergency instructions.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5023.1 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

If a child becomes ill or is injured while at school or while being supervised by a member of the school district's staff, the staff member shall take reasonable steps to render assistance and, when appropriate, summon medical assistance. Staff will notify a student's parent or guardian when a student needs medical attention.

The school district is not qualified under law to comply with directives to physicians limiting medical treatment and will not accept such directives. School district staff members will not honor "do not resuscitate/do not intubate" (DNR/DNI) orders, requests for transport to particular medical facilities, and any similar requests. Parents/Guardians must arrange for all such requests with the rescue squad and medical providers directly.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5023.2

EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO LIFE THREATENING ASTHMA OR SYSTEMIC ALLERGIC REACTIONS (ANAPHYLAXIS)

The district may maintain epinephrine auto-injectors (epi-pens) pursuant to a prescription issued by an authorized health care provider for use in an emergency situation of a severe allergic reaction causing anaphylaxis.

Designated district personnel may administer an epi-pen to a student in accordance with the student's prescription on file or if the student is experiencing anaphylaxis in accordance with a standing protocol from an authorized health care provider.

"Designated district personnel" includes any district nurse and any district employee trained by a licensed healthcare professional:

- A. To recognize the symptoms of a severe allergy or anaphylactic reaction;
- B. To know the procedure for the administration of an epinephrine auto-injector;
- C. To know the procedure for storage of an epinephrine auto-injector; and
- D. To know the emergency care and aftercare for a student who has an allergic or anaphylactic reaction.

Immunity from Liability

Any district personnel who administer or makes available an epi-pen injection will not be liable for such action in accordance with South Dakota law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5024 MEDICATION OF STUDENTS

Whenever possible, parents should arrange medication schedules to eliminate the need for giving medication during school hours.

Prescription medication

Parents/guardians must provide a physician's written authorization for the administration of the medication. Parents/guardians must provide their own written permission for the administration of the medication. The medication must be brought to school in the prescription container and must be properly labeled with the student's name, the physician's name, and directions for administering the medication.

Non-prescription medication

Parents/guardians must provide written permission for the administration of the medication. The medication must be brought to the school in the manufacturer's container. The container must be labeled with the child's name and with directions for provision or administration of the medication.

The district reserves the right to review and decline requests to administer or provide medications that are not consistent with standard pharmacological references, are prescribed in doses that exceed those recommended in standard pharmacological references, or that could be taken in a manner that would eliminate the need for giving them during school hours. The district may request parental authorization to consult with the student's physician regarding any medication prescribed by such physician.

Self-Administration

Students in 5th grade or lower may not self-administer medication. Students in 6th grade or higher may self-administer prescription medication. Students who violate this policy are subject to disciplinary action.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5024.1
SELF-MANAGEMENT OF ASTHMA AND ANAPHYLAXIS

Any student with asthma or anaphylaxis may possess and self-administer a prescribed inhaled bronchodilator or auto-injectable epinephrine ("medication") consistent with this policy, the student's prescription as indicated by the prescription label on the medication, and any written instructions from the student's physician or other licensed health care provider.

In order to self-manage the student's condition pursuant to this policy, the parent of a student with asthma or anaphylaxis must provide to the district:

- A. A written statement signed by the parent that:
 - 1. Authorizes the student to self-administer the medication while on school property or at a school-related event or activity.
 - 2. Releases the district and its employees and agents from liability for any injury arising from the student's self-administration of prescription medication while on school property or at a school-related event or activity, except in cases of wanton or willful misconduct.
- B. A written statement signed by the student's prescribing physician or other licensed health care provider that states that:
 - 1. The student has asthma or anaphylaxis, or both, and is capable of self-administering the medication;
 - 2. The name and purpose of the medication;
 - 3. The prescribed dosage for the medication;
 - 4. When the medication may be administered; *and*
 - 5. The period for which the medication is prescribed.

The district may impose disciplinary consequences on a student who uses his or her medication other than as prescribed. These disciplinary consequences shall not include limitations on the student's access to necessary medication.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5024.2

SELF-MANAGEMENT OF DIABETES

Any student with diabetes may possess and self-administer treatment for diabetes consistent with this policy, the student's prescription as indicated by the prescription label on the medication, and any written instructions from the student's physician or other licensed health care provider.

Prior to any self-administration under this policy, a student and his/her parent/guardian must complete the district's Diabetes Medical Management Plan.

For students in 6th grade and above, a student may only self-administer insulin if the student's parents/guardians complete and return the medication self-administration form provided by the district nurse.

For students below 6th grade, the student cannot self-administer insulin unless the student provides a completed medication self-administration form provided by the district nurse, as well as separate authorization from the parents/guardians allowing for self-administration and a written statement from a physician indicating the student is capable of self-administering their insulin.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5025 STUDENT INSURANCE

The school district is not an insurer of student safety, and parents are encouraged to secure insurance covering their students' healthcare needs, including catastrophic coverage for injuries which may be sustained while participating in athletics or other extracurricular activities. The school district may disseminate information about insurance plans available for purchase by parents for their students from third party vendors.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5031
STUDENT APPEARANCE

Any manner of dress, hair style, make up, cleanliness, or personal appearance that constitutes a threat to the safety, health, or the welfare of the student or others; violates any statute; interferes with the education process, or school officials can reasonably predict will interfere with the education process; or causes or may cause excessive maintenance problems in the school, may be grounds for corrective or disciplinary action. The superintendent or designee may institute specific dress code regulations in any school consistent with board policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5032 CLOSED CAMPUS

The school campus is a closed campus. All students shall remain on the school campus during the hours that school is in session unless released by the building principal or building principal's designee. The building principal or designee will release a student only upon confirming that the student has permission from a parent or an authorized adult. Nothing in this policy shall prevent the school from sending a student home when the student is ill.

Unassigned Period Pass (UPP) allows juniors and seniors to come late or leave early if all criteria are met.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5033

STUDENT DRIVING AND PARKING

Students who drive to school are required to park their vehicles and leave them unoccupied until it is time to drive home. The speed limit on school property is 5 miles per hour. Students may not drive or have access to their vehicles during the school day without the express permission of their building principal or the superintendent of schools.

Students are to park appropriately and in the assigned areas on school property. Student parking shall not be permitted in bus loading zones. When the buses are loading or unloading, all vehicles must stop and wait for the loading or unloading process to be completed.

By driving a vehicle to school and parking on school grounds, students consent to having that vehicle searched by school officials if school officials have reasonable suspicion that such a search will reveal a violation of school rules.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5034
HANDBOOKS

The student handbook is an extension of these policies and has the force and effect of board policy when approved by the Board of Education.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5035

STUDENT DISCIPLINE

Superintendents, principals, supervisors, and teachers have disciplinary authority over all students while the students are in school or participating in or attending school sponsored activities whether on or off school premises. Superintendents and principals may also discipline students for aggressive or violent behavior that disrupts school or that affects a health or safety factor of the school or its programs.

Authority to Discipline

The board may discipline, suspend, or expel from school any student for violation of rules or policies or for insubordination or misconduct, and the superintendent or principal in charge of the school may temporarily suspend any student as provided by law and this policy.

Weapons and/or Firearms

Students may be disciplined for the possession of weapons and/or firearms pursuant to the board's separate policy on weapons and firearms or state or federal law.

Short-Term Suspension

The principal or superintendent may exclude students from school or any school function for a period of up to and including ten school days (short-term suspension) for violation of rules or policies, for insubordination or misconduct, or for aggressive or violent behavior that disrupts school or that affects a health or safety factor of the school or its programs. The following process applies to short-term suspension:

- A. The principal or superintendent shall give oral or written notice to the student as soon as possible after discovery of the alleged violation, stating the facts that form the basis for the suspension.
- B. The student shall be given the opportunity to respond to the alleged violation.
- C. If a student is suspended, the principal or superintendent shall give the parent or guardian oral notice of the suspension, if possible. This notice shall be provided directly to the student if the student is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor.
- D. If a student is suspended, the principal or superintendent shall send the parent or guardian a written notice which provides information regarding the student's due process rights. This notice shall be provided directly to the student if the student is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor.

- E. The student may be removed from the school's premises following either the written or oral notice, described above, or if the student's presence poses a continuing threat or danger, in which case the student may be immediately removed from the school and transferred into the custody of a parent or law enforcement.
- F. Students who are short-term suspended will be given the opportunity to complete classwork.

Long-Term Suspension

Students may be excluded by the superintendent or school board from school or any school function for a period of more than 10 school days up to and including 90 school days (long-term suspension) for violation of rules or policies, for insubordination or misconduct, or for aggressive or violent behavior that disrupts school or that affects a health or safety factor of the school or its programs. The following process applies to long-term suspension:

- A. The student may be temporarily suspended at the discretion of the superintendent if the superintendent finds grounds for a long-term suspension from a class or classes. This suspension shall follow the procedures set forth above for short-term suspensions.
- B. The superintendent shall file a sealed, written report with the school board by the end of the fifth school day following the first day of the long-term suspension. The report shall include the facts of the situation, the action taken, the reasons for the action, and the superintendent's decision or recommendation. The report must remain in the possession of the school board secretary or business manager, sealed and unavailable for review by individual school board members, until the time set for a hearing.
- C. The superintendent shall send a copy of the report to the student's parent or to the student if the student is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor at the same time the report is filed with the school board's secretary or business manager.
- D. The superintendent shall also send written notice to the student's parent or to a student who is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor of:
 - 1. the rule, regulation, or policy allegedly violated;
 - 2. the reason for the disciplinary proceedings;
 - 3. notice of the right to request a hearing or waive the right to a hearing;
 - 4. a description of the hearing procedure;
 - 5. a statement that the student's records are available at the school for examination by the student's parent or authorized representative;
 - 6. a statement that the student may present witnesses.

- E. The student, if of the age of majority or emancipated, or the student's parent may waive the right to a hearing in writing to the superintendent.
- F. If a hearing is requested, the superintendent shall give notice to each school board member of an appeal to the board for a hearing. The superintendent shall set the date, time, and place for the hearing and send notice by first class mail to each school board member and by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the student's parent or to a student who is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor.
- G. If no hearing is requested or the hearing is waived, the action of the superintendent is final.

Hearing Procedure - Long-Term Suspension

The following process applies to any hearing requested and scheduled in relation to a long-term suspension:

- A. The board shall act as the hearing board and shall conduct the hearing.
- B. The school board shall appoint a school board member or a person who is not an employee of the school district as the hearing officer.
- C. Each party shall be provided with the opportunity to make an opening statement.
- D. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to introduce evidence, present witnesses, and examine and cross-examine witnesses.
- E. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to be represented by an attorney.
- F. The school administration shall present its case first.
- G. The hearing shall be closed to the public. A verbatim record of the hearing will be made and will be sealed pending court order.
- H. Witnesses shall be present only when testifying. All witnesses must take an oath or affirmation administered by the school board president or business manager.
- I. Each party may raise objections as to relevancy and scope of the question.
- J. All relevant evidence shall be admitted, except that unproductive or repetitious evidence may be limited by the hearing officer.
- K. The hearing officer may ask questions of witnesses and may allow other school board members to interrogate witnesses.
- L. Each party shall be provided with the opportunity to make a closing statement.
- M. After the hearing, the school board shall continue to meet in executive session for deliberation. No one other than the hearing officer may meet with the school board during deliberation, except that the school board may seek advice during deliberation from an attorney. Consultation with any other person during deliberation may occur only if a representative of the pupil is present.

- N. The decision of the school board shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and must be formalized by a motion made in open meeting. The motion shall omit the name of the pupil and must state the reason for the board's action. The school board shall notify the pupil or the pupil's parents in writing of the decision. The notice must state the length of the suspension or expulsion.
- O. The student may appeal an adverse decision by the school board to the circuit court.

Expulsion

Students may be excluded by the school board from school or any school function for a period of not more than 12 consecutive months (expulsion) for violation of rules or policies, for insubordination or misconduct, or for aggressive or violent behavior that disrupts school or that affects a health or safety factor of the school or its programs. The following process applies to expulsion:

- A. The student may be temporarily suspended at the discretion of the superintendent if the superintendent finds grounds for expulsion from a class or classes. This suspension shall follow the procedures set forth above for short-term suspensions.
- B. The superintendent shall file a sealed, written report with the school board by the end of the fifth school day following the first day of the student's exclusion from one or more classes and request that a hearing be held before the school board. The report shall include the facts of the situation, the action taken, the reasons for the action, and the superintendent's decision or recommendation. The report must remain in the possession of the school board secretary or business manager, sealed and unavailable for review by individual school board members, until the time set for a hearing.
- C. The superintendent shall send a copy of the report to the student's parent or to the student if the student is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor at the same time the report is filed with the school board's secretary or business manager.
- D. The superintendent shall send written notice to the student's parent or to a student who is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor of:
 - 1. the rule, regulation or policy allegedly violated;
 - 2. the reason for the disciplinary proceedings;
 - 3. notice of the right to request a hearing or waive the right to a hearing;
 - 4. a description of the hearing procedure;
 - 5. a statement that the student's records are available at the school for examination by the student's parent or authorized representative;
 - 6. a statement that the student may present witnesses;

- 7. a statement that the student may be represented by an attorney.
- E. The superintendent shall set the date, time, and place for the school board hearing. The superintendent shall send notice of the hearing to each school board member by first class mail and to the student's parent or to a student who is 18 years of age or older or an emancipated minor by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the superintendent recommends expulsion, the school board must act on the recommendation before it is implemented.
- F. The student, if of the age of majority or emancipated, or the student's parent may waive the right to a hearing in writing to the superintendent.
- G. If the hearing is not waived, the hearing shall be held on the date and at the time and place set in the hearing notice unless a different date, time, and place are agreed to by the parties.
- H. If the hearing is waived in writing, the school board may consider the matter at a regular or special meeting without further notice to the student or the student's parents.

Hearing Procedure - Expulsion

The following process applies to any hearing requested and scheduled in relation to an expulsion:

- A. The board shall act as the hearing board and shall conduct the hearing;
- B. The school board shall appoint a school board member or a person who is not an employee of the school district as the hearing officer;
- C. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to make an opening statement;
- D. Each party shall be provided the opportunity introduce evidence, present witnesses, and examine and cross-examine witnesses;
- E. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to be represented by an attorney;
- F. The school administration shall present its case first;
- G. The hearing shall be closed to the public. The school board shall make a verbatim record of the hearing by means of an electronic or mechanical device or by court reporter. This record and any exhibits must be sealed and must remain with the hearing officer until the appeal process has been completed;
- H. Witnesses shall be present only when testifying. All witnesses must take an oath or affirmation administered by the school board president, hearing officer or other person authorized by law to take oaths and affirmations;
- I. Each party may raise any legal objection to evidence;
- J. All relevant evidence shall be admitted, except that unproductive or repetitious evidence may be limited by the hearing officer;
- K. The hearing officer may ask questions of witnesses and may allow other school board members to interrogate witnesses;

- L. Each party shall be provided the opportunity to make a closing statement;
- M. After the hearing, the school board shall continue to meet in executive session for deliberation. No one other than the hearing officer may meet with the school board during deliberation, except that the school board may seek advice during deliberation from an attorney who has not represented any of the parties to the hearing. Consultation with any other person during deliberation may occur only if a representative of the pupil is present; and
- N. The decision of the school board must be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing and must be formalized by a motion made in an open meeting. The motion shall omit the name of the student and shall state the reason for the board's action. The school board shall notify the student's parents or a student who is 18 years of age or older or who is an emancipated minor in writing of the decision. The notice shall state the length of the expulsion.
- O. The student may appeal an adverse decision by the school board to the circuit court.

Early Reinstatement

The board may act to grant the student an early reinstatement allowing the student to return to school before the end of the period of expulsion. Such reinstatement may be granted subject to conditions as the board deems appropriate. The superintendent may determine that a student has met or violated the conditions. The superintendent may revoke the conditional reinstatement opportunity provided by the board by following the process laid out in state law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5035.1 FIREARMS AND WEAPONS

Weapons

No student may possess, handle, or transmit any weapon while on school grounds or at any school activity or event off school grounds except as permitted by this policy. No visitor under the age of 18 may possess, handle, or transmit any weapon while on school grounds or at any school activity or event off school grounds except as permitted by this policy.

Definition of Weapon

The term "weapon" means any object, device, instrument, material, or substance which is capable of causing injury in the manner it is used or intended to be used.

Firearms

No person may bring, possess, handle, or transmit a firearm on school grounds, in a school owned vehicle, or at a school activity or event off school grounds, except as permitted by this policy.

Definition of Firearm

The term "firearm," as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921, means any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, the frame or receiver of any such weapon, any firearm muffler or firearm silencer, or any destructive device (excluding an antique firearm).

Exceptions Regarding Firearms

The prohibition against firearms does not apply to:

- A. Firearms lawfully possessed by a law enforcement official or school sentinel;
- B. Firearms that may lawfully be possessed by a person who is receiving training at the school under the immediate supervision of an adult instructor;
- C. The use of a starting gun at an athletic event;
- D. The lawful possession of a firearm at a gun show authorized by the board to be held on school premises;
- E. Unloaded firearms which may lawfully be possessed by a person for the purpose of using them as part of a color guard ceremony.

Consequences - Firearm

Any student who brings a firearm, as that term is defined in 18 United States Code 921, to school will be expelled from school for one calendar

year. The superintendent of schools and the Board of Education shall have the authority to modify the expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis.

Confiscation of Firearms

Administrative and teaching personnel are statutorily authorized, without a warrant, to confiscate any firearm possessed in violation of this policy. By statute, any firearm that is confiscated by school personnel shall be delivered to a peace officer as soon as practicable. Such firearms are subject to being destroyed by law enforcement authorities.

Report to Law Enforcement Authorities

All school personnel are required to report any violation of this policy to a principal or the superintendent of schools. Pursuant to state and federal law, school personnel are required to report to law enforcement authorities when a student brings a firearm or weapon to school.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5036 LOCKERS

Lockers are the property of the school district and students are permitted to use them without charge. The assignment of a locker is on a temporary basis and may be revoked at any time. School officials may inspect student lockers without any particularized suspicion or reasonable cause.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5037
STUDENT INTERNET AND COMPUTER ACCESS

Students are expected to use computers and the Internet as an educational resource. The following procedures and guidelines govern the use of computers and the Internet at school.

Student Expectations in the Use of the Internet

A. Acceptable Use

1. Students may use the Internet to conduct research assigned by teachers.
2. Students may use the Internet to conduct research for classroom projects.
3. Students may use the Internet to gain access to information about current events.
4. Students may use the Internet to conduct research for school-related activities.
5. Students may use the Internet for appropriate educational purposes.

B. Unacceptable Use

1. Students shall not use school computers to gain access to material that is obscene, pornographic, harmful to minors, or otherwise inappropriate for educational uses.
2. Students shall not engage in any illegal or inappropriate activities on school computers, including the downloading and copying of copyrighted material.
3. Students shall not use e-mail, social media, instant messaging, or other forms of direct electronic communications on school computers for any unauthorized or unlawful purpose or in violation of any school policy or directive.
4. Students shall not use school computers to participate in on-line auctions, on-line gaming or mp3/mp4 sharing systems.
5. Students shall not disclose personal information, such as their names, school, addresses, or telephone numbers outside the school network.
6. Students shall not use school computers for commercial advertising or political advocacy of any kind without the express written permission of the system administrator.
7. Students shall not publish web pages that purport to represent the school district or the work of students at the school district without the express written permission of the system administrator.
8. Students shall not erase, rename, or make unusable anyone else's computer files, programs, or disks.

9. Students shall not share their passwords with fellow students, school volunteers or any other individuals, and shall not use, or try to discover, another user's password.
10. Students shall not copy, change, or transfer any software or documentation provided by the school district, teachers, or another student without permission from the system administrator.
11. Students shall not write, produce, generate, copy, propagate or attempt to introduce any computer code designed to self-replicate, damage, or otherwise hinder the performance of any computer's memory, file system, or software. Such software is often called, but is not limited to, a bug, virus, worm, or Trojan Horse.
12. Students shall not configure or troubleshoot computers, networks, printers, or other associated equipment, except as directed by a teacher or the system administrator.
13. Students shall not take-home technology equipment (hardware or software) without permission of the system administrator.
14. Students shall not forget electronic mail messages or web pages.

Enforcement

A. Methods of Enforcement

1. The district monitors all Internet communications, Internet usage and patterns of Internet usage. Students have no right of privacy to any Internet communications or other electronic files. The computer system is owned by the school district. As with any school property, any electronic files on the system are subject to search and inspection at any time.
2. The school district uses a technology protection measure that blocks access to some Internet sites that are not in accordance with the policy of the school district. Standard use of the Internet utilizes a proxy server-based filter that screens for non-curriculum related pages.
3. Due to the nature of filtering technology, the filter may at times filter pages that are appropriate for student research. The system administrator may override the technology protection measure for the student to access a site with legitimate educational value that is wrongly blocked.
4. The school district staff will monitor students' use of the Internet through direct supervision and by monitoring Internet use history to ensure enforcement of the policy.

B. Consequences for Violation of this Policy

Access to the school's computer system and to the Internet is a privilege, not a right. Any violation of school policy and rules may result in:

1. Loss of computer privileges;

2. Short-term suspension;
3. Long-term suspension or expulsion in accordance with the South Dakota Student Discipline Law; and
4. Other disciplines such as school administration and the school board deem appropriate.

Students who use school computer systems without permission and for non-school purposes may be guilty of a criminal violation and will be prosecuted.

Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (COPPA)

The school will not allow companies to collect personal information from children under 13 for commercial purposes. The school will make reasonable efforts to disable advertising in educational computer applications. This policy allows the school to act as an agent for parents in the collection of information within the school context. The school's use of student information is solely for educational purposes.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5039
FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

All fundraising activities shall require authorization by an administrator.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5041
STUDENT COUNCIL

Students are encouraged to formulate and participate in elective and representative student government activities. The organization, operation and scope of the student council shall be administered by the superintendent or designee.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

5042

BULLETIN BOARDS

Bulletin boards and other electronic publishing spaces of the district may be provided for the use of students and student organizations for purposes of notifications related to student activities and student groups. The following general limitations apply to all posting or publishing:

- A. All postings must be approved by the appropriate building principal or designee. Students may not post any material containing any statement or expression that is libelous, obscene, or vulgar; that would violate board of education policies, including the student code of conduct; or that is otherwise inappropriate for the school environment.
- B. All postings must identify the student or the student organization posting or publishing the notice.
- C. Published material may be removed after a reasonable time.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5043
SCHOOL-SPONSORED PUBLICATIONS

School-sponsored student publications and electronic media productions are part of the school district's instructional program. The Board of Education supports the development of student communication skills through school-sponsored newspapers, annuals, magazines, and electronic media including computer, video, and digital productions.

Student publications and productions must conform to all good scholastic and professional journalistic standards. The board delegates to the superintendent of schools the right to prohibit dissemination of any school-sponsored publication or media production that does not conform to these standards, or which the superintendent or designee deems inappropriate for the school environment.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5045 STUDENT FEES

Fees assessed to students may include, but are not limited to, those related to overdue materials, misused, or damaged school property, or materials needed for curricular or extracurricular courses or activities unless prohibited by law.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5052 SCHOOL WELLNESS POLICY

The school district is committed to providing a school environment that enhances learning and the development of lifelong wellness. The goals outlined in this policy were determined and selected after reviewing and considering evidence-based strategies.

Goals for Nutrition Promotion and Education

- A. The district will promote healthy food and beverage choices for all students, as well as encourage participation in school meal programs by such methods as implementing evidence-based healthy food promotion techniques through the school meal programs and promoting foods and beverages that meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.
- B. The health curriculum will include information on good nutrition and healthy living habits. Teachers will incorporate information on nutrition and wellness into the classroom curriculum as appropriate.
- C. The district will collaborate with public and private entities to promote student wellness.
- D. Water will be made available to students throughout the school day.

Goals for Physical Activity

- A. The school district's curriculum shall include instruction on physical activity and habits for healthy living.
- B. Students will be encouraged to engage in physical activities throughout the school day and will be provided with opportunities to do so.
- C. The district encourages parents and guardians to support their children's participation in physical activity, to be physically active role models, and to include physical activity in family events.

Goals for Other School-Based Activities Designed to Promote Student Wellness

- A. The district will participate in state and federal child nutrition programs as appropriate.
- B. The district will provide professional development, support, and resources for staff about student wellness.
- C. Students will be provided with sufficient time in which to eat school-provided meals.
- D. The district's lunchrooms will be attractive and well-lit.
- E. The district will allow other health-related entities to use school facilities for activities such as health clinics and screenings so long as the activities meet the district's requirements and criteria for the use of facilities.

- F. The district may partner with other individuals or entities in the community to support the implementation of this policy.
- G. The district will strive to provide physical activity breaks for all students, recess for elementary students, and before and after school activities, as well as encourage students to use active transport (walking, biking, etc.)
- H. The district will use evidence-based strategies to develop, structure, and support student wellness.

Standards and Nutrition Guidelines for All Foods and Beverages Sold to Students on the School Campus and During the School Day

- A. The district will ensure that student access to foods and beverages meet federal, state, and local laws and guidelines including, but not limited to:
 - 1. USDA National School Lunch and School Breakfast nutrition standards
 - 2. USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.
- B. The district will offer students a variety of age-appropriate, healthy food and beverage selections with plenty of fruits, vegetables, and whole grains aimed at meeting the nutrition needs of students within their calorie requirements in order to promote student health and reduce childhood obesity.

Standards for All Foods and Beverages Provided, But Not Sold to Students During the School Day

The district may provide a list of healthy party ideas or food and beverage alternatives to parents, teachers, and students for classroom parties, rewards and incentives, or classroom snacks. The district discourages the use of food and beverages as a reward or incentive for performance or behavior.

Food and Beverage Marketing

Marketing and advertising are only allowed on school grounds or at school activities for foods and beverages that meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, except as follows:

- A. This requirement does not apply to marketing that occurs at events outside of school hours such as after school sports or any other events, including school fundraising events.
- B. The district will not immediately replace menu boards, coolers, tray liners, beverage cups, and other food service equipment with depictions of noncompliant products or logos to comply with the new USDA Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition requirements. All previously purchased products will be used, and all existing contracts honored.
- C. All equipment that currently displays noncompliant marketing materials will not be removed or replaced (e.g., a score board with a Coca-Cola

logo). However, as the district reviews and considers new contracts, and as scoreboards or other such durable equipment are replaced or updated over time, any products that are marketed and advertised will meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.

Public Participation

Parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers, school health professionals, board members, school administrators, and members of the general public shall be allowed to provide their input to the school district during the wellness policy adoption and review process.

Competitive Foods (Includes Food and Beverages Sold in Vending Machines, School Stores, Fundraisers or in Competition with the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs)

- A. Except as otherwise allowed by the South Dakota Department of Education, all foods and beverages sold during the school day as part of a fundraiser or for any other purpose in competition with the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs must meet the nutrition standards of those programs.
- B. Fundraiser food or beverages are NOT exempt from the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards. Therefore, if food is sold as a fundraiser:
 - 1. It shall not be sold in competition with school meals in the food service area during the meal service.
 - 2. It shall not be sold or otherwise made available to students anywhere on school premises during the period beginning one half hour prior to the serving period for breakfast and/or lunch and lasting until one half hour after the serving of breakfast and/or lunch.
 - 3. The sale of food items during the school day shall meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition requirements.
 - 4. This restriction does not apply to food sold during non-school hours, weekends, and off-campus fundraising events such as concessions during after-school sporting events, school plays or concerts; or to bulk food items that are sold for consumption at home. (Ex: frozen pizzas, cookie dough tubs, etc.)

Triennial Assessment

The school board shall assess and review this policy at least every three years to determine:

- A. Compliance with this policy;
- B. How this policy compares to South Dakota DOE model wellness policies;
- C. Progress made in attaining the goals of this policy.

The school board will update or modify this policy as appropriate.

Public Notice

The school district will provide notice of this policy at least annually to the public and other stakeholders identified in this policy by one or more of the following methods: on its webpage, in its newsletter, in the student and employee handbooks, newspaper advertisements, direct mailings, electronic mail, and public postings.

The school district will provide notice of the Triennial Assessment and progress reports towards meeting the goals in this policy using one or more of those same methods.

Recordkeeping

The district will retain records to document compliance with the requirements of the wellness policy at its central office.

Operational Responsibility

The superintendent is responsible for coordinating the implementation of this policy and for monitoring the district's progress in meeting the goals established by this policy. The superintendent will periodically report to the board on the district's progress in implementing this policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5054 STUDENT BULLYING

Definition of Bullying

A. South Dakota statute defines bullying as:

“A pattern of repeated conduct that causes physical hurt or psychological distress on one or more students that may include threats, intimidation, stalking [as defined by state law], physical violence, theft, destruction of property, any threatening use of data or computer software, written or verbal communication, or conduct directed against a student that:

1. Places a student in reasonable fear of harm to his or her person or damage to his or her property; and either
2. Substantially interferes with a student's educational performance; or
3. Substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a school.

Bullying also includes retaliation against a student for asserting or alleging an act of bullying.”

B. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention defines bullying as:

“Any unwanted aggressive behavior(s) by another youth or group of youths who are not siblings or current dating partners that involves an observed or perceived power imbalance and is repeated multiple times or is highly likely to be repeated.”

The school district’s administrators will consider these definitions when determining whether any specific situation constitutes bullying. These definitions include both in-person and cyberbullying behaviors.

Bullying Prohibited

Students are expected to behave in a civil manner in compliance with the law and all school rules. Students are prohibited from engaging in any form of bullying behavior.

Reporting Bullying

Students who experience or observe bullying behavior must immediately report what happened to a teacher or Safe2Say to make this report. Students may always confer with their parents or guardians about bullying they experience or witness, but the students must also ultimately report the situation to a teacher or administrator.

Bullying Investigations

School district staff will investigate allegations of bullying using the same practices and procedures that the district observes for student disciplinary

matters. In no circumstance will school district staff be deliberately indifferent to allegations of bullying.

Disciplinary Consequences

The disciplinary consequences for bullying behavior will depend on the frequency, duration, severity, and effect of the behavior. A student who engages in bullying behavior that materially and substantially interferes with or disrupts the educational environment, the district's day-to-day operations, or the education process, regardless of where the student is at the time of engaging in the bullying behavior, may be subject to discipline to the extent permitted by law.

Support for Students Who Have Experienced Bullying

Regardless of where the bullying occurred, the district will consider whether victims of bullying are suffering an adverse educational impact and, if appropriate, will refer those students to the district's student assistance team.

Bullying Prevention and Education

Students and parents are encouraged to inform teachers or administrators orally or in writing about bullying behavior or suspected bullying behavior. School employees are required to inform the administrator of all such reports. The appropriate administrator shall promptly investigate all such reports. Each building shall engage in activities which educate students about bullying, bullying prevention, and digital citizenship.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5056
FREE EXPRESSION BY STUDENTS

The Board of Education recognizes that students do not shed their constitutional rights at the schoolhouse gate. However, the Board of Education is responsible for balancing those rights against its responsibility to provide a program of education for students in this district. The board is authorized to preserve order so that the system may function properly.

Students may not engage in any expressive conduct that causes a material and substantial disruption to the educational program; that is lewd, obscene, profane, defamatory, threatening or contains "fighting words;" that advocates the use of substances that are illegal to minors; that incites violence or constitutes a "true threat;" or that urges the violation of law or school rules. Violators will be disciplined in accordance with law and board policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5057

DISTRICT TITLE I PARENT AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT POLICY

The school district will jointly develop with parents a School-Parent-Student Compact that outlines how the parents, school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will build and develop a partnership to help children achieve the State's high standards.

The written district Parent and Family Engagement Policy will be jointly developed and distributed to parents and family members of participating children and the local community in an understandable format and to the extent practicable, in a language the parents can understand. An annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the Parent and Family Engagement Policy will be used to design evidence-based strategies for more effective parental involvement, to revise the Parent and Family Engagement Policy and to remove barriers to participation.

The school district recognizes the unique needs of students who are being served in its Title I program, and the importance of parent and family engagement in the Title I program. Parent and family engagement in the Title I Program shall include, but is not limited to:

- A. An annual meeting to which all parents of participating children will be invited to inform parents of their school's participation under this part, to explain the requirements of this part, and the right of the parents to be involved. Invitations may take the form of notes sent with students or announcements in the school newsletter. Additional meetings may be scheduled, based upon need and interest for such meetings.
- B. An explanation of the details for the child's and parents' participation, including but not limited to curriculum objectives, the forms of academic assessment used to measure student progress and the achievement levels of the challenging state academic standards, type and extent of participation, parental input in educational decisions, coordination, and integration with other federal, state, and district programs, and evaluations of progress.
- C. Opportunities for participation in parent involvement activities such as training to help parents work with their children to improve achievement. A goal of parent activities is to provide parents with opportunities to participate in decisions relating to the education of their students, where appropriate.
- D. The district will, to the extent practicable, provide parents of limited English proficiency, parents with disabilities, parents with limited literacy, are economically disadvantaged, are of a racial or minority background or parents of migratory children with opportunities for involvement in the Title I Program. Communication to parents about student progress and the district's other Title I Program communications

will be provided in the language used in the home to the extent practicable. Responses to parent concerns will be provided in a timely manner.

- E. Opportunities for parent-teacher conferences, in addition to those regularly scheduled by the school district, if requested by the parents or as deemed necessary by school district staff.
- F. The district will coordinate and integrate parental involvement programs and activities with other programs in the community. These may include cooperation with other community programs such as Head Start and preschools and other community services such as the public library.
- G. Educate teachers, specialized instructional support personnel, principals, and other school leaders, with the assistance of parents in the value and utility of contributions of parents, how to reach out to, communicate with and work with parents as equal partners.

This policy shall be reviewed annually at the annual meeting where concerned parties can have a conversation about possible changes to the Parent and Family Engagement Policy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5063

AUDIO AND VIDEO RECORDING

Students and their parents or guardians should assume that any class in which students are enrolled may be recorded by the school district or other students for legitimate educational purposes. Recordings permitted pursuant to this policy may only be used by students for personal academic purposes and may not be republished without additional, written consent from a school administrator. For purposes of this policy “recording” includes still photographs, video, audio, and other similar data captured in any medium.

Recordings Made by the District

The district may use cameras or other devices for purposes of making security, safety, or other recordings without a specific purpose or for a specific purpose when such recordings are deemed necessary or appropriate by the administration. The district will not maintain the recordings unless the recording is purposefully copied and saved, and the recordings will only be available for review for a limited time based on the district’s then-current recording capacity. The district administrators estimate that this is approximately 30 days but may change at any time.

Classroom Recordings by Staff

Staff members may make audio and video recordings of classroom instruction and school activities upon authorization of the superintendent or supervising administrator.

Prohibited Recordings by Students

Unless otherwise authorized by this policy or law, students are prohibited from making audio or video recordings during the school day on school grounds; when being transported to and from school activities or programs in a vehicle owned, leased, or contracted by a school being used for a school purpose by a school employee or by his or her designee; or at a school-sponsored activity or athletic event, unless the recording is made in a manner permitted by the school for members of the public. In such an instance, the students remain subject to the district’s appropriate use and student discipline policies.

For example, this policy does not prohibit students from making recordings of an athletic event for their personal use similar to a parent or other patron, subject to other applicable board policy. However, this policy generally prohibits students from using smart-speakers or other devices which actively or passively create or transmit audio or video recordings, including Google Home, Amazon Alexa, Apple Home Pod, and Angel Sense devices.

Permitted Classroom Recordings by Students

Students may make audio or video recordings of classroom lectures or discussions:

- A. For their convenience after providing notice to the classroom teacher and receiving the teacher's permission;
- B. For the benefit of another student who is absent after providing notice to the classroom teacher and receiving the teacher's permission;
- C. If recording is necessary to accommodate the student's disability and is required by the student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or Section 504 Plan.

Staff may revoke permission to record if the recording distracts from or disrupts the classroom environment unless the recording is necessary to accommodate a student's disability.

Permitted Non-classroom Recordings

Students may make audio or video recordings otherwise prohibited by this policy outside the classroom only with the permission of a teacher or school administrator, provided that such recordings otherwise comply with any applicable state and federal laws and district policy. In no event shall photographs or video recordings be taken or taken in restrooms, locker rooms, or other areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5064
SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT

The district will use Title I, Title II, Title IV, and any other funds subject to Supplement, not Supplant, requirements as required by law. The district will use said funds to Supplement, Not Supplant, state and local funds that would, in the absence of such funds, be spent on Title programs. The district will ensure that Title funds will not be used to provide services which otherwise take the place of public education services that are to be provided to all students.

The district maintains records of professional development provided at the district level that is funded with Title funds. The superintendent will ensure that professional development is aligned with the needs of the district's Title programs. Title professional development will not duplicate that which the district provides for non-Title purposes which, in the absence of Title funds, would be provided to all staff.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

5066 EARLY GRADUATION

General Policy

Students most effectively obtain the skills and experience necessary to graduate from high school by completing grades 9 through 12 over the course of 4 years. Unless otherwise permitted by board policy or other applicable law, students must finish all 4 grade levels in order to graduate.

Requirements for Application

In unique circumstances, the board may waive the four-year attendance requirement for high school graduation, provided that the student has met the requirements of this policy.

Students must make an application to the high school principal before they may seek permission to graduate early from the board. This application must be submitted at least one semester prior to the student's proposed final semester in the district. The principal may consult with appropriate instructional and guidance staff members in making the determination. The student's application must include:

- A. Proof that the student will meet all academic requirements necessary to graduate on or before the proposed graduation date;
- B. A letter from a parent/guardian supporting the application.

The student may submit any additional materials which support the student's efforts to graduate early. Such materials may include but are not required to include letters of support from staff and community members; proof of admission in a postsecondary program; and/or any other materials which the student believes to support the student's application.

Consideration by the Board of Education

The principal will make a written recommendation to the board based on the submitted application from the student. The board will consider but is not bound by the principal's recommendation. Along with the application, the board may consult with members of the administration, staff, or anyone else the board deems appropriate. The board will grant a student's application only if it determines that the student is best served by permitting the student to graduate early.

Participation in District Activities

Early graduates will be considered graduates of the district at the time the board confers such a status upon them. Therefore, early graduates will no longer be considered members of the student body and will forfeit those rights and privileges accorded such students.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

5067
STUDENT ASSISTANCE TEAM PROCESS

The school district uses general education student assistance teams (SATs). SATs consider and create problem-solving and intervention strategies to assist classroom teachers to meet the needs of students who may be struggling in the general curriculum or who are struggling to comply with the student code of conduct or to meet acceptable behavioral and social norms.

All teaching staff must:

- A. Support the SAT process by appropriately referring students who may benefit from the SAT process; and
- B. Faithfully and consistently implementing the intervention strategies recommended by the SAT.

The failure to support the SAT process is a serious matter and may constitute just cause for terminating or canceling a teacher's employment.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

5068
INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM-DUAL CREDIT WITH HIGHER
EDUCATION

Vermillion High School offers post-secondary coursework by accredited institutions of higher learning, in a variety of formats. Please note each format adheres to differing policies and procedures. Please consult the guidance counselor for more information.

- A. In-district course offerings
- B. South Dakota Board of Regents Dual Credit Program
- C. Special student status at an accredited institution of higher learning

The following guidelines apply to all Vermillion High School students enrolling in post-secondary coursework:

A. Eligibility

1. Students enrolling in In-district courses must follow Vermillion High School policy and Memorandum of Understanding.
2. Students applying through the SDBOR Dual Credit program must adhere to its rules and regulations as laid out in the South Dakota Board of Regents policy, including junior and senior status and a 2.5 GPA or higher.
3. Students applying through Special Student status must adhere to the following policies:
 - a. All Vermillion High School students are eligible.
 - b. Before submitting an application to an institute of higher learning, the student must complete an Approval Form that includes written approval from:
 - i. Parent/Guardian
 - ii. School Counselor
 - iii. Principal
 - iv. The approval form shall list the proposed college course(s) and equivalent high school graduation requirement(s) that the course(s) will fulfill. Course sequencing will be expected to mirror Vermillion High School's requirements (e.g., US History must be completed prior to enrollment in American Government).

B. Attendance

1. Students shall maintain attendance in a minimum of one in-person class at Vermillion High School each semester.
2. Students enrolled in post-secondary courses will be released from school only during the designated pass times between class periods. Students will not be permitted to leave their high school classes early to participate in the post-secondary course(s).

3. If the student is enrolled in a post-secondary class that meets only three days a week, the student will not be required to remain at the high school during the post-secondary class non-attendance days.
4. With appropriate approval, students taking online courses shall designate which periods of high school schedule will coincide with participation in the online post-secondary course.
5. Withdrawing from a post-secondary class: If a student enrolls in a post-secondary class and then withdraws from the class prior to its completion, regardless of the grade at the time of the withdrawal, he/she must immediately inform the high school principal. This student will be expected to resume full-time attendance at the high school and will be assigned to a study hall until the completion of the semester. Prior to the student enrolling in another post-secondary course, the administrative team and guidance counselors will review the student's performance and make recommendations regarding the student's continued enrollment in this program.

C. Costs

Students enrolling in a post-secondary course shall be responsible for all fees, tuition, and other costs associated with the course. Unlike the in-district and dual credit course offerings, costs for credits taken as a special student are generally not subsidized, and therefore are more costly.

D. Grading and Credits

1. Each student is required to be enrolled in at least five academic courses each semester. A student taking an approved post-secondary class(es) at a university or technical institute may count the course(s) as one of the five courses.
2. A student may, with parent permission, enroll in a post-secondary class as a substitute for any specific high school graduation requirement during his or her final semester of high school.
3. The grades of all approved post-secondary classes will be recorded on the student's official high school transcript and will be calculated into the student's high school grade point average and class rank.
4. Credit Awarded: The eligible student may enroll in post-secondary classes that carry at least three semester hours of credit from the post-secondary institution. Upon completion with a passing grade, Vermillion High School will award ½ credit (1/2 Carnegie Unit) for a post-secondary class of three, four, or five semester hours of credit. A student may not utilize dual credit coursework to count for more than five high school credits that count toward high school graduation.
5. It is the student's responsibility to ensure that the post-secondary institution sends an official transcript to Vermillion High School. High

school credit will be issued when the official post-secondary transcript is received.

6. If a failing final course grade is received in a post-secondary course under this section, the student may retake and pay for the post-secondary course or enroll in the high school equivalent course as set forth in the approval form.

E. Transportation and Participation

1. Transportation to and from a post-secondary institution shall be the sole responsibility of the parent or student and shall not be the responsibility of the school district or its employees.
2. Students who are enrolled in the post-secondary option and are also involved in co-curricular activities are required to meet the co-curricular eligibility requirements as set forth in the Activities Handbook.

Adopted on: January 12, 2024

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

Dual Credit Parent Permission

Vermillion High School offers opportunities for students who meet admission standards to enroll in public postsecondary institutions in South Dakota and simultaneously earn credits for both their high school diploma and postsecondary degree or certificate. Dual credit courses are offered by the postsecondary institution's faculty members, are governed by the postsecondary institution's policies, and follow the postsecondary institution's established processes for admissions, registration, billing, and grade reporting. Courses include college-level content and subject matter; students choosing to participate will be held to the same expectations and standards as college students.

I, _____ (student's name) understand that I am taking dual credit coursework in order to replace high school graduation requirements. If I fail, drop, or withdraw from the dual credit course, graduation requirements will not be met, and I will be ineligible to earn my diploma from Vermillion High School until the graduation requirements are met.

Dual Credit Course (e.g., Fundamentals of Communication CMST101) _____

Vermillion High School course (e.g., Speech 01151) _____

Student: _____ Signature: _____

Parent: _____ Signature: _____

Date: _____

6001
SCHOOL ORGANIZATION

The school district shall be organized under a system whereby Kindergarten through 5th grade shall be designated the elementary school, grades 6 through 8 shall be designated the middle school, and grades 9 through 12 shall be designated the high school.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6002
SCHOOL CALENDAR

The superintendent shall propose the calendar for each school year. The board will approve and/or amend the proposed calendar. The calendar shall provide for sufficient instructional time to meet or exceed the requirements of state statutes and regulations, and should provide time for staff orientation, in-service and curriculum work.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6003
INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

- A. The minimum number of instructional hours in the school year will be 962.5 for middle school and high school students, 875 for elementary students, and 437.5 for kindergarten students, exclusive of lunchtime.
- B. The district may establish special programs for individual students that may deviate from these requirements. All special programs must either be adopted pursuant to applicable law or approved by the superintendent in advance. Prior to the district's commencement of a specialized program, the district will provide the student's parents or guardians with notice of the program.
- C. The administration and certified staff will utilize a curriculum and procure textbooks and materials to support that curriculum. The administration and certificated staff will design instructional strategies and assessments to implement the curriculum.
- D. To the extent possible, practice for, travel to, and participation in activities sponsored by the South Dakota High School Activities Association and the South Dakota Department of Education will be scheduled outside of instructional time. Individual student absences because of illness or family-centered activities will be governed by district attendance policies.
- E. The board intends to strike a sensible balance between the time spent on academics and time spent on extra-curricular activities, acknowledging that both work and play are important in each student's total development and education.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6004 CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

The superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for providing and directing system-wide planning for curriculum, instruction, assessment, and staff development.

Teachers are responsible for teaching the written curriculum. Principals are responsible for monitoring the curriculum and evaluating teachers to ensure that they are teaching in compliance with the written curriculum. The superintendent and his/her designee shall ensure that principals monitor the curriculum and evaluate teachers.

Curriculum and Textbook Adoption

The district will adopt textbooks through the Textbook selection committee. The committee will include the Director of Curriculum, teachers who will use the textbooks, and various other administrators and staff members as needed. The committee will select textbooks:

- A. that will advance the educational goals of the district and particular program;
- B. consistent with the curriculum; and
- C. which will establish framework for the particular program.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6005
ACADEMIC CREDITS AND GRADUATION

A student must earn at least 22 credits in grades 9 through 12 to graduate.
The credits must include:

- A. Four units or more of language arts that include the following:
 - 1. One unit of writing;
 - 2. One-half unit of speech or debate; and
 - 3. One unit of literature that must include one-half unit of American literature;
- B. Three units each of:
 - 1. Social studies that include one unit of U.S. history and one-half unit of U.S. government;
 - 2. Mathematics that includes one unit of Algebra I;
 - 3. Science that includes one unit of biology;
- C. One unit or more of any of the following:
 - 1. Approved career and technical education courses;
 - 2. A capstone experience; or
 - 3. World languages;
- D. One unit of fine arts;
- E. One-half unit of each of the following:
 - 1. Personal finance or economics;
 - 2. Physical education;
 - 3. Health or health integration
- F. Five and one-half units of electives.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6006 COMMENCEMENT CEREMONY

The district shall conduct a commencement ceremony for members of the senior class at the end of the school year. Participation in the ceremony is a privilege, not a right, and the superintendent or his/her designee may prohibit students who have violated conduct rules from participating in the ceremony as a consequence for the misconduct.

Only those students who have completed all graduation requirements (i.e., completed the required coursework, are within the two-credit allowance or achieved the goals set in the student's individual education plan) or who have received a certificate of attendance will be allowed to participate in commencement.

As required by state law, students participating in a commencement ceremony are allowed to adorn their graduation regalia with an eagle feather, eagle plume, or to wear a beaded graduation cap. No other adornments are allowed.

A student who is two or fewer credits short of graduation requirements and is enrolled in summer school may participate in commencement ceremonies but will not be awarded a diploma until all graduation requirements have been met.

Student Commencement Speaker

Students may apply to speak at commencement.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6008
CLASS RANK

Student class rank shall be determined by using a numeric grade point average derived from all classes graded on a numeric basis. To be included in the class ranking, a student must have received a numeric grade for each core curriculum class in which he/she was enrolled.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

6009
GRADE PLACEMENT AND ACADEMIC CREDITS OF TRANSFER
STUDENTS

Subject to a determination on grade placement based on the criteria set forth below, a student transferring from an accredited school generally will be placed at the grade level that is comparable to the placement in the school from which the student is transferring. Temporary placement may be made until a student's records are received to verify the placement.

Placement of Students Not from Accredited Schools

Initial placement of these students is determined by their performance on one or more standardized tests, but the student will not be placed in a grade higher than warranted by the child's age (with the assumption the student attended first grade at age six with annual grade advancement thereafter). The student may be placed according to performance alone after the initial placement.

Secondary Students Not from Accredited Schools

These students will be placed in English and Math classes as demonstrated by performance on one or more standardized tests. Placement of the student and acceptance of credits will be determined based on the following factors:

- A. Previous public school or private school experience and transcript
- B. Standardized achievement test data
- C. Criterion-referenced test data
- D. Final examination test data
- E. Diagnostic test data

Transfer Credits

The district will accept credits toward graduation that were awarded by an accredited school district and which, in the professional judgment of the administrative team, are sufficiently rigorous and comparable to the district's offered courses of study. A student transferring into the school district in grades 9-12 will be responsible for meeting all graduation requirements in order to be awarded a diploma from the district.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6010 SPECIAL EDUCATION

All children with verified disabilities who are eligible for special education services are entitled to a free appropriate public education and an equal opportunity for education according to their needs. The district will follow state and federal law as well as the rules and protocols created by the South Dakota Department of Education and the United States Department of Education in identifying, evaluating, verifying, and serving students who may be entitled to rehabilitation or special education services.

The school district shall provide special education and rehabilitative services only to children with verified disabilities and qualifying conditions.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6012
FLAG DISPLAY AND PATRIOTIC OBSERVANCES

The district shall display the flag of the United States of America from the flagpole during the school hours of each school day, except when a violent storm or inclement weather would destroy or materially injure such flag.

The building principal or designee shall be responsible for the care and display of the flags at his/her assigned building and shall adhere to the rules and customs pertaining to the use and display of the flags as set forth in the United States Code.

Each day, the pledge of allegiance is offered at each school building.

As required by South Dakota law SDCL 13-24-23, the district will display the national motto of "In God We Trust" in each school building. This display can be in whatever appropriate form as determined by the building principal but may not be smaller than twelve inches wide by twelve inches tall.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: December 11, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

6013

TEACHING CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

The ability to discuss, listen, and dissent are essential elements of responsible citizenship. The school district encourages students to develop skills in analyzing issues, respecting the opinion of others, distinguishing between fact and opinion, considering all pertinent factors in reaching decisions, and arriving at group decisions.

Teachers may teach or lead discussions about controversial issues if they comply with the following criteria:

- A. The issues discussed must be relevant to the curriculum and be part of a planned educational program.
- B. Students must have free access to appropriate materials and information for analysis and evaluation of the issues.
- C. The teacher must encourage students to consider and discuss a variety of viewpoints.
- D. The topic and materials used must be within the range, knowledge, maturity, and competence of the students.
- E. Teachers must refrain from advocating partisan causes, sectarian religious views, or selfish propaganda of any kind through any classroom or a school device. However, a teacher shall not be prohibited from expressing a personal opinion as long as the student is encouraged to reach his/her own decision independently.

Teachers who are unsure of their obligations under this policy must confer with their superintendent or principal prior to discussing controversial issues in the classroom.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6014
SCHOOL ATTENDANCE ON DAYS OF SCHEDULED
ACTIVITIES

Students who are absent from school for half or more of the day will not be permitted to practice or participate in an extracurricular contest, practice, or performance unless the student has the building principal's or athletic director prior permission to participate despite the absence.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6015 SUMMER SCHOOL

The school district may conduct a summer school program to provide additional educational opportunities for students who need remedial instruction and/or to enrich students' educational experiences. Students who successfully complete classes offered through the district's summer school program will earn credit toward high school graduation. Students will be allowed to substitute a summer-school grade for a failing grade earned during the regular school year. Students who take summer school courses to replace a passing grade may use the summer school course to advance their class rank.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6016
HOMEBOUND AND OFF-CAMPUS INSTRUCTION

The school district may provide a student with instruction in his or her home or other off-campus location under the following circumstances:

- A. if the student's IEP or 504 team determines that homebound instruction is appropriate;
- B. if the student is physically or mentally ill or injured and unable to attend regular classes and the superintendent or his/her designee had determined that a program of off-campus instruction is appropriate, after conferring with the student's parents, teacher(s) and/or physician; or
- C. under other circumstances which the superintendent deems to be appropriate.

Homebound and off-campus instruction may include a variety of in-person and distance learning services, as determined appropriate by the superintendent or relevant educational team. The superintendent or relevant educational team shall periodically review individual off-campus instructional programs and shall only continue them as long as they are educationally appropriate.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6017 HOMEWORK

Homework consists of assignments made by teachers that students must complete during non-class time. Homework is intended to ensure student learning of certain concepts and/or skills found in the written and taught curriculum.

Teachers are encouraged to assign homework and must use their professional judgment in determining the length, difficulty, and student readiness to proceed with homework assignments.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6018 GRADES

The school will report student grades and/or academic progress to parents at least four times per year. The superintendent or his/her designee shall develop and implement student grading guidelines to be used by teachers. The objective of grading guidelines shall be to quantify and report the academic achievement of each student.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6021

DISTRICT CRITERIA FOR SELECTING EVALUATORS TO BE USED FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION EVALUATION AND VERIFICATION AND INDEPENDENT EDUCATIONAL EVALUATIONS

The following criteria shall be used for selecting evaluators according to SDLRC 24:05:30:03:

- A. Those in-state service agencies that are approved by the South Dakota Department of Education for reimbursement.
- B. Those South Dakota providers are located within 60 miles of the building of the district where the child attends when driving by ordinary public roadways.
- C. Evaluations must consider the educational, health, or other student records of the student provided by the district. The parents, guardians, or age-appropriate student must provide any required consent to the disclosure of these records unless disclosure is already authorized by state and federal law.
- D. Evaluations must be provided to the district, including all educational, health, student, or other records created as part of or relied upon to complete the evaluation. The parents, guardians, or age-appropriate student must provide any required consent to the disclosure of these records unless disclosure is already authorized by state and federal law.
- E. Evaluations must be conducted by a provider that is authorized, available, and willing to discuss, confer, or otherwise cooperate with the district regarding the evaluation, its results, or any other information related to the evaluation. Such cooperation may include reasonable participation in, or the submission of additional reports or information to, an IEP, MDT, or SAT team. The parents, guardians, or age-appropriate student must provide any required consent to the disclosure of these records or information unless disclosure is already authorized by state and federal law.
- F. Evaluations must be sufficiently comprehensive for the evaluator to submit to the district a report that specifically details whether the student should be considered eligible for special education and related services, the nature of special education and related services recommended to accommodate the student's suspected disability, and the particular facts or findings underlying the evaluator's conclusions. This report must be submitted to the district within 45 days after the conclusion of the evaluation.
- G. Evaluations must meet the then-current state standards for reliability, research-based processes, and educational or professional best practices.

H. Reimbursement to any evaluator chosen in conformance with this policy shall not exceed the cost that would be charged by the school district's contracted providers for the same or substantially similar evaluation.

All special education evaluations, including those independently obtained at the district's expense, must be obtained in a manner consistent with the criteria set forth above, unless state or federal law requires waiver of one or more criteria in order to accommodate unique circumstances.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6025

STUDENT CELL PHONE AND OTHER ELECTRONIC DEVICES

Students may use cellular phones or other electronic devices while at school, so long as they do so safely, responsibly, and respectfully and comply with all other school rules while using these devices.

By bringing their cell phones and other electronic communication devices to school, students consent to the search of said devices by school staff when permitted by law.

Students may not have cell phones or electronic devices on while they are in locker rooms, restrooms, or any other area in which others may have a reasonable expectation of privacy.

The taking, disseminating, transferring, or sharing of obscene, pornographic, lewd, or otherwise illegal images or photographs, whether by electronic data transfer or otherwise (including things like texting, sexting, e-mailing, etc.) may constitute a crime under state and/or federal law. Any person engaged in these activities while on school grounds, in a school vehicle or at a school activity will be subject to the disciplinary procedures of the student code of conduct.

While on school property, at a school activity, or in a school vehicle, students may not use their cell phones or electronic devices to bully, harass, or intimidate any other person as governed by the student code of conduct.

Students shall be personally and solely responsible for the security of their electronic devices. The district is not responsible for theft, loss, or damage of any electronic device, including or any calls or downloads.

Elementary and Middle School students may not have their cellphones in class. High School students will adhere to classroom rules developed by each teacher. Students who violate this policy may have their cell phones or electronic devices confiscated immediately. The administration will return confiscated devices to the parent or guardian of the offending student, after meeting with the parent or guardian to discuss the rule violation. Students who violate this policy may, at the discretion of the school's administration, be subject to additional discipline, up to and including suspension or expulsion.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6026
EMERGENCY DISMISSAL

The superintendent or his/her designee is responsible for determining when school and/or extracurricular activities should be canceled or dismissed due to severe weather or other emergency conditions. Coaches and/or sponsors may not conduct practices on days that school is canceled without first securing the superintendent's specific permission.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6027 FIELD TRIPS

The board encourages instructional staff to incorporate field trips into the curriculum. These trips should normally be conducted during the school day.

General Conditions

All trips must be pre-approved by the teacher's building principal. The superintendent and principals will develop guidelines for approval of trips and communicate those guidelines to teaching staff.

Parental Permission

Parents will be notified of a field trip, including the destination and educational activities prior to the day of the trip. Parents will have the opportunity to inform the district that they do not wish for their student to attend the trip. In-town or impromptu trips may be taken without notice or email to parents.

Supervision

Sponsoring teachers must ensure that students are adequately supervised and chaperoned by a responsible adult at all times during field trips. Whether paid staff or volunteers, chaperones are prohibited from drinking alcoholic beverages of any kind at any time during any field trip. All chaperones must be at least 21 years of age. Any chaperone who drives students must possess a valid driver's license. Chaperones who drive students in private vehicles must possess adequate insurance coverage. Chaperones do not have any property right in or to a chaperone assignment. The school district may deny or terminate a chaperone assignment for any reason that is not unconstitutional or unlawful. The superintendent's decision shall be final.

Student Conduct

Students must comply with the student code of conduct, any applicable extracurricular conduct codes, and all directives by trip chaperones.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6028
THE EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES PROGRAM

A. General Purpose

1. The extracurricular program includes noncurricular activities which are sponsored by the school district. These activities include sports, Oral Interpretation, plays, FFA, Future Business Leaders of America, music performance groups and other activities which are sponsored by the school.
2. Extracurricular activities are an important part of the total school experience but are secondary to the academic program and must be kept in that perspective.
3. Extracurricular activities **do not** include:
 - a. co-curricular activities such as band and choir, in which students must participate as part of the requirements for enrollment in and receiving a grade for a particular course.
 - b. student-initiated, non-curriculum related student groups which are permitted to hold meetings and events on school premises. These groups are not school-sponsored and are not governed by this policy or other policies and rules governing extracurricular groups.

B. Governance

1. All extracurricular activities shall be under the exclusive governance and control of the school district. This control includes, but is not limited to, the formation, naming, structure, operation, financing, and discontinuance of all extracurricular activities. Extracurricular activities shall not have any separate or individual existence, status, rights, or authority.
2. Students and sponsors will be governed by all board's policies and administrative rules including the policy on field trips when traveling for extracurricular activities.

C. Student Eligibility

1. Students are encouraged to participate in extracurricular activities.
2. Extracurricular activities may establish academic or course enrollment qualifications for participation if such qualifications are necessarily related to the purposes of the activity.
3. Standards for scholastic eligibility for students wishing to participate in extracurricular activities shall be set by the administration and shall be consistent with at least the minimum standards provided by the SDSHAA.
4. All students in grades 7-12 who participate in athletics must have a physical examination by a qualified health care provider at the student's expense.

5. Students who wish to participate in extracurricular activities must abide by the student code of conduct, the extracurricular code of conduct and any additional rules set by the activity sponsor.
6. Students are not eligible to participate in any extracurricular activity until they and their parents/guardians have signed the student handbook and extracurricular handbook receipt and acknowledgement.

D. Sponsors

1. Each extracurricular activity must have a sponsor who is a member of the district's certified staff or a selected community member who is qualified by virtue of education, training, experience, or special interest to serve as the sponsor.
2. The superintendent or his/her designee will assign activity sponsors. Payment to sponsors will be negotiated with the sponsor based on the terms of any applicable collective bargaining agreement, the sponsor's training and experience and any other lawful criteria. Sponsors serve in their capacity as a sponsor at the will of the superintendent, who is specifically empowered to remove an activity sponsor in the superintendent's sole discretion.
3. Sponsors shall be required to: develop materials, activities, and a budget; promote membership and participation; communicate with the principal or designee, staff, students, and parents; schedule meeting dates and locations; plan meaningful experiences; supervise students during activities; evaluate and make recommendations; and submit a year-end report to the principal or designee.

E. Fundraising Activities

All fundraising activities shall require authorization by a member of the school district administration and shall be subject to all other school policies.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6028.1

ALTERNATIVE INSTRUCTION STUDENTS AND ACTIVITY PARTICIPATION

Students receiving alternative instruction who reside in the district may participate in district activities in accordance with South Dakota law. Students who wish to participate in a district activity must follow the same rules and procedures as enrolled students, including all training and academic eligibility rules prescribed by the South Dakota High School Activities Association.

Fine Arts

Enrollment in the district's parallel fine arts program is required to participate in a fine arts extracurricular program (e.g., enrollment in band is required to participate in All-State Band). A student who is enrolled in the district's parallel fine arts program who then successfully auditions for a correlating extracurricular activity will only be permitted to participate in the extracurricular activity if they remain enrolled in the district's parallel program.

National Organizations

Eligibility requirements for national organizations such as the FFA will be governed by the organizations' respective constitution and by-laws.

Documentation

Prior to participation, a student's parent/guardian must provide the following information to the district:

- A. Notification of alternative instruction as required by state law;
- B. Proof of the student's age;
- C. A copy of a transcript of the student's previous semester's completed coursework, which must indicate the completion of a minimum of two units of credit in accordance with SDHSAA rules. Such eligibility will be verified in accordance with the procedures under board policy 6009;
- D. A completed SDHSAA Eligibility Checklist for Alternative Instruction Students;
- E. A completed SDHSAA athletic physical examination form;
- F. Certification from a licensed physician that the child has received or is in the process of receiving adequate immunization against: poliomyelitis, diphtheria, pertussis, rubeola, rubella, mumps, tetanus, meningitis, and varicella.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: November 13, 2023
Reviewed on: _____

SOUTH DAKOTA HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATION
ELIGIBILITY CHECKLIST FOR ALTERNATIVE INSTRUCTION STUDENTS
(Completed on an Annual Basis)

Member School _____ Date Completed _____

Student Name _____ Grade _____

The alternative instruction student must comply with all the items on this checklist in order to participate in SDHSAA sanctioned events. Please check (X) each requirement that has been fulfilled. The aforementioned student:

- _____ meets age/grade requirements (grade 7 or higher, but has not reached his/her 20th birthday)
- _____ has not attended more than 4 first semesters and 4 second semesters or 12 trimesters of school in grades 9-12. These semesters/trimesters must be consecutive
- _____ seventh and eighth grade students may compete on high school teams provided they meet the requirements of SDCL 13-27-3.
- _____ has not graduated from a regular four-year high school or institution of equivalent rank
- _____ has submitted the Alternative Instruction Notification Form by the 16th school day of the current semester/trimester. (If not enrolled in the school academically, must submit Alternative Instruction Notification Form prior to first competition)
- _____ resides with either a parent or a legal guardian (or court placement documents)

Additional Athletic Eligibility Rules

- _____ has current forms for parent permit and SDHSAA athletic physical examination
- _____ has never participated in an athletic contest under an assumed name
- _____ has never participated in athletics in any institution of higher rank than a standard secondary school
- _____ has never violated his/her amateur standing
- _____ is not participating as an individual or as a member of another team during the same sport season while a member of a high school team (i.e., playing on a Y-basketball team during the high school basketball season)

Additional Fine Arts Eligibility Rules

- _____ is currently enrolled and attending the local school's parallel musical organization prior to auditioning and/or participating in Region Music Contests, All-State Chorus, All-State Orchestra, All-State Band, All-State Jazz Band, and All-State Show Choir. If a student tries out for and makes an All-State event, or registers for the Region Music Contest, after which the student quits the high school music organization, the student is not eligible to perform in the All-State event or Region Music Contest for he/she is no longer actively involved in the local school's music group. This also applies to Visual Arts if the school does not have an extra-curricular Visual Arts program outside of school hours.

ALTERNATIVE INSTRUCTION COMPLIANCE

Student:

- _____ has provided school officials with a copy of their completed Notification of Alternative Instruction Form and a transcript of the previous semester coursework.
- _____ has met all member school eligibility requirements as per SDHSAA Bylaws, Chapter I, Part IV, Section 1, Subsections A-C relating to age, enrollment, and eight semester/twelve trimester rule.
- _____ has not been declared academically ineligible in any accredited school during the past year.
- _____ has not transferred eligibility through SDHSAA athletic open enrollment from another member school. If so, list the member school previously competing with and date of transfer.
Previous school: _____
Date of transfer: _____

A transfer of eligibility is allowed one time during the four years of eligibility. **In order for SDHSAA athletic open enrollment students to be eligible immediately for participation in interscholastic athletics of the SDHSAA, the student must both:**

- **(1) be enrolled on the first day of the school year at the school they are open enrolling to, and,**
- **(2) have not competed in any SDHSAA sanctioned athletic contest at the school they are open enrolling from during that school year's athletic season.**

Member schools must have the necessary athletic open enrollment papers filed with the SDHSAA office prior to allowing athletic open enrollment students the opportunity to play. Until such athletic open enrollment paperwork is filed, the student is ineligible.

For students who do not meet these criteria:

a. SDHSAA athletic open enrollment students enrolled in a SDHSAA member school which operates a five (5) day week shall become eligible on the forty-sixth (46th) scheduled day of school provided all other SDHSAA regulations are met. Member schools must have the necessary athletic open enrollment papers filed with the SDHSAA office prior to allowing athletic open enrollment students the opportunity to play. Until such athletic open enrollment paperwork is filed, the student is ineligible.

b. SDHSAA athletic open enrollment students enrolled in an SDHSAA member school which operates a four (4) day week shall become eligible on the thirty-seventh (37th) scheduled day of school provided all other SDHSAA regulations are met. **Revised 2005** Member schools must have the necessary athletic open enrollment papers filed with the SDHSAA office prior to allowing athletic open enrollment students. This is applicable to the initial transfer only. Any subsequent transfer results in ineligibility for one year from the date of transfer.

We verify that we are in compliance with Chapter 1, Part IV, Section 1, Subsections A-C of the SDHSAA Constitution and Bylaws relating to age, enrollment, eight semester rule and the scholastic/academic eligibility rules and SDCL 13-27-3 rules and regulations. Furthermore, we acknowledge and accept that fulfillment of the same responsibilities and standards of behavior and performance, including related class or practice requirements, as other students, participating in the interscholastic activity is a condition of participation.

(Signature of parent/guardian)

(Signature of student)

I verify that to the best of my knowledge _____ has complied in all respects with the conditions of SDCL 13-27-3 and Chapter 1, Part IV, Section 1, Subsections A-C of the SDHSAA Constitution and Bylaws relating to age, enrollment, eight semester rule and the scholastic/academic eligibility rules and that he/she will be added to the SDHSAA annual eligibility report.

(High School Principal)

(Athletic/Activities Director)

6029 ACTIVITY TRIPS

Students must travel to and from all activities in the transportation provided by the school. A student may travel home from an activity with his/her parent or guardian if the activity sponsor has personally released the student to the parents' custody. Students who misbehave while on an activity trip may be subject to disciplinary consequences set forth in the board's student discipline policy. In addition to any other disciplinary consequences imposed, students who misbehave while on school-sponsored trips may be prohibited from attending future trips.

Students must comply with the board's policies on field trips as well as the student code of conduct, the extracurricular code, and all directives of a sponsor or chaperone while on activity trips.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6030
PUBLIC APPEARANCES OF SCHOOL GROUPS

The reputation of the school district is enhanced when student groups appear at public non-school functions. Therefore, the board encourages student groups to appear at public events, subject to the following requirements:

- A. Activity sponsors must secure the permission of their building principal before booking a student group at a public event.
- B. Sponsors are discouraged from booking student groups to perform on more than one school night (Sunday-Thursday) per week.
- C. Student groups may not perform at a political rally without permission from the superintendent and prior notice to parents.
- D. The policies and rules that apply to field trips also apply to student group appearances in public.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: _____
Reviewed on: _____

6031 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

As used in this policy, artificial intelligence tools (“AI Tools”) mean machine-based resources that use computer science, algorithms, large language models, and/or machine learning to perform tasks, answer questions, collect information, and respond to human-directed tasks, queries, and objectives. AI Tools include, but are not necessarily limited to, commercially available resources like ChatGPT, Google Bard, and other chatbots.

The board recognizes that among other resources, when properly used, AI Tools may provide valuable source information to students and teachers in relation to the district’s academic curriculum and assignments. Student use of AI Tools should focus on using such tools as a resource and for background material, rather than using the AI Tools to complete the assignment. Therefore, AI Tools may only be used by students in accordance with the following requirements:

- A. Unless an individual teacher affirmatively communicates to students that AI Tools may be used for specific assignments, then AI Tools may not be used. Individual teachers will decide for each individual assignment the extent to which students may use AI Tools for such assignment. Teachers are encouraged to make such a decision in advance of students being given the individual assignment in question.
- B. Teachers will communicate to all students responsible for completing an assignment the extent to which such students may use AI Tools in connection with such assignment. Teachers will endeavor to include in such communications examples of permissible and impermissible uses of AI Tools.
- C. If a student uses any AI Tools in connection with a school assignment, the student must comply with the following:
 - 1. The student must explicitly disclose to the teacher in writing that the student used an AI Tool and the specific AI Tool used.
 - 2. In any student work (whether hard copy, electronic, digital, or otherwise), the student shall give proper attribution to the AI Tool(s) used to the same extent that students are expected to give proper attribution to other sources of information such as books, texts, encyclopedias, secondary sources, and other traditional media. Such attribution may include, but is not limited to necessarily limited to, accurate quotations, citations, footnotes, endnotes, and/or bibliography entries.
 - 3. In no instance may the output from one or more AI Tools be copied and placed within a student’s work as if the student wrote such section himself or herself. For example, and not limitation, students

may not outsource the organization or the writing of any written work to any AI Tool.

- D. A student's failure to meet the requirements stated in this policy will constitute a violation of the district's prohibitions against cheating plagiarism and/or academic dishonesty, including but not necessarily limited to such prohibitions stated in the Student Handbook, which violation will subject the student to discipline up to and including expulsion.
- E. The student requirements stated above are the minimum requirements for any student assignment. An individual teacher may impose more stringent requirements for any specific academic assignment or coursework.

Adopted on: December 11, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6033 RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION OF STUDENTS

Restraint and seclusion, as defined below, are behavioral interventions. The use of such behavioral interventions must be in accordance with this policy. The following interventions do not constitute seclusion and restraint and are not governed by this policy: voice control, limited to loud, firm commands; time-limited ignoring of specific behaviors; brief physical prompts to interrupt or prevent a specific behavior; physical interventions which a student's health care provider has indicated are medically necessary for the treatment or protection of the individual; or other similar interventions.

Definitions

- A. *Physical restraint* refers to a personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move his or her torso, arms, legs, or head freely. The term physical restraint does not include a physical escort. Physical escort means a temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder or back for the purpose of inducing a student who is acting out to walk to a safe location. Physical restraint does not include incidental touching that comes along with movement inside a classroom, lunch line, or other areas of the school building where maintaining order is required.
- B. *Mechanical restraint* refers to the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include devices implemented by trained school personnel, or utilized by a student that have been prescribed by an appropriate medical or related services professional and are used for the specific and approved purposes for which such devices were designed, such as:
 - 1. Adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to achieve proper body position, balance, or alignment to allow greater freedom of mobility than would be possible without the use of such devices or mechanical supports;
 - 2. Vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle;
 - 3. Restraints for medical immobilization; or
 - 4. Orthopedically prescribed devices that permit a student to participate in activities without risk of harm.
- C. *Chemical restraint* refers to the administration of medication for the purpose of restraint but does not include the administration of medication in accordance with the directions and prescription of a physician with the consent of the student's parent or guardian.

- D. *Seclusion* refers to the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving. It does not include a timeout, which is a behavior management technique that is part of an approved program, involves the monitored separation of the student in a non-locked setting, and is implemented for the purpose of calming.

Use of Restraint and Seclusion

The use of chemical restraint is strictly prohibited. The use of any seclusion or restraint intervention for punitive or disciplinary purposes is strictly prohibited. Similarly, the use of any technique that constitutes corporal punishment, which is the infliction of bodily pain as a penalty for disapproved behavior, is strictly prohibited. Seclusion and/or restraint shall not be used for the convenience of staff or as a substitute for an educational program. When restraint or seclusion is used to respond to the danger of harm posed by a student's behavior, the intervention shall be discontinued as soon as the danger of harm has dissipated.

The use of physical restraint, mechanical restraint, and seclusion is permitted in a manner consistent with this policy:

- A. as reasonably necessary where the student's behavior risks causing physical harm to self, others, and property;
- B. in accordance with the student's IEP, Section 504, or behavior intervention plan; *or*
- C. as otherwise prescribed, recommended, or suggested by a medical or related services provider.

Seclusion will not be used absent a clear and present danger.

Prone restraint, defined as physical pressure applied to any part of the student's body to keep the student in a face down position on the floor or other surface, will not be used except when the use is necessary and reasonable in manner and moderate in degree.

Procedures

No technique shall restrict a student's breathing, deprive a student of basic needs, or unnecessarily expose a student to physical pain or discomfort.

Seclusion shall not be used for students who are severely self-injurious or suicidal. When seclusion is utilized as permitted by this policy, the following procedures shall be followed:

- A. The student shall be monitored by an adult in close proximity who is able to regularly observe the student;
- B. The confining space shall be approved for such use, unless the use of such a space is impossible or impracticable under the circumstances;
- C. The confining space shall be appropriately lighted, ventilated, and heated or cooled; *and*

D. The confining space shall be free from objects that unreasonably expose the student or others to harm.

If a pattern of behavior emerges that requires or is anticipated to require the use of restraint and/or seclusion for the student, the appropriate educators and/or team members shall review what assessments, evaluations, supports, services, programs, or placements are appropriate in light of the student's needs and circumstances.

Recording and Reporting

Each incident of restraint or seclusion must be recorded and reported to a student's parent/guardian as required by the building administrators.

Training

All staff members shall be provided with notice of this policy and will be trained in its contents. The superintendent or his or her designee will identify school staff members likely to implement the restraint or seclusion interventions authorized by this policy and arrange for those individuals to receive appropriate training on the appropriate implementation of such interventions and the use of other behavioral supports and interventions.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023

Revised on: _____

Reviewed on: _____

6037
SELECTION AND REVIEW OF LIBRARY MATERIALS

The board approves curriculum and curriculum-related materials for the district with input from administrators and staff. Those processes are covered in other board policies. Staff members seeking to procure materials for use during instruction must follow board policy, practices, and directives. Those items are not covered by this policy.

The district procures library books and other media available to students that are not part of a specific class or curriculum. For purposes of this policy, those will be called library materials. This policy addresses the selection and review of library materials, regardless of their source. This policy applies regardless of whether library materials are purchased using district funds, donated, or shared at no cost to the district.

Despite the care taken to select materials for student and teacher use, it is recognized that occasional objections may be raised.

In the event a complaint is made, the following procedures will apply:

- A. Cooperation will be given to any parent wishing to restrict his or her own child from using materials that are objectionable to the parent. The librarian, with the parent, will try to work out a solution that will keep that family's child or children from checking out the materials in question, while still allowing free access for other children.
- B. If the matter is not resolved after an informal review with the librarian, the complainant will be given a *Request for Reconsideration of Library Materials* form (see attached form). The form will be forwarded to the building principal. Challenged materials shall remain a part of the library collection during the reconsideration process.
- C. The building principal shall appoint a review committee composed of the following people to review the complaint:
 1. One administrator
 2. Librarian
 3. Classroom teacher
 4. Curriculum Director
 5. While not serving as a committee member, a student familiar with the material may be asked to provide input to the committee.
- D. Within 60 days, the review committee shall, at a minimum, read or examine the challenged material in its entirety, discuss the material, and make a decision.
- E. The decision of the reviewing committee shall be forwarded in writing to the principal and superintendent. The building principal will present the committee's findings to the complainant.
- F. If the complainant is not satisfied by the decision of the reviewing committee and desires to carry the request further, the form may then be submitted to the school board.

- G. The school board will meet with the review committee and examine all documentation prior to reaching a decision. The decision of the school board is final.

Additional Rules for Library Media Review

Unless otherwise required by law, no library material will be reviewed again within 4 years after a requested review is completed. Any parent or patron requesting review of multiple library materials may only request a maximum of 5 materials to be reviewed at one time, and a new request cannot be submitted until the prior review is completed and notice of the determination is provided to the requesting party.

Adopted on: July 10, 2023
Revised on: November 13, 2023
Amended on: December 11, 2023

Request for Reconsideration of Library Materials

Date: _____

Request Initiated by: _____

Complainant represents: _____

Self: _____ Organization: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

Title: _____

Author: _____

Publisher: _____

Copyright Date: _____

Type of instructional material (book, video, magazine) _____

1. What brought this title to your attention?

2. Have you read or viewed the title in its entirety?

3. To what do you object? Please be specific, cite exact parts:

4. What do you feel might be the result of using this item?

5. Are you aware of the school's rationale in having this item?

6. What would you like the school to do about this item?

_____ Do not assign or recommend to my child

_____ Withdraw item from school

Additional comments:

Signature of Complainant

Date

Review Committee Response to Challenged Material

Title: _____

Author: _____

Publisher: _____

Copyright Date: _____

Type of instructional material (book, video, magazine) _____

_____ Material shall be retained without restrictions.

_____ Material shall be retained with restrictions.

_____ Material shall not be retained.

Justification for the committee decision:

Signature of Committee Chairperson

Date